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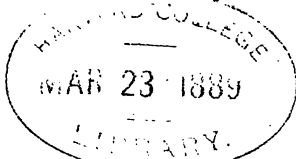
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PREFACE.

Publishers

FOR some long time past it has been widely felt that a reduction in the cost of *Classical Works* used in schools generally, and more especially in those intended for boys of the middle classes, is at once desirable and not difficult of accomplishment. For the most part only portions of authors are read in the earlier stages of education, and a pupil is taken from one work to another in each successive half-year or term; so that a book needlessly large and proportionably expensive is laid aside after a short and but partial use.

In order, therefore, to meet what is certainly a want, Portions of the *Classical Writers* usually read in Schools are now being issued under the title of GRAMMAR SCHOOL TEXTS; while, at the request of various Masters, it has been determined to add to the series some portions of the *Greek Testament*.

Each TEXT is provided with a VOCABULARY of the words occurring in it. In every instance—with the exception of Eutropius and Æsop—the origin of a word, when known, is stated at the commencement of the article treating of it, if connected with

another Latin, or Greek word ; at the end of it, if derived from any other source. Further still, the primary or etymological meaning is always given, within inverted commas, in Roman type, and so much also of each word's history as is needful to bring down its chain of meanings to the especial force, or forces, attaching to it in the particular "Text." In the Vocabularies, however, to Eutropius and Æsop—which are essentially books for beginners—the origin is given of those words alone which are formed from other Latin or Greek words respectively.

Moreover, as an acquaintance with the principles of GRAMMAR, as well as with ETYMOLOGY, is necessary to the understanding of a language, such points of construction as seem to require elucidation are concisely explained under the proper articles, or a reference is simply made to that rule in the *Public Schools Latin Primer*, or in *Parry's Elementary Greek Grammar*, which meets the particular difficulty. It occasionally happens, however, that more information is needed than can be gathered from the above-named works. When such is the case, whatever is requisite is supplied, in substance, from *Jelf's Greek Grammar*, *Winer's Grammar of New Testament Greek*, or the *Latin Grammars of Zumpt and Madvig*.

ΞΕΝΟΦΩΝΤΟΣ

ΚΥΡΟΥ ἈΝΑΒΑΣΕΩΣ Β΄

BOOK II.

CHAPTER I.

The Greeks are informed by Procles and Glus of the death of Cyrus and the flight of Ariæus.—Clearchus sends them to Ariæus with an offer of the Persian throne.—The King summons the Greeks to surrender their arms.—Their refusal.—The King hereupon offers them a truce if they remain where they are, but threatens to attack them if they depart.

1. Ὡς μὲν οὖν ἠθροίσθη Κύρῳ τὸ Ἑλληνικὸν, ὁπότε ἐπὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν Ἀρταξέρξην ἐστρατεύετο, καὶ ὅσα ἐν τῇ ἀνόδῳ ἐπράχθη, καὶ ὡς ἡ μάχη ἐγένετο, καὶ ὡς Κύρος ἐτελεύτησε, καὶ ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ στρατόπεδον ἐλθόντες οἱ Ἕλληνες ἐκοιμήθησαν, οἰόμενοι τὰ πάντα νικᾶν, καὶ Κύρον ζῆν, ἐν τῷ ἔμπροσθεν λόγῳ δεδήλωται. 2. Ἀμα δὲ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ συνελθόντες οἱ στρατηγοὶ ἐθαύμαζον, ὅτι Κύρος οὔτε ἄλλον

πέμποι σηματοῦντα, ὃ τι χρὴ ποιεῖν, οὗτ' αὐτὸς φαίνοιτο. Ἔδοξεν οὖν αὐτοῖς συσκευασαμένοις ἂν εἶχον, καὶ ἐξοπλισαμένοις, προῖεναι εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν, ἕως Κύρῳ συμμίξειαν. 3. Ἦδη δὲ ἐν ὁρμῇ ὄντων, ἅμ' ἡλίῳ ἀνίσχοντι ἦλθε Προκλῆς, ὁ Τευθρανίας ἄρχων, γεγονὼς ἀπὸ Δαμαράτου τοῦ Λάκωνος, καὶ Γλοῦς ὁ Ταμώ. Οὗτοι ἔλεγον, ὅτι Κῦρος μὲν τέθνηκεν, Ἀριαῖος δὲ πεφευγὼς ἐν τῷ σταθμῷ εἶη μετὰ τῶν ἄλλων βαρβάρων, ὅθεν τῇ προτεραίᾳ ὠρμῶντο· καὶ λέγοι, ὅτι ταύτην μὲν τὴν ἡμέραν περιμένειεν ἂν αὐτοὺς, εἰ μέλλοιεν ἥκειν· τῇ δὲ ἄλλῃ ἀπιέναι φαίη ἐπὶ Ἰωνίας, ὅθεν περ ἦλθε. 4. Ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες οἱ στρατηγοὶ καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι Ἕλληνες βαρέως ἔφερον. Κλέαρχος δὲ τὰδε εἶπεν· “Ἄλλ' ὥφελε μὲν Κῦρος ζῆν· ἐπεὶ δὲ τετελεύτηκεν, ἀπαγγέλλετε Ἀριαίῳ, ὅτι ἡμεῖς γε νικῶμεν βασιλέα, καὶ, ὡς ὁρᾶτε, οὐδεὶς ἡμῖν ἔτι μάχεται· καὶ εἰ μὴ ὑμεῖς ἦλθετε, ἐπορευόμεθα ἂν ἐπὶ βασιλέα. Ἐπαγγελλόμεθα δὲ Ἀριαίῳ, ἂν ἐνθάδε ἔλθῃ, εἰς τὸν θρόνον τὸν βασιλείον αὐτὸν καθιεῖν· τῶν γὰρ τὴν μάχην νικῶντων καὶ τὸ ἄρχειν ἐστί.” 5. Ταῦτ' εἰπὼν ἀποστέλλει τοὺς ἀγγέλους, καὶ σὺν αὐτοῖς Χειρίσοφον τὸν Λάκωνα, καὶ

Μένωνα τὸν Θετταλόν· καὶ γὰρ αὐτὸς Μένων ἐβούλετο· ἦν γὰρ φίλος καὶ ξένος Ἀριαίου. 6. Οἱ μὲν ᾤχοντο, Κλέαρχος δὲ περιέμεινε. Τὸ δὲ στράτευμα ἐπορίζετο σῖτον, ὅπως ἐδύνατο, ἐκ τῶν ὑποζυγίων, κόπτοντες τοὺς βοῦς καὶ ὄνους· ξύλοις δ' ἐχρῶντο, μικρὸν προϊόντες ἀπὸ τῆς φάλαγγος, οὗ ἡ μάχη ἐγένετο, τοῖς τε οἰστοῖς, πολλοῖς οὖσιν, (οὗς ἠνάγκαζον οἱ Ἕλληνες ἐκβάλλειν τοὺς αὐτομολοῦντας παρὰ βασιλέως,) καὶ τοῖς γέρροισι, καὶ ταῖς ξυλίναις ἀσπίσι ταῖς Αἰγυπτίαις· πολλὰ δὲ καὶ πέλται, καὶ ἄμαξαι ἦσαν ἔρημοι· οἷς πᾶσι χρώμενοι, κρέα ἔψοντες ἤσθιον ἐκείνην τὴν ἡμέραν.

7. Καὶ ἤδη τε ἦν περὶ πλήθουςαν ἀγορὰν, καὶ ἔρχονται παρὰ βασιλέως καὶ Τισσαφέρνους κήρυκες, οἱ μὲν ἄλλοι βάρβαροι· ἦν δὲ αὐτῶν Φαλύνος εἰς Ἕλληνα, ὃς ἐτύγγαυε παρὰ Τισσαφέρνει ὦν, καὶ ἐντίμως ἔχων· καὶ γὰρ προσποιεῖτο ἐπιστήμων εἶναι τῶν περὶ τὰς τάξεις τε καὶ ὀπλομαχίαν. 8. Οὗτοι δὲ προσελθόντες τε, καὶ καλέσαντες τοὺς τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἄρχοντας, λέγουσιν ὅτι βασιλεὺς κελεύει τοὺς Ἕλληνας, ἐπεὶ νικῶν τυγχάνει, καὶ Κῦρον ἀπέκτονε, παραδόντας τὰ ὅπλα, ἰόντας ἐπὶ τὰς βασιλέως θύρας, εὐρίσκεσθαι ἦν τι δυνωνται

ἀγαθόν. 9. Ταῦτα μὲν εἶπον οἱ βασιλέως κήρυκες· οἱ δὲ Ἕλληνες βαρέως μὲν ἤκουσαν, ὅμως δὲ Κλέαρχος τοσοῦτον εἶπεν, ὅτι οὐ τῶν νικῶντων εἴη τὰ ὄπλα παραδιδόναι. “Ἄλλ’,” ἔφη, “ὕμεῖς μὲν, ὦ ἄνδρες στρατηγοί, τούτοις ἀποκρίνασθε, ὃ τι κάλλιστόν τε καὶ ἄριστον ἔχετε· ἐγὼ δὲ αὐτίκα ἤξω.” Ἐκάλεσε γάρ τις αὐτὸν τῶν ὑπηρετῶν, ὅπως ἴδοι τὰ ἱερὰ ἐξηρημένα· ἔτυχε γὰρ θυόμενος. 10. Ἐνθα δὲ ἀπεκρίνατο Κλεάνωρ μὲν ὁ Ἀρκὰς, πρεσβύτατος ὢν, ὅτι πρόσθεν ἂν ἀποθάνοιεν, ἢ τὰ ὄπλα παραδοίεν. Πρόξενος δὲ ὁ Θηβαῖος, “Ἄλλ’ ἐγὼ,” ἔφη, “ὦ Φαλύνε, θαυμάζω, πόττερα ὥς κρατῶν βασιλεὺς αἰτεῖ τὰ ὄπλα, ἢ ὥς διὰ φιλίαν δῶρα. Εἰ μὲν γὰρ ὥς κρατῶν, τί δεῖ αὐτὸν αἰτεῖν, καὶ οὐ λαβεῖν ἐλθόντα; εἰ δὲ πείσας βούλεται λαβεῖν, λεγέτω, τί ἔσται τοῖς στρατιώταις, ἐὰν αὐτῷ ταῦτα χαρίσωνται.” 11. Πρὸς ταῦτα Φαλύνος εἶπε, “Βασιλεὺς νικᾷν ἡγεῖται, ἐπεὶ Κῦρον ἀπέκτονε. Τίς γὰρ αὐτῷ ἔστιν, ὅστις ἀρχῆς ἀντιποιεῖται; Νομίζει δὲ καὶ ὑμᾶς ἑαυτοῦ εἶναι, ἔχων ἐν μέσῃ τῇ ἑαυτοῦ χώρᾳ, καὶ ποταμῶν ἐντὸς ἀδιαβάτων· καὶ πλῆθος ἀνθρώπων ἐφ’ ὑμᾶς δυνάμενος ἀγαγ-

εἶν, ὅσον, οὐδ' εἰ παρέχοι ὑμῖν, δύναισθ' ἂν ἀποκτεῖναι.”

12. Μετὰ τοῦτον Θεόπομπος Ἀθηναῖος εἶπε· “ὦ Φαλύνε, νῦν, ὥς σὺ ὁρᾷς, ἡμῖν οὐδὲν ἄλλο ἐστὶν ἀγαθὸν εἰ μὴ ὅπλα καὶ ἀρετή. Καὶ ὅπλα μὲν οὖν ἔχοντες, οἴομεθα ἂν καὶ τῇ ἀρετῇ χρῆσθαι· παραδόντες δ' ἂν ταῦτα, καὶ τῶν σωμάτων στερηθῇναι. Μὴ οὖν οἶου, τὰ μύνα ἡμῖν ἀγαθὰ ὄντα ὑμῖν παραδώσειν· ἀλλὰ σὺν τούτοις καὶ περὶ τῶν ὑμετέρων ἀγαθῶν μαχοῦμεθα.” 13. Ἀκούσας δὲ ταῦτα ὁ Φαλύνος ἐγέλασε, καὶ εἶπεν· “Ἀλλὰ φιλοσόφῳ μὲν ἔοικας, ὦ νεανίσκε, καὶ λέγεις οὐκ ἀχάριστα· ἴσθι μέντοι ἀνόητος ὢν, εἰ οἶει ἂν τὴν ὑμέτεραν ἀρετὴν περιγενέσθαι τῆς βασιλέως δυνάμεως.” 14. Ἄλλους δὲ τινὰς ἔφασαν λέγειν ὑπομαλακισμένους, ὥς καὶ Κύρῳ πιστοὶ ἐγένοντο, καὶ βασιλεῖ γ' ἂν πολλοῦ ἄξιοι γένοιοντο, εἰ βούλοιτο φίλος γενέσθαι· καὶ εἴτε ἄλλο τι θέλοι χρῆσθαι, εἴτ' ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον στρατεύειν, συγκαταστρέψαιντ' ἂν αὐτῷ. 15. Ἐν τούτῳ καὶ Κλέαρχος ἦκε, καὶ ἠρώτησεν, εἰ ἤδη ἀποκεκριμένοι εἶεν. Φαλύνος δ' ὑπολαβὼν εἶπεν· “Οὗτοι μὲν, ὦ Κλέαρχε, ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει· σὺ

δ' ἡμῖν εἶπὲ, τί λέγεις." 16. Ὁ δ' εἶπεν· "Ἐγὼ σε, ὦ Φαλύνε, ἄσμενος ἐώρακα, οἶμαι δὲ καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι πάντες οὔτοι· σύ τε γὰρ Ἕλληνα εἶ, καὶ ἡμεῖς, τοσοῦτοι ὄντες, ὅσους σὺ ὁρᾷς· ἐν τοιούτοις δὲ ὄντες πράγμασι συμβουλευόμεθά σοι, τί χρὴ ποιεῖν, περὶ ὧν λέγεις. 17. Σὺ οὖν, πρὸς Θεῶν, συμβούλευσον ἡμῖν, ὃ τι σοι δοκεῖ κάλλιστον καὶ ἄριστον εἶναι, καὶ ὃ σοι τιμὴν οἴσει εἰς τὸν ἔπειτα χρόνον ἀναλεγόμενον, ὅτι Φαλύνος ποτὲ πεμφθεὶς παρὰ βασιλέως, κελεύσων τοὺς Ἕλληνας τὰ ὄπλα παραδοῦναι, συμβουλευομένοις συνεβούλευσεν αὐτοῖς τάδε. Οἶσθα δὲ, ὅτι ἀνάγκη λέγεσθαι ἐν τῇ Ἑλλάδι, ὃ ἂν συμβουλευέσῃς." 18. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ταῦτα ὑπήγετο, βουλόμενος καὶ αὐτὸν τὸν παρὰ βασιλέως πρεσβεύοντα συμβουλευέσαι, μὴ παραδοῦναι τὰ ὄπλα, ὅπως εὐέλπιδες μᾶλλον οἱ Ἕλληνες εἴεν. Φαλύνος δ' ὑποστρέψας, παρὰ τὴν δόξαν αὐτοῦ εἶπεν ὧδε.

19. "Ἐγὼ, εἰ μὲν τῶν μυρίων ἐλπιδῶν μία τις ὑμῖν ἐστι σῶθῃναι πολεμοῦντας βασιλεῖ, συμβουλεύω μὴ παραδιδόναι τὰ ὄπλα· εἰ δέ τοι μηδεμία σωτηρίας ἐστὶν ἐλπίς ἄκοντος βασιλέως, συμβουλεύω σώζεσθαι ὑμῖν ὅπη δυνατόν." 20. Κλέαρχος δὲ πρὸς ταῦτα εἶπεν·

“ Ἀλλὰ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ σὺ λέγεις· παρ’ ἡμῶν δὲ ἀπάγγελλε ταῦτα, ὅτι ἡμεῖς οἰόμεθα, εἰ μὲν δέοι βασιλεῖ φίλους εἶναι, πλείονος ἂν ἄξιοι εἶναι φίλοι, ἔχοντες τὰ ὄπλα, ἢ παραδόντες ἄλλῳ· εἰ δὲ δέοι πολεμεῖν, ἄμεινον ἂν πολεμεῖν, ἔχοντες τὰ ὄπλα, ἢ ἄλλῳ παραδόντες.”

21. Ὁ δὲ Φαλύνος εἶπε· “ Ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ἀπαγγελοῦμεν· ἀλλὰ καὶ τάδε ὑμῖν ἐκέλευσεν εἰπεῖν βασιλεὺς, ὅτι μένουσι μὲν ὑμῖν αὐτοῦ σπονδαὶ εἴησαν, προῖοῦσι δὲ καὶ ἀπιούσι πόλεμος. Εἴπατε οὖν καὶ περὶ τούτου, πότερα μενεῖτε καὶ σπονδαὶ εἰσιν, ἢ ὡς πολέμου ὄντος παρ’ ὑμῶν ἀπαγγελῶ.” 22. Κλέαρχος δ’ ἔλεξεν· “ Ἀπάγγελλε τοίνυν καὶ περὶ τούτων, ὅτι καὶ ἡμῖν ταῦτα δοκεῖ, ἅπερ καὶ βασιλεῖ.” “ Τί οὖν ταῦτ’ ἐστίν;” ἔφη ὁ Φαλύνος. Ἀπεκρίνατο Κλέαρχος· “ Ἦν μὲν μένωμεν, σπονδαί· ἀπιούσι δὲ καὶ προῖοῦσι, πόλεμος.” 23. Ὁ δὲ πάλιν ἠρώτησε· “ Σπονδὰς ἢ πόλεμον ἀπαγγελῶ;” Κλέαρχος δὲ ταῦτα πάλιν ἀπεκρίνατο· “ Σπονδαὶ μὲν μένουσιν, ἀπιούσι δὲ ἢ προῖοῦσι πόλεμος.” Ὁ τι δὲ ποιήσοι, οὐ διεσήμηνε.

CHAPTER II.

Arizæus refuses the offer of the Persian throne.—Clearchus, invested with command by tacit consent, orders a retreat.—Miltocythes deserts with 300 Thracians.—Treaty between Arizæus and the Greeks.—The two armies march and encamp together.—A body of the enemy's cavalry appears in sight.—It is ascertained that the King is encamped in the neighbourhood.—The Greeks and their allies arrive at some villages which the King had plundered.—In the course of the night a panic seizes the Greeks, which is quieted by a device of Clearchus.

1. ΦΑΛΤΥΝΟΣ μὲν δὴ ὄχλητο, καὶ οἱ σὺν αὐτῷ. Οἱ δὲ παρὰ Ἀριαίου ἦγον, Προκλῆς καὶ Χειρίσοφος· (Μένων δὲ αὐτοῦ ἔμενε παρὰ Ἀριαίῳ) οὔτοι δ' ἔλεγον, ὅτι πολλοὺς φαίη Ἀριαίος εἶναι Πέρσας, ἑαυτοῦ βελτίους, οὓς οὐκ ἂν ἀνασχέσθαι αὐτοῦ βασιλεύοντος· “ἀλλ' εἰ βούλεσθε συναπιέναι, ἥκειν ἤδη κελεύει τῆς νυκτός· εἰ δὲ μὴ, αὐτὸς πρῶτ' ἀπιέναι φησὶν.”

2. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος εἶπεν· “Ἄλλ' οὕτω χρὴ ποιεῖν, ἂν μὲν ἤκωμεν, ὥσπερ λέγετε· εἰ δὲ μὴ, πράττετε, ὅποιον ἂν τι ὑμῖν οἴεσθε μάλιστα συμφέρειν.” Ὁ τι δὲ ποιήσοι, οὐδὲ τούτοις εἶπε.

3. Μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα, ἤδη ἡλίου δύνοντος, συγκαλέσας τοὺς στρατηγοὺς καὶ λοχαγοὺς, ἔλεξε τοιάδε· “Ἐμοί, ὦ ἄνδρες, θυομένῳ ἵέναι ἐπὶ βασιλέα, οὐκ ἐγίγνετο τὰ ἱερά. Καὶ εἰκό-

τως ἄρα οὐκ ἐγγίγνετο. Ὡς γὰρ ἐγὼ νῦν πυνθάνομαι, ἐν μέσῳ ἡμῶν καὶ βασιλέως ὁ Τύργης ποταμός ἐστι ναυσίπορος, ὃν οὐκ ἂν δυνάμεθα ἄνευ πλοίων διαβῆναι· πλοῖα δ' ἡμεῖς οὐκ ἔχομεν. Οὐ μὲν δὴ αὐτοῦ γε μένειν οἶόν τε· τὰ γὰρ ἐπιτήδεια οὐκ ἔστιν ἔχειν· ἵεναι δὲ παρὰ τοὺς Κύρου φίλους, πάνυ καλὰ ἡμῖν τὰ ἱερὰ ἦν. 4. Ὡς οὖν χρή ποιεῖν· ἀπιόντας δειπνεῖν, ὃ τι τις ἔχει· ἐπειδὰν δὲ σημήνη τῷ κέρατι, ὥς ἀναπαύεσθαι, συσκευάζεσθε· ἐπειδὰν δὲ τὸ δεύτερον, ἀνατίθεσθε ἐπὶ τὰ ὑποζύγια· ἐπὶ δὲ τῷ τρίτῳ, ἔπεσθε τῷ ἡγουμένῳ, τὰ μὲν ὑποζύγια ἔχοντες πρὸς τοῦ ποταμοῦ, τὰ δὲ ὄπλα ἔξω." 5. Ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες οἱ στρατηγοὶ καὶ οἱ λοχαγοὶ ἀπῆλθον, καὶ ἐποιοῦν οὕτω· καὶ τὸ λοιπὸν ὁ μὲν ἦρχεν, οἱ δ' ἐπείθοντο, οὐχ ἐλόμενοι, ἀλλ' ὁρῶντες, ὅτι μόνος ἐφρόνει, οἷα δεῖ τὸν ἄρχοντα, οἱ δὲ ἄλλοι ἄπειροι ἦσαν. 6. Ἀριθμὸς δὲ τῆς ὁδοῦ, ἣν ἦλθον ἐξ Ἐφέσου τῆς Ἰωνίας μέχρι τῆς μάχης, σταθμοὶ τρεῖς καὶ ἑννεήκοντα, παρασάγγαι πέντε καὶ τριάκοντα καὶ πεντακόσιοι, στάδιοι πεντήκοντα καὶ ἑξακισχίλιοι καὶ μύριοι· ἀπὸ δὲ τῆς μάχης ἐλέγοντο εἶναι εἰς Βαβυλῶνα στάδιοι ἐξήκοντα καὶ τριακόσιοι.

7. Ἐντεῦθεν δὴ, ἐπεὶ σκότος ἐγένετο, Μιλοκύθης μὲν ὁ Θράξ, ἔχων τοὺς τε ἵππεας τοὺς μεθ' ἑαυτοῦ εἰς τεσσαράκοντα, καὶ τῶν πεζῶν Θρακῶν ὡς τριακοσίους, ἠντομόλησε πρὸς βασιλέα. 8. Κλέαρχος δὲ τοῖς ἄλλοις ἡγεῖτο κατὰ τὰ παρηγγελμένα, οἱ δ' εἶποντο· καὶ ἀφικνοῦνται εἰς τὸν πρῶτον σταθμὸν παρὰ Ἀριαῖον καὶ τὴν ἐκείνου στρατιάν, ἀμφὶ μέσας νύκτας· καὶ ἐν τάξει θέμενοι τὰ ὄπλα, συνῆλθον οἱ στρατηγοὶ καὶ οἱ λοχαγοὶ τῶν Ἑλλήνων παρὰ Ἀριαῖον· καὶ ὥμοσαν οἳ τε Ἕλληνες καὶ ὁ Ἀριαῖος, καὶ τῶν σὺν αὐτῷ οἱ κράτιστοι, μήτε προδώσειν ἀλλήλους, σύμμαχοί τε ἔσεσθαι· οἱ δὲ βάρβαροι προσώμοσαν καὶ ἡγήσεσθαι ἀδόλως. 9. Ταῦτα δ' ὥμοσαν, σφάξαντες κάπρον, καὶ ταῦρον, καὶ λύκον, καὶ κριὸν, εἰς ἀσπίδα βάπτοντες οἱ μὲν Ἕλληνες ξίφος, οἱ δὲ βάρβαροι λόγχην. 10. Ἐπεὶ δὲ τὰ πιστὰ ἐγένετο, εἶπεν ὁ Κλέαρχος· “Ἄγε δὴ, ὦ Ἀριαῖε, ἐπεὶ περ ὁ αὐτὸς ἡμῖν στόλος ἐστὶ καὶ ὑμῖν, εἰπέ, τίνα γνώμην ἔχεις περὶ τῆς πορείας· πότερον ἄπιμεν, ἢν περ ἤλθομεν, ἢ ἄλλην τινα ἐννενοηκέναι δοκεῖς ὁδὸν κρείττω;” 11. Ὁ δ' εἶπεν· “Ἦν μὲν ἤλθομεν, ἀπιόντες πάντες ἂν ὑπὸ λιμοῦ ἀπολοίμεθα· ὑπάρχει

γὰρ νῦν ἡμῖν οὐδὲν τῶν ἐπιτηδείων. Ἑπτακαίδεκα γὰρ σταθμῶν τῶν ἐγγυτάτω οὐδὲ δεῦρο ἰόντες ἐκ τῆς χώρας οὐδὲν εἶχομεν λαμβάνειν· ἔνθα δ' εἴ τι ἦν, ἡμεῖς διαπορευόμενοι καταδαπανήσαμεν. Νῦν δ' ἐπινοοῦμεν πορεύεσθαι μακροτέραν μὲν, τῶν δ' ἐπιτηδείων οὐκ ἀπορήσομεν. 12. Πορευτέον δ' ἡμῖν τοὺς πρώτους σταθμοὺς ὡς ἂν δυνώμεθα μακροτάτους, ἵνα ὡς πλείστον ἀποσπασθῶμεν τοῦ βασιλικοῦ στρατεύματος· ἦν γὰρ ἄπαξ δυοῖν ἢ τριῶν ἡμερῶν ὁδὸν ἀπόσχωμεν, οὐκέτι μὴ δυνήσεται βασιλεὺς ἡμᾶς καταλαβεῖν. Ὀλίγω μὲν γὰρ στρατεύματι οὐ τολμήσει ἐφέπεσθαι· πολλὺν δ' ἔχων στόλον, οὐ δυνήσεται ταχὺ πορεύεσθαι· ἴσως δὲ καὶ τῶν ἐπιτηδείων σπανιεῖ. Ταύτην," εἶφη, "γνώμην ἔχω ἔγωγε."

13. Ἦν δ' αὕτη ἡ στρατηγία οὐδὲν ἄλλο δυναμένη, ἢ ἀποδράναι ἢ ἀποφυγεῖν· ἡ δὲ τύχη ἐστρατήγησε κάλλιον. Ἐπεὶ γὰρ ἡμέρα ἐγένετο, ἐπορεύοντο, ἐν δεξιᾷ ἔχοντες τὸν ἥλιον, λογιζόμενοι ἥξειν ἅμα ἡλίῳ δύνοντι εἰς κώμας τῆς Βαβυλωνίας χώρας· καὶ τοῦτο μὲν οὐκ ἐψεύσθησαν. 14. Ἔτι δὲ ἀμφὶ δεῖλιν ἐδοξαν πολεμίους ὁρᾶν ἱππέας· καὶ τῶν τε Ἑλλήνων οἱ μὴ ἔτυχον ἐν ταῖς τάξεσιν ὄντες, εἰς τὰς

τάξεις ἔθεον, καὶ Ἀριαῖος (ἐτύγχανε γὰρ ἐφ' ἀμάξης πορευόμενος, διότι ἐτέτρωτο) καταβὰς ἐθωρακίζετο, καὶ οἱ σὺν αὐτῷ. 15. Ἐν ᾧ δὲ ὠπλίζοντο, ἤκουον λέγοντες οἱ προπεμφθέντες σκοποὶ, ὅτι οὐχ ἵππεῖς εἰσιν, ἀλλὰ ὑποζύγια νέμοιτο. Καὶ εὐθύς ἔγνωσαν πάντες, ὅτι ἐγγὺς που ἐστρατοπεδεύετο βασιλεύς· καὶ γὰρ καὶ καπνὸς ἐφαίνετο ἐν κώμαις οὐ πρόσω. 16. Κλέαρχος δὲ ἐπὶ μὲν τοὺς πολεμίους οὐκ ἦγεν· (ἤδῃ γὰρ καὶ ἀπειρηκότας τοὺς στρατιώτας, καὶ ἀσίτους ὄντας· ἤδη δὲ καὶ ὀψὲ ἦν·) οὐ μέντοι οὐδ' ἀπέκλινε, φυλαττόμενος, μὴ δοκοίη φεύγειν· ἀλλ' εὐθύωρον ἄγων, ἅμα τῷ ἡλίῳ δυομένῳ εἰς τὰς ἐγγιτάτω κώμας τοὺς πρῶτους ἔχων κατεσκήνωσεν, ἐξ ὧν διήρπαστο ὑπὸ τοῦ βασιλικοῦ στρατεύματος καὶ αὐτὰ τὰ ἀπὸ τῶν οἰκιῶν ξύλα. 17. Οἱ μὲν οὖν πρῶτοι ὁμῶς τρόπῳ τινὶ ἐστρατοπεδεύοντο, οἱ δ' ὕστεροι σκοταῖοι προσιόντες, ὥς ἐτύγχανον ἕκαστοι, ἠυλίζοντο, καὶ κραυγὴν πολλὴν ἐποιοῦν καλοῦντες ἀλλήλους, ὥστε καὶ τοὺς πολεμίους ἀκούειν· ὥστε οἱ μὲν ἐγγύτατα τῶν πολεμίων καὶ ἔφυγον ἐκ τῶν σκηνωμάτων. 18. Δῆλον δὲ τοῦτο τῇ ὕστεραίᾳ ἐγένετο· οὔτε γὰρ ὑποζύγιον ἔτι οὐδὲν ἐφάνη, εἴτε στρατό-

πεδον, οὔτε καπνὸς οὐδαμοῦ πλησίον. Ἐξέπλάγη δὲ, ὡς ἔοικε, καὶ βασιλεὺς τῇ ἐφόδῳ τοῦ στρατεύματος· ἐδήλωσε δὲ τοῦτο οἷς τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ ἔπραττε. 19. Προϊούσης μέντοι τῆς νυκτὸς ταύτης, καὶ τοῖς Ἑλλησι φόβος ἐμπίπτει, καὶ θόρυβος καὶ δούπος ἦν, οἷον εἰκὸς φόβου ἐμπεσόντος γίνεσθαι. 20. Κλέαρχος δὲ Τολμίδην Ἡλεῖον, ὃν ἐτύγχανεν ἔχων παρ' ἑαυτῷ κήρυκα ἄριστον τῶν τότε, τοῦτον ἀνείπειν ἐκέλευσε, συγὴν κατακηρύξαντα, ὅτι προαγορεύουσιν οἱ ἄρχοντες, ὃς ἂν τὸν ἀφέντα τὸν ὄνον εἰς τὰ ὄπλα μηνύσῃ, ὅτι λήψεται μισθὸν τάλαντον ἀργυρίου. 21. Ἐπεὶ δὲ ταῦτα ἐκηρύχθη, ἔγνωσαν οἱ στρατιῶται, ὅτι κενὸς ὁ φόβος εἶη, καὶ οἱ ἄρχοντες σῶοι. Ἄμα δὲ ὀρθρῶ παρήγγειλε Κλέαρχος εἰς τάξιν τὰ ὄπλα τίθεσθαι τοὺς Ἕλληνας, ἥπερ εἶχον, ὅτε ἦν ἡ μάχη.

CHAPTER III.

The King attempts to negotiate a truce.—The Greeks, demanding supplies before they treat with him, are conducted to certain villages.—After three days Tissaphernes comes to inquire why they had taken arms against the King.—Clearchus replies in the name of the Greeks.—Tissaphernes departs with his answer ; and, returning after three days, enters into a treaty, by which the Persians bind themselves to conduct the Greeks through their territory with all good faith ; while the Greeks engage to purchase their supplies ; or, if a market be not provided, to take what is necessary without violence.

1. 'Ο ΔΕ δὴ ἔγραψα, ὅτι βασιλεὺς ἐξεπλάγη τῇ ἐφόδῳ τῇδε, δῆλον ἦν· τῇ μὲν γὰρ πρόσθεν ἡμέρᾳ πέμπων τὰ ὄπλα παραδιδόναι ἐκέλευε, τότε δὲ ἅμα ἡλίκῳ ἀνατέλλοντι κήρυκας ἔπεμψε περὶ σπονδῶν. 2. Οἱ δ' ἐπεὶ ἦλθον πρὸς τοὺς προφύλακας, ἐζήτουν τοὺς ἄρχοντας. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἀπήγγειλαν οἱ προφύλακες, Κλέαρχος, τυχῶν τότε τὰς τάξεις ἐπισκοπῶν, εἶπε τοῖς προφύλαξι κελεύειν τοὺς κήρυκας περιμένειν, ἄχρι ἂν σχολάσῃ. 3. Ἐπεὶ δὲ κατέστησε τὸ στράτευμα, ὥστε καλῶς ἔχειν ὀρᾶσθαι πάντη φάλαγγα πυκνήν, τῶν δὲ ἀόπλων μηδένα καταφανῆ εἶναι, ἐκάλεσε τοὺς ἀγγέλους, καὶ αὐτὸς τε προῆλθε, τοὺς τε εὐοπλοτάτους ἔχων καὶ εὐειδεστάτους τῶν αὐτοῦ στρατιωτῶν, καὶ τοῖς

ἄλλοις στρατηγοῖς ταῦτα ἔφρασεν. 4. Ἐπεὶ δὲ ἦν πρὸς τοῖς ἀγγέλοις, ἀνηρώτα, τί βούλονται. Οἱ δ' ἔλεγον, ὅτι περὶ σπονδῶν ἤκοιεν ἄνδρες, οἵτινες ἱκανοὶ ἔσονται τά τε παρὰ βασιλέως τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ἀπαγγεῖλαι, καὶ τὰ παρὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων βασιλεῖ. 5. Ὁ δὲ ἀπεκρίνατο· “Ἀπαγγέλλετε τοίνυν αὐτῷ, ὅτι μάχης δεῖ πρῶτον, ἄριστον γὰρ οὐκ ἔστιν, οὐδὲ ὁ τολμήσων περὶ σπονδῶν λέγειν τοῖς Ἑλλησι, μὴ πορίσας ἄριστον.” 6. Ταῦτα ἀκούσαντες οἱ ἄγγελοι ἀπήλαινον, καὶ ἦκον ταχύ· (ὥ καὶ δῆλον ἦν, ὅτι ἐγγύς που ἦν βασιλεὺς ἢ ἄλλος τις, ὃ ἐπετέτακτο ταῦτα πράττειν·) ἔλεγον δὲ, ὅτι εἰκότα δοκοῖεν λέγειν βασιλεῖ, καὶ ἤκοιεν ἡγεμόνας ἔχοντες, οἳ αὐτοὺς, ἐὰν αἱ σπονδαὶ γένωνται, ἄξουσιν, ἔνθεν ἔξουσι τὰ ἐπιτήδεια. 7. Ὁ δ' ἠρώτα, εἰ αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἀνδράσι σπένδοιτο ἰοῦσι καὶ ἀπιοῦσιν, ἢ καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις ἔσονται σπονδαί. Οἱ δὲ, πᾶσιν, ἔφασαν, μέχρις ἂν βασιλεῖ τὰ παρ' ὑμῶν διαγγελθῇ. 8. Ἐπεὶ δὲ ταῦτα εἶπον, μετασθησάμενος αὐτοὺς ὁ Κλέαρχος ἐβουλεύετο· καὶ ἐδόκει τὰς σπονδὰς ποιεῖσθαι, καὶ ταχὺ καὶ καθ' ἡσυχίαν ἐλθεῖν τε ἐπὶ τὰ ἐπιτήδεια καὶ λαβεῖν. 9. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος εἶπε· “Δοκεῖ μὲν καὶ ἐμοὶ ταῦτα· οὐ

μέντοι ταχύ γε ἀπαγγελῶ, ἀλλὰ διατρίψω, ἔστ' ἂν ὀκνήσωσιν οἱ ἄγγελοι, μὴ ἀποδόξῃ ἡμῖν τὰς σπονδὰς ποιήσασθαι· οἶμαί γε μέντοι," ἔφη, "καὶ τοῖς ἡμετέροις στρατιώταις τὸν αὐτὸν φόβον παρέσεσθαι." Ἐπεὶ δὲ ἐδόκει καιρὸς εἶναι, ἀπήγγελλεν, ὅτι σπένδοιτο, καὶ εὐθὺς ἡγεῖσθαι ἐκέλευε πρὸς τὰ ἐπιτήδεια.

10. Καὶ οἱ μὲν ἡγοῦντο, Κλέαρχος μέντοι ἐπορεύετο, τὰς μὲν σπονδὰς ποιησόμενος, τὸ δὲ στράτευμα ἔχων ἐν τάξει· καὶ αὐτὸς δὲ ὠπισθοφυλάκει. Καὶ ἐνετύγχανον τάφροις καὶ αὐλῶσι πλήρεσιν ὕδατος, ὥς μὴ δύνασθαι διαβαίνειν ἄνευ γεφυρῶν· ἀλλ' ἐποιοῦντο διαβάσεις ἐκ τῶν φοινίκων, οἳ ἦσαν ἐκπεπτωκότες, τοὺς δὲ καὶ ἐξέκοπτον. 11. Καὶ ἐνταῦθα ἦν Κλέαρχον καταμαθεῖν ὥς ἐπεστάτει, ἐν μὲν τῇ ἀριστερᾷ χειρὶ τὸ δορὺ ἔχων, ἐν δὲ τῇ δεξιᾷ βακτηρίαν· καὶ εἴ τις αὐτῷ δοκοίῃ τῶν πρὸς τοῦτο τεταγμένων βλακεύειν, ἐκλεγόμενος τὸν ἐπιτήδειον ἔπαισεν αὐν, καὶ ἅμα αὐτὸς προσελάμβανεν, εἰς τὸν πηλὸν ἐμβαίνων· ὥστε πᾶσιν αἰσχύνῃν εἶναι, μὴ οὐ συσπουδάξειν. 12. Καὶ ἐτάχθησαν μὲν πρὸς αὐτοῦ οἱ τριάκοντα ἔτη γεγονότες· ἐπεὶ δὲ καὶ Κλέαρχον ἰώρων σπουδάζοντα, προσελάμβανον καὶ οἱ

πρεσβύτεροι. 13. Πολὺ δὲ μάλλον ὁ Κλέαρχος ἔσπευδεν, ὑποπτεύων μὴ αἰεὶ οὕτω πλήρεις εἶναι τὰς τάφρους ὕδατος· (οὐ γὰρ ἦν ὥρα οἷα τὸ πεδίον ἄρδεν·) ἀλλ', ἵνα ἤδη πολλὰ προφαίνοιτο τοῖς Ἑλλησι δεινὰ εἰς τὴν πορείαν, τούτου ἕνεκα βασιλέα ὑπώπτευσεν ἐπὶ τὸ πεδίον τὸ ὕδωρ ἀφεικέναι.

14. Πορευόμενοι δὲ ἀφίκοντο εἰς κώμας, ὅθεν ἀπέδειξαν οἱ ἡγεμόνες λαμβάνειν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια. Ἐνὴν δὲ σίτος πολὺς, καὶ οἶνος φοινίκων, καὶ ὄξος ἐψητὸν ἀπὸ τῶν αὐτῶν.

15. Αὗται δὲ αἱ βάλανοι τῶν φοινίκων, οἷας μὲν ἐν τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ἔστιν ἰδεῖν, τοῖς οἰκέταις ἀπέκειντο· αἱ δὲ τοῖς δεσπótαις ἀποκείμεναι ἦσαν ἀπόλεκτοι, θαυμάσιοι τὸ κάλλος καὶ τὸ μέγεθος· ἡ δὲ ὄψις ἡλέκτρον οὐδὲν διέφερε· τὰς δὲ τινες ξηραίνοντες τραγήματα ἀπετίθεσαν. Καὶ ἦν καὶ παρὰ πότον ἡδὺ μὲν, κεφαλαλγὲς δέ. 16. Ἐνταῦθα καὶ τὸν ἐγκέφαλον τοῦ φοίνικος πρῶτον ἔφαγον οἱ στρατιῶται, καὶ οἱ πολλοὶ ἐθαύμαζον τό τε εἶδος, καὶ τὴν ιδιότητα τῆς ἡδονῆς. Ἦν δὲ σφόδρα καὶ τοῦτο κεφαλαλγές. Ὁ δὲ φοῖνιξ, ὅθεν ἐξαιρεθείη ὁ ἐγκέφαλος, ὅλος ἐξηυαίνετο.

17. Ἐνταῦθα [δὲ] ἔμειναν ἡμέρας τρεῖς·

καὶ παρὰ μεγάλου βασιλέως ἦκε Τισσαφέρνης, καὶ ὁ τῆς βασιλέως γυναικὸς ἀδελφὸς, καὶ ἄλλοι Πέρσαι τρεῖς· δοῦλοι δὲ πολλοὶ εἶποντο. Ἐπεὶ δὲ ἀπήντησαν αὐτοῖς οἱ τῶν Ἑλλήνων στρατηγοὶ, ἔλεγε πρῶτον Τισσαφέρνης δι' ἑρμηνέως τοιάδε·

18. “Ἐγὼ, ὦ ἄνδρες Ἕλληνες, γείτων οἰκῶ τῇ Ἑλλάδι· καὶ ἐπεὶ ὑμᾶς εἶδον εἰς πολλὰ [κακὰ] καμύχανα πεπτωκότας, εὖρημα ἐποιησάμην, εἴ πως δυναίμην παρὰ βασιλέως αἰτήσασθαι, δοῦναί μοι ἀποσῶσαι ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν Ἑλλάδα. Οἶμαι γάρ, οὐκ ἂν ἀχαρίστως μοι ἔχειν, οὔτε πρὸς ὑμῶν οὔτε πρὸς τῆς Ἑλλάδος ἀπάσης.

19. Ταῦτα δὲ γνούς, ἡτούμην βασιλέα, λέγων αὐτῷ, ὅτι δικαίως ἂν μοι χαρίζοιτο, ὅτι αὐτῷ Κῦρόν τε ἐπιστρατεύοντα πρῶτος ἡγγεῖλα, καὶ βοήθειαν ἔχων ἅμα τῇ ἀγγελίᾳ ἀφικόμεν· καὶ μόνος τῶν κατὰ τοὺς Ἕλληνας τεταγμένων οὐκ ἔφυγον, ἀλλὰ διήλασα, καὶ συνέμιξα βασιλεῖ ἐν τῷ ὑμετέρῳ στρατοπέδῳ, ἔνθα βασιλεὺς ἀφίκετο, ἐπεὶ Κῦρον ἀπέκτεινε. Καὶ τοὺς σὺν Κύρῳ βαρβάρους ἐδίωξα σὺν τοῖσδε τοῖς παροῦσι νῦν μετ' ἐμοῦ, ὅππερ αὐτῷ εἰσι πιστότατοι. 20. Καὶ περὶ μὲν τούτων ὑπέσγετό μοι βουλεύσασθαι· ἔρῃσθαι δέ με ὑμᾶς

ἐκέλευσεν ἔλθόντα, τίνος ἕνεκα ἐστρατεύσατε ἐπ' αὐτόν. Καὶ συμβουλεύω ὑμῖν, μετρίως ἀποκρίνασθαι, ἵνα μοι εὐπρακτότερον ᾦ, εἰάν τι δύνωμαι ἀγαθὸν ὑμῖν παρ' αὐτοῦ διαπράξασθαι.”

21. Πρὸς ταῦτα μεταστάντες οἱ Ἕλληνες ἐβουλεύοντο, καὶ ἀπεκρίναντο· (Κλέαρχος δ' ἔλεγεν·) “Ἡμεῖς οὔτε συνήλθομεν, ὥς βασιλεῖ πολεμήσουντες, οὔτ' ἐπορευόμεθα ἐπὶ βασιλέα· ἀλλὰ πολλὰς προφάσεις Κῦρος εὕρισκεν, (ὥς καὶ σὺ εὖ οἶσθα,) ἵνα ὑμᾶς τε ἀπαρασκευάστους λάβοι, καὶ ἡμᾶς ἐνθάδε ἀναγάγοι. 22. Ἐπεὶ μέντοι ἤδη ἐωρῶμεν αὐτὸν ἐν δεινῷ ὄντα, ἡσχύνθημεν καὶ θεοὺς καὶ ἀνθρώπους προδοῦναι αὐτόν, ἐν τῷ πρόσθεν χρόνῳ παρέχοντες ἡμᾶς αὐτοὺς εὖ ποιεῖν. 23. Ἐπεὶ δὲ Κῦρος τέθνηκεν, οὔτε ἀντιποιούμεθα βασιλεῖ τῆς ἀρχῆς, οὔτ' ἔστιν, ὅτου ἕνεκ' ἂν βουλοίμεθα τὴν βασιλέως χώραν κακῶς ποιεῖν· οὐδ' αὐτὸν ἀποκτεῖναι ἂν ἐθέλοιμεν, πορευοίμεθα δ' ἂν οἴκαδε, εἴ τις ἡμᾶς μὴ λυποίῃ· ἀδικοῦντα μέντοι πειρασόμεθα σὺν τοῖς θεοῖς ἀμύνασθαι· εἰ μὲντοι τις ἡμᾶς καὶ εὖ ποιῶν ὑπάρχη, καὶ τούτου, εἰς γε δύναμιν, οὐχ ἡττησόμεθα εὖ ποιοῦντες.” Ὁ μὲν οὕτως εἶπεν.

24. Ἀκουσας δὲ ὁ Τισσαφέρνης ἔφη· “Ταῦτα ἐγὼ ἀπαγγελῶ βασιλεῖ, καὶ ὑμῖν πάλιν τὰ παρ’ ἐκείνου· μέχρι δ’ ἂν ἐγὼ ἦκω, αἱ σπονδαὶ μενόντων· ἀγορὰν δὲ ἡμεῖς παρέξομεν.” 25. Καὶ εἰς μὲν τὴν ὑστεραίαν οὐχ ἦκεν· ὥσθ’ οἱ “Ἕλληνες ἐφρόντιζον· τῇ δὲ τρίτῃ ἦκων ἔλεγεν, ὅτι διαπεπραγμένος ἦκοι παρὰ βασιλέως, δοθῆναι αὐτῷ σώζειν τοὺς Ἕλληνας· καίπερ πάνυ πολλῶν ἀντιλεγόντων, ὥς οὐκ ἄξιον εἶη βασιλεῖ ἀφείναι τοὺς ἐφ’ ἑαυτὸν στρατευσαμένους. 26. Τέλος δ’ εἶπε· “Καὶ νῦν ἔξεστιν ὑμῖν πιστὰ λαβεῖν παρ’ ἡμῶν, ἡ μὴν φιλίας ὑμῖν παρέξειν τὴν χώραν, καὶ ἀδόλως ἀπάξειν εἰς τὴν Ἑλλάδα, ἀγορὰν παρέχοντας. “Ὅπου δ’ ἂν μὴ παρέχωμεν ἀγορὰν, λαμβάνειν ὑμᾶς ἐκ τῆς χώρας ἐάσομεν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια. 27. Ὑμᾶς δ’ αὖ ἡμῖν δεήσει ὁμόσαι, ἡ μὴν πορεύσεσθαι ὥς διὰ φιλίας ἀσινῶς, σῖτα καὶ ποτὰ λαμβάνοντας, ὁπόταν μὴ παρέχωμε· ἀγοράν· ἐὰν δὲ παρέχωμεν ἀγορὰν, ὠνούμενους ἔξειν τὰ ἐπιτήδεια.” 28. Ταῦτα ἔδοξε· καὶ ὤμοσαν, καὶ δεξιὰς ἔδωσαν Τισσαφέρνης, καὶ ὁ τῆς βασιλέως γυναικὸς ἀδελφὸς, τοῖς τῶν Ἑλλήνων στρατηγοῖς καὶ λοχαγοῖς, καὶ ἔλαβον παρὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων. 29. Μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα Τισσα-

φέρνης εἶπε· “Νῦν μὲν δὴ ἄπειμι ὡς βασιλέα·
ἐπειδὰν δὲ διαπράξωμαι, ἃ δέομαι, ἥξω συ-
σκευασάμενος, ὡς ἀπάξων ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν Ἑλλ-
άδα, καὶ αὐτὸς ἀπὼν ἐπὶ τὴν ἐμαντοῦ ἀρχήν.”

CHAPTER IV.

Attempt on the King's part to withdraw Ariæus from the Greeks.—Ariæus falls under their suspicion.—A majority is anxious for immediate departure.—This step, however, is opposed by Clearchus.—Tissaphernes arrives accompanied by Orontes.—Ariæus separates himself from the Greeks, and encamps with Tissaphernes.—Mutual mistrust and animosity of the Greeks and Asiatics.—An unsuccessful attempt to terrify the Greeks.—An illegitimate brother of the King falls in with them, and is greatly alarmed.—Tissaphernes allows some villages belonging to Parysatis to be plundered.

1. ΜΕΤΑ' ταῦτα περιέμενον Τισσαφέρην
οἳ τε Ἕλληνες καὶ Ἀριαῖος, ἐγγὺς ἀλλήλων
ἐστρατοπεδευμένοι, ἡμέρας πλείους, ἢ εἴκοσιν.
Ἐν δὲ ταύταις ἀφικνοῦνται πρὸς Ἀριαῖον καὶ
οἱ ἀδελφοὶ καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι ἀναγκαῖοι, καὶ πρὸς
τοὺς σὺν ἐκείνῳ Περσῶν τινες, παραθαρρύνοντές
τε, καὶ δεξιὰς ἔνιοι παρὰ βασιλέως φέροντες,
μὴ μνησικακήσειν βασιλέα αὐτοῖς τῆς σὺν
Κύρῳ ἐπιστρατείας, μηδὲ ἄλλου μηδενὸς τῶν
παροιχομένων. 2. Τούτων δὲ γιγνομένων, ἔν-
δηλοι ἦσαν οἱ περὶ τὸν Ἀριαῖον ἦγτον τοῖς

Ἕλλησι προσέχοντες τὸν νοῦν· ὥστε καὶ τοῦτο τοῖς μὲν πολλοῖς τῶν Ἑλλήνων οὐκ ἤρεσκεν, ἀλλὰ προσιόντες τῷ Κλεάρχῳ ἔλεγον καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις στρατηγοῖς· 3. “Τί μένομεν; ἢ οὐκ ἐπιστάμεθα, ὅτι βασιλεὺς ἡμᾶς ἀπολέσαι περὶ παντὸς ἂν ποιήσαιοτο, ἵνα καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις Ἕλλησι φόβος ᾗ ἐπὶ βασιλέα στρατεύειν; Καὶ νῦν μὲν ἡμᾶς ὑπάγεται μένειν, διὰ τὸ διεσπάρθαι αὐτῷ τὸ στράτευμα· ἐπειδὴν δὲ πάλιν ἀλίσθῃ αὐτῷ ἡ στρατιὰ, οὐκ ἔστιν ὅπως οὐκ ἐπιθήσεται ἡμῖν. 4. Ἴσως δέ που ἡ ἀποσκάπτει τι ἢ ἀποτεριχίζει, ὥς ἄπορος ᾗ ἡ ὁδός. Οὐ γάρ ποτε ἐκὼν γε βουλήσεται, ἡμᾶς ἐλθόντας εἰς τὴν Ἑλλάδα ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ὥς ἡμεῖς, τοσοῖδε ὄντες, ἐνικῶμεν τὴν βασιλέως δύναμιν ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις αὐτοῦ, καὶ καταγελάσαντες ἀπήλθομεν.”

5. Κλέαρχος δὲ ἀπεκρίνατο τοῖς ταῦτα λέγουσιν· “Ἐγὼ ἐνθυμούμαι μὲν καὶ ταῦτα πάντα· ἐννοῶ δὲ, ὅτι, εἰ νῦν ἄπιμεν, δόξομεν ἐπὶ πολέμῳ ἀπιέναι, καὶ παρὰ τὰς σπονδὰς ποιεῖν. Ἐπειτα, πρῶτον μὲν ἀγορὰν οὐδεὶς ἡμῖν παρέξει, οὐδ’ ὁπόθεν ἐπισιτινόμεθα· αὐθις δὲ ὁ ἡγησόμενος οὐδεὶς ἔσται· καὶ ἅμα ταῦτα ποιούντων ἡμῶν εὐθὺς Ἀριαῖος ἀφεστήξει·

ὥστε φίλος ἡμῖν οὐδεὶς λελεῖψεται, ἀλλὰ, καὶ οἱ πρόσθεν ὄντες, πολέμιοι ἡμῖν ἔσονται.

6. Ποταμὸς δὲ εἰ μὲν τις καὶ ἄλλος ἄρα ἡμῖν ἔστι διαβατέος, οὐκ οἶδα· τὸν δ' οὖν Εὐφράτην ἴσμεν ὅτι ἀδύνατον διαβῆναι, κωλυόντων πολεμίων. Οὐ μὲν δὴ, ἂν μάχεσθαι δέη, ἱππεῖς εἰσὶν ἡμῖν σύμμαχοι· τῶν δὲ πολεμίων ἱππεῖς εἰσιν οἱ πλεῖστοι καὶ πλείστου ἄξιοι· ὥστε νικῶντες μὲν, τίνα ἂν ἀποκτείναιμεν; ἡττωμένων δὲ μὴν οὐδένα οἶόν τε σωθῆναι. 7. Ἐγὼ μὲν οὖν βασιλέα, ᾧ πολλὰ οὕτως ἔστι τὰ σύμμαχα, εἴπερ προθυμεῖται ἡμᾶς ἀπολέσαι, οὐκ οἶδα, ὃ τι δεῖ αὐτὸν ὁμόσαι, καὶ δεξιὰν δοῦναι, καὶ θεοὺς ἐπιορκῆσαι, καὶ τὰ ἑαυτοῦ πιστὰ ἄπιστα ποιῆσαι "Ελλησι καὶ βαρβάροις." Τοιαῦτα ἔλεγε πολλά.

8. Ἐν δὲ τούτῳ Τισσαφέρνης ἤκεν, ἔχων τὴν ἑαυτοῦ δύναμιν, ὥς εἰς οἶκον ἀπιὼν, καὶ Ὀρόντας τὴν ἑαυτοῦ δύναμιν· ἦγε δὲ καὶ τὴν θυγατέρα τοῦ βασιλέως ἐπὶ γάμφῳ. 9. Ἐντεῦθεν δὲ ἤδη Τισσαφέρνους ἡγουμένου, καὶ ἀγορὰν παρέχοντος, ἐπορεύοντο· ἐπορεύετο δὲ καὶ Ἀριαῖος, ἔχων τὸ Κύρου βαρβαρικὸν στράτευμα, ἅμα Τισσαφέρνει καὶ Ὀρόντῃ, καὶ συνεστρατοπεδεύετο σὺν ἐκείνοις. 10. Οἱ δὲ

Ἕλληνες, ὑφορῶντες τούτους, αὐτοὶ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν ἐχώρουν, ἡγεμόνας ἔχοντες. Ἐστρατοπεδεύοντο δὲ ἐκάστοτε ἀπέχοντες ἀλλήλων παρασάγγην, καὶ μείον· ἐφυλάττοντο δὲ οἱ ἀμφοτέροι ὥσπερ πολεμίους ἀλλήλους, καὶ εὐθὺς τοῦτο ὑποψίαν παρεΐχεν. 11. Ἐνότε δὲ καὶ ξυλιζόμενοι ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, καὶ χόρτον καὶ ἄλλα τοιαῦτα συλλέγοντες, πληγὰς ἐνέτεινον ἀλλήλοις· ὥστε καὶ τοῦτο ἔχθραν παρεΐχε.

12. Διελθόντες δὲ τρεῖς σταθμούς, ἀφίκοντο πρὸς τὸ Μηδίας καλούμενον τεῖχος, καὶ παρῆλθον αὐτοῦ εἴσω· ἦν δὲ ὠκοδομημένον πλίνθοις ὀπταῖς, ἐν ἀσφάλτῳ κειμέναις, εὖρος εἴκοσι ποδῶν, ὕψος δὲ ἑκατόν· μῆκος δὲ ἐλέγετο εἶναι εἴκοσι παρασαγγῶν· ἀπεΐχε δὲ Βαβυλῶνος οὐ πολὺ. 13. Ἐντεῦθεν δ' ἐπορεύθησαν σταθμούς δύο, παρασάγγας ὀκτώ· καὶ διέβησαν διώρυχας δύο, τὴν μὲν ἐπὶ γεφυράς, τὴν δ' ἐζευγμένην πλοίοις ἐπτά· (αὗται δὲ ἦσαν ἀπὸ τοῦ Τύγρητος ποταμοῦ· κατετέτμηντο δὲ ἐξ αὐτῶν καὶ τάφροι ἐπὶ τὴν χώραν, αἱ μὲν πρῶται, μεγάλαι, ἔπειτα δ' ἐλάσσους· τέλος δὲ καὶ μικροὶ ὀχετοὶ, ὥσπερ ἐν τῇ Ἑλλάδι ἐπὶ τὰς μελίνας) καὶ ἀφικνοῦνται ἐπὶ τὸν Τύγρητα ποταμόν· πρὸς ᾧ πόλις ἦν

μεγάλη καὶ πολυάνθρωπος, ἣ ὄνομα Σιτάκη, ἀπέχουσα τοῦ ποταμοῦ σταδίους πεντεκαίδεκα.

14. Οἱ μὲν οὖν Ἕλληνες παρ' αὐτὴν ἐσκήνωσαν, ἐγγὺς παραδείσου καλοῦ καὶ μεγάλου καὶ δασέος παντοίων δένδρων· οἱ δὲ βάρβαροι, διαβεβηκότες τὸν Τύγρητα, οὐ μέντοιγε καταφανεῖς ἦσαν.

15. Μετὰ δὲ τὸ δεῖπνον ἔτυχον ἐν περιπάτῳ ὄντες πρὸ τῶν ὄπλων Πρόξενος καὶ Ξενοφῶν, καὶ προσελθὼν ἠρώτησεν ἄνθρωπός τις τοὺς προφύλακας, ποῦ ἂν ἴδοι Πρόξενον ἢ Κλέαρχον. Μένωνια δὲ οὐκ ἐζήτει, καὶ ταῦτα παρὰ Ἀριαίου ὦν, τοῦ Μένωνος ξένου.

16. Ἐπεὶ δὲ Πρόξενος εἶπεν, ὅτι αὐτός εἰμι, ὃν ζητεῖς, εἶπεν ὁ ἄνθρωπος τάδε· “Ἐπεμψέ με Ἀριαῖος καὶ Ἀρτάοξος, πιστοὶ ὄντες Κύρῳ καὶ ὑμῖν εὖνοι, καὶ κελεύουσι φυλάττεσθαι, μὴ ὑμῖν ἐπιθῶνται τῆς νυκτὸς οἱ βάρβαροι· ἔστι δὲ στράτευμα πολὺ ἐν τῷ πλησίον παραδείσω.

17. Καὶ ἐπὶ τὴν γέφυραν τοῦ Τύγρητος ποταμοῦ πέμψαι κελεύουσι φυλακὴν, ὥς διανοεῖται λῦσαι αὐτὴν Τισσαφέρνης τῆς νυκτὸς, ἣν περ δύνηται, ὥς μὴ διαβῇτε, ἀλλ' ἐν μέσῳ ἀποληφθῇτε τοῦ ποταμοῦ καὶ τῆς διώρυχος.”

18. Ἀκούσαντες ταῦτα ἄγουσιν αὐτὸν παρὰ τὸν Κλέαρχον, καὶ φράζουσιν,

ἀ λέγει. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ἀκούσας ἐταράχθη, καὶ ἐφοβεῖτο σφόδρα. 19. Νεανίσκος δὲ τις τῶν παρόντων ἐννοήσας εἶπεν, ὥς οὐκ ἀκόλουθα εἴη τὸ ἐπιθέσθαι καὶ λῦσαι τὴν γέφυραν. “ Δῆλον γὰρ, ὅτι ἐπιτιθεμένους ἢ νικᾶν δεήσει αὐτοὺς, ἢ ἡττᾶσθαι. Ἐὰν μὲν οὖν νικῶσι, τί δεῖ αὐτοὺς λύειν τὴν γέφυραν; οὐδὲ γὰρ, ἂν πολλαὶ γέφυραι ὦσιν, ἔχοιμεν ἂν, ὅποι φυγόντες ἡμεῖς σωθῶμεν. 20. Ἄν δ’ αὖ ἡμεῖς νικῶμεν, λελυμένης τῆς γεφύρας, οὐχ ἔξουσιν ἐκεῖνοι, ὅποι ἂν φύγωσιν· οὐδὲ μὴν βοηθήσαι, πολλῶν ὄντων πέραν, οὐδεὶς αὐτοῖς δυνήσεται, λελυμένης τῆς γεφύρας.”

21. Ἀκούσας δὲ ταῦτα ὁ Κλέαρχος ἤρετο τὸν ἄγγελον, πόση τις εἴη χώρα ἢ ἐν μέσῳ τοῦ Τύγρητος καὶ τῆς διώρυχος. Ὁ δὲ εἶπεν, ὅτι πολλή, καὶ κῶμαι ἔνεισι καὶ πόλεις πολλαὶ καὶ μεγάλαι. 22. Τότε δὴ καὶ ἐγνώσθη, ὅτι οἱ βάρβαροι τὸν ἄνθρωπον ὑποπέμψαιεν, ὁκνοῦντες, μὴ οἱ Ἕλληνες, οὐ διελθόντες τὴν γέφυραν, μένοιεν ἐν τῇ νήσῳ, ἐρύματα ἔχοντες, ἔνθεν μὲν τὸν Τύγρητα ποταμὸν, ἔνθεν δὲ τὴν διώρυχα· τὰ δ’ ἐπιτήδεια ἔχοιεν ἐκ τῆς ἐν μέσῳ χώρας, πολλῆς καὶ ἀγαθῆς οὔσης, καὶ τῶν ἐργασομένων ἐνόντων· εἶτα δὲ καὶ ἀποστροφῇ

γένοιτο, εἴ τις βούλοιτο βασιλέα κακῶς ποιεῖν.
 23. Μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα ἀνεπαύοντο· ἐπὶ μέντοι
 τὴν γέφυραν ὁμῶς φυλακὴν ἔπεμψαν· καὶ
 οὔτε ἐπέθετο οὐδεὶς οὐδαμόθεν, οὔτε πρὸς τὴν
 γέφυραν οὐδεὶς ἦλθε τῶν πολεμίων, ὥς οἱ
 φυλάττοντες ἀπήγγελλον. 24. Ἐπειδὴ δὲ ἕως
 ἐγένετο, διέβαινον τὴν γέφυραν, ἐξευγμένην
 πλοίοις τριάκοντα καὶ ἑπτὰ, ὥς οἷόν τε μάλ-
 ιστα πεφυλαγμένως· ἐξήγγελλον γάρ τινες
 τῶν παρὰ Τισσαφέρνους Ἑλλήνων, ὥς, δια-
 βαινόντων, μέλλοιεν ἐπιτίθεσθαι· ἀλλὰ ταῦτα
 μὲν ψευδὴ ἦν· διαβαινόντων μέντοι, ὁ Γλοῦς
 αὐτοῖς ἔπεφάνη μετ' ἄλλων, σκοπῶν, εἰ δια-
 βαίνοιεν τὸν ποταμόν· ἐπεὶ δὲ εἶδεν, ὥχετο
 ἀπελαύνων.

25. Ἀπὸ δὲ τοῦ Τύγρητος ἐπορεύθησαν
 σταθμοὺς τέτταρας, παρασάγγας εἴκοσιν, ἐπὶ
 τὸν Φύσκον ποταμόν, τὸ εὖρος πλέθρου· ἐπὶ
 δὲ γέφυρα. Καὶ ἐνταῦθα ὤκειτο πόλις μεγάλη,
 ἥ ὄνομα Ὀπις· πρὸς ἣν ἀπήντησε τοῖς Ἑλλ-
 ησιν ὁ Κύρου καὶ Ἀρταξέρξου νόθος ἀδελφός,
 ἀπὸ Σούσων καὶ Ἐκβατάνων στρατιὰν πολλὴν
 ἄγων, ὥς βοηθήσων βασιλεῖ· καὶ ἐπιστήσας
 τὸ ἑαυτοῦ στράτευμα, παρερχομένους ἐθεώρει
 τοὺς Ἑλληνας. 26. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ἠγεῖτο

μὲν εἰς δύο, ἐπορεύετο δὲ ἄλλοτε καὶ ἄλλοτε ἐφιστάμενος·—ὅσον δ' ἂν χρόνον τὸ ἡγούμενον τοῦ στρατεύματος ἐπιστῇ, τοσοῦτον ἦν ἀνάγκη χρόνον δι' ὅλου τοῦ στρατεύματος γίνεσθαι τὴν ἐπίστασιν·—ὥστε τὸ στράτευμα καὶ αὐτοῖς τοῖς Ἕλλησι δόξαι πάμπολυ εἶναι, καὶ τὸν Πέρσην ἐκπεπλήχθαι θεωροῦντα. 27. Ἐντεῦθεν δὲ ἐπορεύθησαν διὰ τῆς Μηδίας σταθμούς ἐρήμους ἕξ, παρασάγγας τριάκοντα, εἰς τὰς Παρυσάτιδος κώμας, τῆς Κύρου καὶ βασιλέως μητρός. Ταύτας Τισσαφέρνης, Κύρῳ ἐπεγγελῶν, διαρπάσαι τοῖς Ἕλλησιν ἐπέτρεψε, πλὴν ἀνδραπόδων. Ἐνῆν δὲ σῖτος πολὺς, καὶ πρόβατα, καὶ ἄλλα χρήματα. 28. Ἐντεῦθεν δ' ἐπορεύθησαν σταθμούς ἐρήμους πέντε, παρασάγγας εἴκοσι, τὸν Τύγρητα ποταμὸν ἐν ἀριστερᾷ ἔχοντες. Ἐν δὲ τῷ πρώτῳ σταθμῷ πέραν τοῦ ποταμοῦ πόλις ᾠκεῖτο μεγάλη καὶ εὐδαίμων, ὄνομα Καιναί, ἕξ ἧς οἱ βάρβαροι διῆγον ἐπὶ σχεδίαις διφθερίναις ἄρτους, τυροὺς, οἶνον.

CHAPTER V.

Clearchus, annoyed at the existence of mutual jealousies and suspicions, endeavours to put a stop to them.—His interview with Tissaphernes.—Tissaphernes, pretending great kind feeling toward the Greeks, deceives Clearchus.—Clearchus returns to the camp, and prevails upon five generals and twenty captains to accompany him to the camp of Tissaphernes.—Two hundred soldiers also go.—The generals are admitted into the tent of Tissaphernes.—The rest remain outside.—At a given signal, the former are made prisoners, and the latter cut down.—Escape of Nicharchus.—Alarm in the Greek camp.—Arizæus summons the Greeks to surrender.—Cleanor's indignant reply.

1. ΜΕΤΑ' ταῦτα ἀφικνούνται ἐπὶ τὸν Ζάβατον ποταμὸν, τὸ εὖρος τεττάρων πλέθρων. Καὶ ἐνταῦθα ἔμειναν ἡμέρας τρεῖς· ἐν δὲ ταύταις ὑποψίαί μὲν ἦσαν, φανερά δ' οὐδεμία ἐφαίνετο ἐπιβουλή. 2. Ἔδοξεν οὖν τῷ Κλεάρχῳ συγγενέσθαι Τισσαφέρνει, καὶ, εἴ πως δύναιτο, παῦσαι τὰς ὑποψίας, πρὶν ἐξ αὐτῶν πόλεμον γενέσθαι· καὶ ἔπεμψέ τινα ἐρῶντα, ὅτι συγγενέσθαι αὐτῷ χρήζοι. Ὁ δὲ ἐτοίμως ἐκέλευσεν ἤκειν. 3. Ἐπειδὴ δὲ συνήλθον, λέγει ὁ Κλέαρχος τάδε· “Ἐγὼ, ὦ Τισσαφέρνη, οἶδα μὲν ἡμῖν ὅρκους γεγενημένους, καὶ δεξιάς δεδομένας, μὴ ἀδικήσῃν ἀλλήλους· φυλαττόμενον δέ σε ὁρῶ ὡς πολεμίους ἡμᾶς· καὶ ἡμεῖς, ὁρῶντες ταῦτα, ἀντιφυλαττόμεθα.

4. Ἐπεὶ δὲ σκοπῶν οὐδὲν δύναμαι οὔτε σὲ αἰσθέσθαι πειρώμενον ἡμᾶς κακῶς ποιεῖν, ἐγὼ τε σαφῶς οἶδα, ὅτι ἡμεῖς γε οὐδ' ἐπινοοῦμεν οὐδὲν τοιοῦτον, ἔδοξέ μοι εἰς λόγους σοι ἔλθειν, ὅπως, εἰ δυναίμεθα, ἐξέλοιμεν ἀλλήλων τὴν ἀπιστίαν. 5. Καὶ γὰρ οἶδα ἤδη ἀνθρώπους, τοὺς μὲν ἐκ διαβολῆς τοὺς δὲ καὶ ἐξ ὑποψίας, οἱ φοβηθέντες ἀλλήλους, φθάσαι βουλόμενοι πρὶν παθεῖν, ἐποίησαν ἀνήκεστα κακὰ τοὺς οὔτε μέλλοντας οὔτε αὖ βουλομένους τοιοῦτον οὐδέν. 6. Τὰς οὖν τοιαύτας ἀγνωμοσύνας νομίζων συνουσίαις μάλιστα ἂν παύεσθαι, ἤκω, καὶ διδάσκειν σε βούλομαι, ὥς σὺ ἡμῖν οὐκ ὀρθῶς ἀπιστεῖς. 7. Πρῶτον μὲν γὰρ καὶ μέγιστον, οἱ θεῶν ὅρκοι ἡμᾶς κωλύουσι πολεμῶντας εἶναι ἀλλήλοις· ὅστις δὲ τούτων σύννοιδεν αὐτῷ παρημεληκῶς, τοῦτον ἐγὼ οὔποτ' ἂν εὐδαιμονίσαιμι. Τὸν γὰρ θεῶν πόλεμον οὐκ οἶδα οὔτ' ἀπὸ ποίου ἂν τάχους οὔτε ὅποι ἂν τις φεύγων ἀποφύγοι, οὔτ' εἰς ποῖον ἂν σκότος ἀποδραίῃ, οὔθ' ὅπως ἂν εἰς ἐχυρὸν χωρίον ἀποσταίῃ. Πάντη γὰρ πάντα τοῖς θεοῖς ὑποχα, καὶ πανταχῇ πάντων ἴσον οἱ θεοὶ κρατοῦσι. 8. Περὶ μὲν δὴ τῶν θεῶν τε καὶ τῶν ὀρκῶν οὕτω γιγνώσκω, παρ' οἷς ἡμεῖς τὴν

φιλίαν συνθέμενοι κατεθέμεθα· τῶν δὲ ἀνθρωπίνων σὲ ἔγωγε ἐν τῷ παρόντι νομίζω μέγιστον ἡμῖν εἶναι ἀγαθόν. 9. Σὺν μὲν γάρ σοι πᾶσα μὲν ἡμῖν ὁδὸς εὐπορος, πᾶς δὲ ποταμὸς διαβατὸς, τῶν δ' ἐπιτηδείων οὐκ ἀπορία· ἄνευ δέ σου πᾶσα μὲν ἡ ὁδὸς διὰ σκότους, (οὐδὲν γὰρ αὐτῆς ἐπιστάμεθα,) πᾶς δὲ ποταμὸς δύσπορος, πᾶς δ' ὄχλος φοβερός· φοβερῶτατον δ' ἐρημία· μεστὴ γὰρ πολλῆς ἀπορίας ἐστίν. 10. Εἰ δὲ δὴ καὶ μανέντες σὲ κατακτείναιμεν, ἄλλο τι ἂν, ἢ, τὸν εὐεργέτην κατακτείναντες, πρὸς βασιλέα τὸν μέγιστον ἔφεδρον ἀγωνιζοίμεθα; Ὅσων δὲ δὴ καὶ οἴων ἐλπίδων ἐμαυτὸν ἂν στερήσαιμι, εἴ σέ τι κακὸν ἐπιχειρήσαιμι ποιεῖν, ταῦτα λέξω. 11. Ἐγὼ γὰρ Κῦρον ἐπεθύμησά μοι φίλον γενέσθαι, νομίζων τῶν τότε ἰκανώτατον εἶναι εὖ ποιεῖν, ὃν ἂν βούλοιο. Σὲ δὲ νῦν ὁρῶ τὴν τε Κύρου δύναμιν καὶ χώραν ἔχοντα, καὶ τὴν σεαυτοῦ ἀρχὴν σώζοντα, τὴν δὲ βασιλέως δύναμιν, ἣ Κῦρος πολεμῖα ἐχρήτο, σοὶ ταύτην σύμμαχον οὔσαν. 12. Τούτων δὲ τοιούτων ὄντων, τίς οὕτω μαίνεται, ὅστις οὐ σοὶ βούλεται φίλος εἶναι; Ἀλλὰ μὲν, (ἐρῶ γὰρ καὶ ταῦτα, ἐξ ὧν ἔχω ἐλπίδας, καὶ σε βουλήσεσθαι φίλον ἡμῖν εἶναι·) 13. οἶδα μὲν γὰρ

ὑμῖν Μυσοὺς λυπηροὺς ὄντας, οὓς ἐλπίζω ἂν
 σὺν τῇ παρούσῃ δυνάμει ταπεινοὺς ὑμῖν παρα-
 σχεῖν· οἶδα δὲ καὶ Πισίδας· ἀκούω δὲ καὶ
 ἄλλα ἔθνη πολλὰ τοιαῦτα εἶναι, ἃ οἶμαι ἂν
 παῦσαι ἐνοχλοῦντα ἀεὶ τῇ ὑμετέρᾳ εὐδαιμονίᾳ.
 Αἰγυπτίους δὲ, οἷς μάλιστα ὑμᾶς νῦν γιγνώσκω
 τεθυμωμένους, οὐχ ὁρῶ, ποίᾳ δυνάμει συμμάχῳ
 χρησάμενοι μᾶλλον ἂν κολάσαισθε τῆς νῦν σὺν
 ἐμοὶ οὔσης. 14. Ἄλλὰ μὴν ἔν γε τοῖς πέριξ
 οἰκοῦσι σὺ, εἰ μὲν βούλοιό τῃ φίλος εἶναι, ὥς
 μέγιστος ἂν εἴης· εἰ δέ τις σὲ λυποίῃ, ὥς
 δεσπότης ἀναστρέφοιο, ἔχων ἡμᾶς ὑπηρέτας,
 οἷ σοι οὐκ ἂν τοῦ μισθοῦ ἕνεκα μόνον ὑπηρετ-
 οῖμαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ τῆς χάριτος, ἥς σωθέντες
 ὑπὸ σοῦ σοὶ ἂν ἔχοιμεν δικαίως. 15. Ἐμοὶ
 μὲν ταῦτα πάντα ἐνθυμουμένῳ οὕτω δοκεῖ
 θαυμαστὸν εἶναι τὸ σὲ ἡμῖν ἀπιστεῖν, ὥστε
 καὶ ἥδιστ' ἂν ἀκούσαιμι τοῦνομα, τίς ἐστιν
 οὕτω δεινὸς λέγειν, ὥστε σὲ πείσαι λέγων,
 ὥς ἡμεῖς σοι ἐπιβουλεύομεν.” Κλέαρχος μὲν
 οὖν τοσαῦτα εἶπε· Τισσαφέρνης δὲ ὧδε ἀπη-
 μείφθη.

16. “Ἄλλ' ἡδομαι μὲν, ὦ Κλέαρχε, ἀκούων
 σου φρονίμους λόγους· ταῦτα γὰρ γιγνώσκων,
 εἴ τι ἐμοὶ κακὸν βουλεύοις, ἅμα ἂν μοι δοκεῖς

καὶ σεαυτῷ κακόνους εἶναί. Ὡς δ' ἂν μάθῃς ὅτι οὐδ' ἂν ὑμεῖς δικαίως οὔτε βασιλεῖ οὔτ' ἐμοὶ ἀπιστολήτε, ἀντάκουσον. 17. Εἰ γὰρ ὑμᾶς ἐβουλόμεθα ἀπολέσαι, πότερά σοι δοκοῦμεν ἱππέων πλήθους ἀπορεῖν, ἢ πεζῶν, ἢ ὀπλίσεως, ἐν ᾗ ὑμᾶς μὲν βλάπτειν ἱκανοὶ εἴημεν ἂν, ἀντιπάσχειν δὲ οὐδεὶς κίνδυνος; 18. Ἀλλὰ χωρίων ἐπιτηδείων ὑμῖν ἐπιτίθεσθαι ἀπορεῖν ἂν σοι δοκοῦμεν, Οὐ τοσαῦτα μὲν πεδία ἡμῖν φίλια ὄντα σὺν πολλῷ πόνῳ διαπορεύεσθε, τοσαῦτα δὲ ὄρη ὑμῖν ὁράτε ὄντα πορευτέα, ἃ ἡμῖν ἔξεστι προκαταλαβοῦσιν ἄπορα ὑμῖν παρέχειν; τοσούτοι δέ εἰσι ποταμοὶ, ἐφ' ὧν ἔξεστιν ἡμῖν ταμιεύεσθαι, ὅπόσοις ἂν ὑμῶν βουλοίμεθα μάχεσθαι; Εἰσὶ δ' αὐτῶν, οὓς οὐδ' ἂν παντάπασι διαβαλήτε, εἰ μὴ ἡμεῖς ὑμᾶς διαπορεύοιμεν. 19. Εἰ δὲ ἐν πᾶσι τούτοις ἡττώμεθα, ἀλλὰ τό γε πῦρ τοῦ καρποῦ κρεῖττόν ἐστιν· ὃν ἡμεῖς δυναίμεθ' ἂν κατακαύσαντες λιμὸν ὑμῖν ἀντιτάξαι, ᾧ ὑμεῖς, οὐδ' εἰ πάνυ ἀγαθοὶ εἴητε, μάχεσθαι ἂν δύναισθε. 20. Πῶς οὖν ἂν, ἔχοντες τοσούτους πόρους πρὸς τὸ ὑμῖν πολεμεῖν, καὶ τούτων μηδένα ἡμῖν ἐπικίνδυνον, ἔπειτα ἐκ τούτων πάντων τοῦτον ἂν τὸν τρόπον ἐξελοίμεθα, ὃς μόνος μὲν

πρὸς θεῶν ἀσεβῆς, μόνος δὲ πρὸς ἀνθρώπων αἰσχροῦς; 21. Παντάπασι δὲ ἀπόρων ἐστὶ καὶ ἀμηχάνων καὶ ἀνάγκη ἐχομένων, καὶ τούτων πονηρῶν, οἵτινες ἐθέλουσι δι' ἐπιτορκίας τε πρὸς θεοὺς, καὶ ἀπιστίας πρὸς ἀνθρώπους, πράττειν τι. Οὐχ οὕτως ἡμεῖς, ὦ Κλέαρχε, οὔτε ἡλίθιοι, οὔτε ἀλόγιστοι ἐσμέν. 22. Ἄλλὰ τί δὴ, ὑμᾶς ἐξὸν ἀπολέσαι, οὐκ ἐπὶ τοῦτο ἤλθομεν; Εὖ ἴσθι, ὅτι ὁ ἐμὸς ἔρως τούτου αἷτιος, τὸ τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ἐμὲ πιστὸν γενέσθαι, καὶ ᾧ Κῦρος ἀνέβη ξενικῶ διὰ μισθοδοσίαν πιστεύων, τούτῳ ἐμὲ καταβῆναι δι' εὐεργεσίας ἰσχυρόν. 23. "Ὅσα δέ μοι ὑμεῖς χρήσιμοι ἔσεσθε, τὰ μὲν καὶ σὺ εἶπες, τὸ δὲ μέγιστον ἐγὼ οἶδα· τὴν μὲν γὰρ ἐπὶ τῇ κεφαλῇ τιάραν βασιλεῖ μόνῳ ἔξεστιν ὀρθὴν ἔχειν, τὴν δ' ἐπὶ τῇ καρδίᾳ ἴσως ἂν, ὑμῶν παρόντων, καὶ ἑτεροῦς εὐπετῶς ἔχοι."

24. Ταῦτα εἰπὼν ἔδοξε τῷ Κλέαρχῳ ἀληθῆ λέγειν· καὶ εἶπεν· "Οὐκουν," ἔφη, "οἵτινες, τοιούτων ἡμῖν εἰς φιλίαν ὑπαρχόντων, πειρῶνται διαβάλλοντες πολεμίους ποιῆσαι ἡμᾶς, ἄξιοί εἰσι τὰ ἔσχατα παθεῖν;" 25. "Καὶ ἐγὼ μὲν," ἔφη ὁ Τισσαφέρνης, "εἰ βούλεσθέ μοι οἷ τε στρατηγοὶ καὶ οἱ λοχαγοὶ ἐν τῷ

ἐμφανεῖ. ἐλθεῖν, λέξω τοὺς πρὸς ἐμὲ λέγοντας, ὡς σὺ ἐπιβουλεύεις ἐμοί τε καὶ τῇ σὺν ἐμοὶ στρατιᾷ.” 26. “Ἐγὼ δ’,” ἔφη ὁ Κλέαρχος, “ἄξω πάντας· καὶ σοὶ αὖ ἐγὼ δηλώσω, ὅθεν ἐγὼ περὶ σου ἀκούω.” 27. Ἐκ τούτων δὴ τῶν λόγων ὁ Τισσαφέρνης φιλοφρονούμενος τότε μὲν μένειν τε αὐτὸν ἐκέλευσε καὶ σὺν-δειπνον ἐποιήσατο· τῇ δ’ ὑστεραία Κλέαρχος, ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τὸ στρατόπεδον, δηλὸς τε ἦν πάνυ φιλικῶς οἶόμενος διακεῖσθαι τὸν Τισσαφέρνην, καὶ ἔλεγεν, ἃ ἐκεῖνος ἀπήγγελλεν· ἔφη τε χρῆναι ἰέναι παρὰ Τισσαφέρνην, οὗς ἐκέλευσε, καὶ οἱ ἂν ἐξελεγχθῶσι διαβάλλοντες τῶν Ἑλλήνων, ὡς προδότας αὐτοὺς καὶ κακόνους τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ὄντας τιμωρηθῆναι. 28. Ὑπώπτευε δὴ εἶναι τὸν διαβάλλοντα Μένωνα· εἰδὼς αὐτὸν καὶ συγγεγενημένον Τισσαφέρνει μετὰ Ἀριαίου, καὶ στασιάζοντα αὐτῷ καὶ ἐπιβουλεύοντα [αὐτῷ,] ὅπως, τὸ στράτευμα ἅπαν πρὸς ἑαυτὸν λαβὼν, φίλος ᾗ Τισσαφέρνει. 29. Ἐβούλετο δὲ καὶ ὁ Κλέαρχος ἅπαν τὸ στράτευμα πρὸς ἑαυτὸν ἔχειν τὴν γνώμην, καὶ τοὺς παραλυποῦντας ἐκποδὼν εἶναι. Τῶν δὲ στρατιωτῶν ἀντέλεγόν τινες αὐτῷ, μὴ ἰέναι πάντας τοὺς λοχαγοὺς καὶ στρατηγοὺς, μηδὲ

πιστεύειν Τισσαφέρνει. 30. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ἰσχυρῶς κατέτεινεν, ἔστε διεπράξατο, πέντε μὲν στρατηγούς ἰέναι, εἴκοσι δὲ λοχαγούς· συνηκολούθησαν δὲ, ὥς εἰς ἀγοράν, καὶ τῶν ἄλλων στρατιωτῶν ὥς διακόσιοι.

31. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἦσαν ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις Τισσαφέρνους, οἱ μὲν στρατηγοὶ παρεκλήθησαν εἰσω, Πρόξενος Βοιωτίας, Μένων Θετταλὸς, Ἀγίας Ἀρκὰς, Κλέαρχος Λάκων, Σωκράτης Ἀχαιοῦ· οἱ δὲ λοχαγοὶ ἐπὶ θύραις ἔμενον. 32. Οὐ πολλῷ δ' ὕστερον ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτοῦ σημείου οἳ τε ἔνδον συνελαμβάνοντο, καὶ οἱ ἔξω κατεκόπησαν. Μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα τῶν βαρβάρων τινὲς ἱππέων, διὰ τοῦ πεδίου ἐλαύνοντες, ὥτινι ἐντυγχάνοιεν Ἑλληνι ἢ δούλῳ ἢ ἐλευθέρῳ, πάντας ἔκτεινον. 33. Οἱ δὲ Ἕλληνες τὴν τε ἱππασίαν αὐτῶν ἐθαύμαζον, ἐκ τοῦ στρατοπέδου ὀρῶντες, καὶ, ὅ τι ἐποιοῦν, ἡμφιγνόουν, πρὶν Νίκαρχος Ἀρκὰς ἦκε φεύγων, τετρωμένος εἰς τὴν γαστέρα, καὶ τὰ ἔντερα ἐν ταῖς χερσὶν ἔχων, καὶ εἶπε πάντα τὰ γεγενημένα. 34. Ἐκ τούτου δὴ οἱ Ἕλληνες ἔθεον ἐπὶ τὰ ὅπλα πάντες ἐκπεπληγμένοι, καὶ νομίζοντες, αὐτίκα ἥξειν αὐτοὺς ἐπὶ τὸ στρατόπεδον. 35. Οἱ δὲ πάντες μὲν οὐκ ἦλθον, Ἀριαῖος δὲ καὶ Ἀρτάοζος καὶ Μιθρι-

δάτης, οἳ ἦσαν Κύρῳ πιστότατοι· ὁ δὲ τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἑρμηνεὺς ἔφη καὶ τὸν Τισσαφέρνους ἀδελφὸν σὺν αὐτοῖς ὁρᾶν καὶ γιγνώσκειν· συνηκολούθουν δὲ καὶ ἄλλοι Περσῶν τεθωρακισμένοι εἰς τριακοσίους. 36. Οὗτοι, ἐπεὶ ἐγγὺς ἦσαν, προσελθεῖν ἐκέλευον, εἴ τις εἴη τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἢ στρατηγὸς, ἢ λοχαγὸς, ἵνα ἀπαγγεῖλωσι τὰ παρὰ βασιλέως. 37. Μετὰ ταῦτα ἐξῆλθον τῶν Ἑλλήνων φυλαττόμενοι στρατηγοὶ μὲν, Κλεάνωρ Ὀρχομένιος καὶ Σοφαινετος Στυμφάλιος, σὺν αὐτοῖς δὲ Ξενοφῶν Ἀθηναῖος, ὅπως μάθῃ τὰ περὶ Προξένου. (Χειρίσοφος δ' ἐτύγγχανεν ἀπὼν ἐν κώμῃ τινὶ σὺν ἄλλοις, ἐπισιτιζόμενος.) 38. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἔστησαν εἰς ἐπήκοον, λέγει Ἀριαῖος· “Κλέαρχος μὲν, ὦ ἄνδρες Ἕλληνες, ἐπεὶ ἐπιιορκῶν τε ἐφάνη καὶ τὰς σπονδὰς λύων, ἔχει τὴν δίκην καὶ τέθνηκε· Πρόξενος δὲ καὶ Μένων, ὅτι κατήγγειλαν αὐτοῦ τὴν ἐπιβουλήν, ἐν μεγάλῃ τιμῇ εἰσιν· ὑμᾶς δὲ ὁ βασιλεὺς τὰ ὅπλα ἀπαιτεῖ· ἑαυτοῦ γὰρ εἶναι φησὶν, ἐπεὶ περ Κύρου ἦσαν τοῦ ἐκείνου δούλου.”

39. Πρὸς ταῦτα ἀπεκρίναντο οἱ Ἕλληνες, (ἔλεγε δὲ Κλεάνωρ ὁ Ὀρχομένιος,) “ὦ κακίστε ἀνθρώπων, Ἀριαῖε, καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι, ὅσοι ἦτε

Κύρου φίλοι, οὐκ αἰσχύνεσθε οὔτε θεοὺς οὔτε ἀνθρώπους, οἵτινες, ὁμόσαντες ἡμῖν τοὺς αὐτοὺς φίλους καὶ ἐχθροὺς νομιεῖν, προδόντες ἡμᾶς σὺν Τισσαφέρνει, τῷ ἀθεωτάτῳ τε καὶ πανουργοτάτῳ, τοὺς τε ἄνδρας αὐτοὺς, οἷς ὤμνυτε, [ὥς] ἀπολωλέκατε, καὶ, τοὺς ἄλλους ἡμᾶς προδεδωκότες, σὺν τοῖς πολεμίοις ἔρχεσθε ἐφ' ἡμᾶς;" 40. Ὁ δὲ Ἀριαῖος εἶπε· "Κλέαρχος γὰρ πρόσθεν ἐπιβουλεύων φανερὸς ἐγένετο Τισσαφέρνει τε καὶ Ὀρόντᾳ, καὶ πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῖς σὺν τούτοις." 41. Ἐπὶ τούτοις δὲ Ξενοφῶν τάδε εἶπε· "Κλέαρχος μὲν τοίνυν, εἰ παρὰ τοὺς ὅρκους ἔλυσεν τὰς σπονδὰς, τὴν δίκην ἔχει· (δίκαιον γὰρ, ἀπόλλυσθαι τοὺς ἐπιорκοῦντας). Πρόξενος δὲ καὶ Μένων ἐπέπερ εἰσιν ὑμέτεροι μὲν εὐεργέται, ἡμέτεροι δὲ στρατηγοὶ, πέμψατε αὐτοὺς δεῦρο· δῆλον γὰρ, ὅτι, φίλοι γε ὄντες ἀμφοτέροις, πειράσσονται καὶ ὑμῶν καὶ ἡμῖν τὰ βέλτιστα συμβουλεύειν." 42. Πρὸς ταῦτα οἱ βάρβαροι, πολὺν χρόνον διαλεχθέντες ἀλλήλοις, ἀπῆλθον οὐδὲν ἀποκρινάμενοι.

CHAPTER VI.

The respective characters of Clearchus, Proxenus, and Menon.—
A slight mention of Agias and Socrates.

1. Οἱ μὲν δὴ στρατηγοὶ, οὕτω ληφθέντες, ἀνήχθησαν ὡς βασιλέα, καὶ ἀποτμηθέντες τὰς κεφαλὰς ἐτελεύτησαν· εἰς μὲν αὐτῶν Κλέαρχος, ὁμολογουμένως ἐκ πάντων, τῶν ἐμπείρως αὐτοῦ ἐχόντων, δόξας γενέσθαι ἀνὴρ καὶ πολεμικὸς καὶ φιλοπόλεμος ἐσχάτως. 2. Καὶ γὰρ δὴ, ἔως μὲν πόλεμος ἦν τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις πρὸς τοὺς Ἀθηναίους, παρέμεινεν· ἐπεὶ δ' εἰρήνη ἐγένετο, πείσας τὴν αὐτοῦ πόλιν, ὡς οἱ Θρᾷκες ἀδικοῦσι τοὺς Ἕλληνας, καὶ διαπραξάμενος ὡς ἐδύνατο παρὰ τῶν Ἐφόρων, ἐξέπλει, ὡς πολεμήσων τοῖς ὑπὲρ Χερρόνησου καὶ Περὶνθου Θραξίν. 3. Ἐπεὶ δὲ μεταγνόντες πως οἱ Ἐφοροὶ, ἤδη ἔξω ὄντος αὐτοῦ, ἀποστρέφειν αὐτὸν ἐπειρῶντο ἐξ Ἰσθμοῦ, ἐνταῦθα οὐκέτι πείθεται, ἀλλ' ὥχετο πλέων εἰς Ἑλλάσποντον. 4. Ἐκ τούτου καὶ ἐθανατώθη ὑπὸ τῶν ἐν τῇ Σπάρτῃ τελῶν, ὡς ἀπειθῶν. Ἦδη δὲ φυγὰς ὢν, ἔρχεται πρὸς Κῦρον, καὶ ὁποίοις μὲν λόγοις ἔπεισε Κῦρον, ἀλλαχῇ γέγραπται·

ὑμῖν Μυσοὺς λυπηροὺς ὄντας, οὓς ἐλπίζω ἂν
 σὺν τῇ παρούσῃ δυνάμει ταπεινοὺς ὑμῖν παρα-
 σχεῖν· οἶδα δὲ καὶ Πισίδας· ἀκούω δὲ καὶ
 ἄλλα ἔθνη πολλὰ τοιαῦτα εἶναι, ἃ οἶμαι ἂν
 παῦσαι ἐνοχλοῦντα ἀεὶ τῇ ὑμετέρᾳ εὐδαιμονίᾳ.
 Αἰγυπτίους δὲ, οἷς μάλιστα ὑμᾶς νῦν γιγνώσκω
 τεθυμωμένους, οὐχ ὁρῶ, ποία δυνάμει συμμάχῳ
 χρησάμενοι μᾶλλον ἂν κολάσαισθε τῆς νῦν σὺν
 ἐμοὶ οὔσης. 14. Ἄλλὰ μὴν ἔν γε τοῖς πέριξ
 οἰκοῦσι σὺ, εἰ μὲν βούλοιο τῷ φίλος εἶναι, ὥς
 μέγιστος ἂν εἴης· εἰ δέ τις σὲ λυποίῃ, ὥς
 δεσπότης ἀναστρέφοιο, ἔχων ἡμᾶς ὑπηρέτας,
 οἷ σοι οὐκ ἂν τοῦ μισθοῦ ἕνεκα μόνον ὑπηρετ-
 οῖμιν, ἀλλὰ καὶ τῆς χάριτος, ἧς σωθέντες
 ὑπὸ σοῦ σοὶ ἂν ἔχοιμεν δικαίως. 15. Ἐμοὶ
 μὲν ταῦτα πάντα ἐνθυμουμένῳ οὕτω δοκεῖ
 θαυμαστὸν εἶναι τὸ σὲ ἡμῖν ἀπιστεῖν, ὥστε
 καὶ ἡδιστ' ἂν ἀκούσαιμι τοῦνομα, τίς ἐστίν
 οὕτω δεινὸς λέγειν, ὥστε σὲ πείσαι λέγων,
 ὥς ἡμεῖς σοι ἐπιβουλεύομεν.” Κλέαρχος μὲν
 οὖν τοσαῦτα εἶπε· Τισσαφέρνης δὲ ὧδε ἀπη-
 μείφθη.

16. “Ἄλλ' ἥδομαι μὲν, ὦ Κλέαρχε, ἀκούων
 σου φρονίμους λόγους· ταῦτα γὰρ γιγνώσκων,
 εἴ τι ἐμοὶ κακὸν βουλεύοις, ἅμα ἂν μοι δοκεῖς

καὶ σεαυτῷ κακόνους εἶναί. Ὡς δ' ἂν μάθῃς
 ὅτι οὐδ' ἂν ὑμεῖς δικαίως οὔτε βασιλεῖ οὔτ'
 ἐμοὶ ἀπιστοίητε, ἀντάκουσον. 17. Εἰ γὰρ
 ὑμᾶς ἐβουλόμεθα ἀπολέσαι, πότερά σοι δοκοῦ-
 μεν ἱππέων πλήθους ἀπορεῖν, ἢ πεζῶν, ἢ
 ὀπλίσεως, ἐν ᾗ ὑμᾶς μὲν βλάπτειν ἱκανοὶ
 εἴημεν ἂν, ἀντιπάσχειν δὲ οὐδείς κίνδυνος;
 18. Ἀλλὰ χωρίων ἐπιτηδείων ὑμῖν ἐπιτίθεσθαι
 ἀπορεῖν ἂν σοι δοκοῦμεν, Οὐ τοσαῦτα μὲν
 πεδία ἡμῖν φίλια ὄντα σὺν πολλῷ πόνῳ δια-
 πορεύεσθε, τοσαῦτα δὲ ὄρη ὑμῖν ὁράτε ὄντα
 πορευτέα, ἃ ἡμῖν ἕξεστι προκαταλαβοῦσιν
 ἄπορα ὑμῖν παρέχειν; τοσοῦτοι δὲ εἰσι ποτα-
 μοὶ, ἐφ' ὧν ἕξεστιν ἡμῖν ταμιεύεσθαι, ὅπόσοις
 ἂν ὑμῶν βουλοίμεθα μάχεσθαι; Εἰσὶ δ' αὐτῶν,
 οὓς οὐδ' ἂν παντάπασι διαβαίητε, εἰ μὴ ἡμεῖς
 ὑμᾶς διαπορεύοιμεν. 19. Εἰ δὲ ἐν πᾶσι τούτ-
 οῖς ἡττῶμεθα, ἀλλὰ τό γε πῦρ τοῦ καρποῦ
 κρεῖττόν ἐστιν· ὃν ἡμεῖς δυναίμεθ' ἂν κατακαύ-
 σαντες λιμὸν ὑμῖν ἀντιτάξαι, ᾧ ὑμεῖς, οὐδ' εἰ
 πάνυ ἀγαθοὶ εἴητε, μάχεσθαι ἂν δύναισθε.
 20. Πῶς οὖν ἂν, ἔχοντες τοσοῦτους πόρους
 πρὸς τὸ ὑμῖν πολεμεῖν, καὶ τούτων μηδένα
 ἡμῖν ἐπικίνδυνον, ἔπειτα ἐκ τούτων πάντων
 τοῦτον ἂν τὸν τρόπον ἐξελοίμεθα, ὃς μόνος μὲν

πρὸς θεῶν ἀσεβῆς, μόνος δὲ πρὸς ἀνθρώπων αἰσχρὸς; 21. Παντάπασι δὲ ἀπόρων ἐστὶ καὶ ἀμηχάνων καὶ ἀνάγκη ἐχομένων, καὶ τούτων πονηρῶν, οἵτινες ἐθέλουσι δι' ἐπιτορκίας τε πρὸς θεοὺς, καὶ ἀπιστίας πρὸς ἀνθρώπους, πράττειν τι. Οὐχ οὕτως ἡμεῖς, ὦ Κλέαρχε, οὔτε ἡλίθιοι, οὔτε ἀλόγιστοι ἐσμέν. 22. Ἄλλὰ τί δὴ, ὑμᾶς ἐξὸν ἀπολέσαι, οὐκ ἐπὶ τοῦτο ἤλθομεν; Εὖ ἴσθι, ὅτι ὁ ἐμὸς ἔρως τούτου αἷτιος, τὸ τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ἐμὲ πιστὸν γενέσθαι, καὶ ᾧ Κῦρος ἀνέβη ξενικῶ διὰ μισθοδοσίαν πιστεύων, τούτῳ ἐμὲ καταβῆναι δι' εὐεργεσίας ἰσχυρόν. 23. "Ὅσα δέ μοι ὑμεῖς χρήσιμοι ἔσεσθε, τὰ μὲν καὶ σὺ εἶπες, τὸ δὲ μέγιστον ἐγὼ οἶδα· τὴν μὲν γὰρ ἐπὶ τῇ κεφαλῇ τιάραν βασιλεῖ μόνῳ ἔξεστιν ὀρθὴν ἔχειν, τὴν δ' ἐπὶ τῇ καρδίᾳ ἴσως ἂν, ὑμῶν παρόντων, καὶ ἑτεροῦς εὐπετώς ἔχοι."

24. Ταῦτα εἰπὼν ἔδοξε τῷ Κλέαρχῳ ἀληθῆ λέγειν· καὶ εἶπεν· "Οὐκουν," ἔφη, "οἵτινες, τοιούτων ἡμῖν εἰς φιλίαν ὑπαρχόντων, πειρῶνται διαβάλλοντες πολεμίους ποιῆσαι ἡμᾶς, ἄξιοί εἰσι τὰ ἔσχατα παθεῖν;" 25. "Καὶ ἐγὼ μὲν," ἔφη ὁ Τισσαφέρνης, "εἰ βούλεσθέ μοι οἷ τε στρατηγοὶ καὶ οἱ λοχαγοὶ ἐν τῷ

ἐμφανεῖ. ἐλθεῖν, λέξω τοὺς πρὸς ἐμὲ λέγοντας, ὡς σὺ ἐπιβουλεύεις ἐμοί τε καὶ τῇ σὺν ἐμοὶ στρατιᾷ.” 26. “Ἐγὼ δ’,” ἔφη ὁ Κλέαρχος, “ἄξω πάντας· καὶ σοὶ αὖ ἐγὼ δηλώσω, ὅθεν ἐγὼ περὶ σου ἀκούω.” 27. Ἐκ τούτων δὴ τῶν λόγων ὁ Τισσαφέρνης φιλοφρονούμενος τότε μὲν μένειν τε αὐτὸν ἐκέλευσε καὶ σὺν-δειπνον ἐποιήσατο· τῇ δ’ ὑστεραίᾳ Κλέαρχος, ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τὸ στρατόπεδον, δηλὸς τε ἦν πάνυ φιλικῶς οἰόμενος διακεῖσθαι τὸν Τισσαφέρνην, καὶ ἔλεγεν, ἃ ἐκεῖνος ἀπήγγελλεν· ἔφη τε χρῆναι ἰέναι παρὰ Τισσαφέρνην, οὓς ἐκέλευσε, καὶ οἱ ἂν ἐξελεγχθῶσι διαβάλλοντες τῶν Ἑλλήνων, ὡς προδότας αὐτοὺς καὶ κακόνους τοῖς Ἑλλησιν ὄντας τιμωρηθῆναι. 28. Ὑπώπτευσεν δὴ εἶναι τὸν διαβάλλοντα Μένωνα· εἰδὼς αὐτὸν καὶ συγγεγενημένον Τισσαφέρνει μετὰ Ἀριαίου, καὶ στασιάζοντα αὐτῷ καὶ ἐπιβουλεύοντα [αὐτῷ,] ὅπως, τὸ στράτευμα ἅπαν πρὸς ἑαυτὸν λαβὼν, φίλος ᾗ Τισσαφέρνει. 29. Ἐβούλετο δὲ καὶ ὁ Κλέαρχος ἅπαν τὸ στράτευμα πρὸς ἑαυτὸν ἔχειν τὴν γνώμην, καὶ τοὺς παραλυπούντας ἐκποδὼν εἶναι. Τῶν δὲ στρατιωτῶν ἀντέλεγον τινες αὐτῷ, μὴ ἰέναι πάντας τοὺς λοχαγοὺς καὶ στρατηγοὺς, μηδὲ

πιστεύειν Τισσαφέρνει. 30. Ὁ δὲ Κλέαρχος ἰσχυρῶς κατέτεινεν, ἔστε διεπράξατο, πέντε μὲν στρατηγούς ἰέναι, εἴκοσι δὲ λοχαγούς· συνηκολούθησαν δὲ, ὥς εἰς ἀγορὰν, καὶ τῶν ἄλλων στρατιωτῶν ὥς διακόσιοι.

31. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἦσαν ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις Τισσαφέρνους, οἱ μὲν στρατηγοὶ παρεκλήθησαν εἴσω, Πρόξενος Βοιώτιος, Μένων Θετταλὸς, Ἀγίας Ἀρκὰς, Κλέαρχος Λάκων, Σωκράτης Ἀχαιοῖς· οἱ δὲ λοχαγοὶ ἐπὶ θύραις ἔμενον. 32. Οὐ πολλῷ δ' ὕστερον ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτοῦ σημείου οἳ τε ἔνδον συναλαμβάνοντο, καὶ οἱ ἔξω κατεκόπησαν. Μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα τῶν βαρβάρων τινὲς ἰππέων, διὰ τοῦ πεδίου ἐλαύνοντες, ᾧτινι ἐντυγχάνοιεν Ἑλληνι ἢ δούλῳ ἢ ἐλευθέρῳ, πάντας ἔκτεινον. 33. Οἱ δὲ Ἕλληνες τὴν τε ἵππασίαν αὐτῶν ἐθαύμαζον, ἐκ τοῦ στρατοπέδου ὀρῶντες, καὶ, ὅ τι ἐποιοῦν, ἡμφιγνόουν, πρὶν Νίκαρχος Ἀρκὰς ἦκε φεύγων, τετρωμένος εἰς τὴν γαστέρα, καὶ τὰ ἔντερα ἐν ταῖς χερσὶν ἔχων, καὶ εἶπε πάντα τὰ γεγενημένα. 34. Ἐκ τούτου δὴ οἱ Ἕλληνες ἔθεον ἐπὶ τὰ ὅπλα πάντες ἐκπεπληγμένοι, καὶ νομίζοντες, αὐτίκα ἥξειν αὐτοὺς ἐπὶ τὸ στρατόπεδον. 35. Οἱ δὲ πάντες μὲν οὐκ ἦλθον, Ἀριαῖος δὲ καὶ Ἀρτάοζος καὶ Μιθρι-

δάτης, οἳ ἦσαν Κύρῳ πιστότατοι· ὁ δὲ τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἑρμηνεὺς ἔφη καὶ τὸν Τισσαφέρνους ἀδελφὸν σὺν αὐτοῖς ὁρᾶν καὶ γυγνώσκειν· συνηκολούθουν δὲ καὶ ἄλλοι Περσῶν τεθωρακισμένοι εἰς τριακοσίους. 36. Οὗτοι, ἐπεὶ ἐγγὺς ἦσαν, προσελθεῖν ἐκέλευον, εἴ τις εἴη τῶν Ἑλλήνων ἢ στρατηγὸς, ἢ λοχαγὸς, ἵνα ἀπαγγείλωσι τὰ παρὰ βασιλέως. 37. Μετὰ ταῦτα ἐξῆλθον τῶν Ἑλλήνων φυλαττόμενοι στρατηγοὶ μὲν, Κλεάνωρ Ὀρχομένιος καὶ Σοφαινετος Στυμφάλιος, σὺν αὐτοῖς δὲ Ξενοφῶν Ἀθηναῖος, ὅπως μάθῃ τὰ περὶ Προξένου. (Χειρίσοφος δ' ἐτύγχανεν ἀπὼν ἐν κώμῃ τινὶ σὺν ἄλλοις, ἐπισιτιζόμενος.) 38. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἔστησαν εἰς ἐπήκοον, λέγει Ἀριαῖος· “Κλέαρχος μὲν, ὦ ἄνδρες Ἕλληνες, ἐπεὶ ἐπιорκῶν τε ἐφάνη καὶ τὰς σπονδὰς λύων, ἔχει τὴν δίκην καὶ τέθνηκε· Πρόξενος δὲ καὶ Μένων, ὅτι κατήγγειλαν αὐτοῦ τὴν ἐπιβουλήν, ἐν μεγάλῃ τιμῇ εἰσιν· ὑμᾶς δὲ ὁ βασιλεὺς τὰ ὅπλα ἀπαιτεῖ· ἑαυτοῦ γὰρ εἶναι φησὶν, ἐπεὶ περ Κύρου ἦσαν τοῦ ἐκείνου δούλου.”

39. Πρὸς ταῦτα ἀπεκρίναντο οἱ Ἕλληνες, (ἔλεγε δὲ Κλεάνωρ ὁ Ὀρχομένιος,) “ὦ κάκιστε ἀνθρώπων, Ἀριαῖε, καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι, ὅσοι ἦτε

Κύρου φίλοι, οὐκ αἰσχύνεσθε οὔτε θεοὺς οὔτε ἀνθρώπους, οἵτινες, ὁμόσαντες ἡμῖν τοὺς αὐτοὺς φίλους καὶ ἐχθροὺς νομιεῖν, προδόντες ἡμᾶς σὺν Τισσαφέρνει, τῷ ἀθεωτάτῳ τε καὶ πανουργοτάτῳ, τοὺς τε ἄνδρας αὐτοὺς, οἷς ὤμνυτε, [ὥς] ἀπολωλέκατε, καὶ, τοὺς ἄλλους ἡμᾶς προδεδωκότες, σὺν τοῖς πολεμίοις ἔρχεσθε ἐφ' ἡμᾶς;" 40. Ὁ δὲ Ἀριαῖος εἶπε· "Κλέαρχος γὰρ πρόσθεν ἐπιβουλεύων φανερὸς ἐγένετο Τισσαφέρνει τε καὶ Ὀρόντα, καὶ πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῖς σὺν τούτοις." 41. Ἐπὶ τούτοις δὲ Ξενοφῶν τάδε εἶπε· "Κλέαρχος μὲν τοίνυν, εἰ παρὰ τοὺς ὅρκους ἔλυσεν τὰς σπονδάς, τὴν δίκην ἔχει· (δίκαιον γὰρ, ἀπόλλυσθαι τοὺς ἐπιורκοῦντας). Πρόξενος δὲ καὶ Μένων ἐπεὶ περ εἰσιν ὑμέτεροι μὲν εὐεργέται, ἡμέτεροι δὲ στρατηγοὶ, πέμψατε αὐτοὺς δεῦρο· δῆλον γάρ, ὅτι, φίλοι γε ὄντες ἀμφοτέροις, πειράσσονται καὶ ὑμῖν καὶ ἡμῖν τὰ βέλτιστα συμβουλεύειν." 42. Πρὸς ταῦτα οἱ βάρβαροι, πολὺν χρόνον διαλεχθέντες ἀλλήλοις, ἀπῆλθον οὐδὲν ἀποκρινάμενοι.

CHAPTER VI.

The respective characters of Clearchus, Proxenus, and Menon.—
A slight mention of Agias and Socrates.

1. Οἱ μὲν δὴ στρατηγοὶ, οὕτω ληφθέντες, ἀνήχθησαν ὡς βασιλέα, καὶ ἀποτμηθέντες τὰς κεφαλὰς ἐτελεύτησαν· εἰς μὲν αὐτῶν Κλέαρχος, ὁμολογουμένως ἐκ πάντων, τῶν ἐμπείρως αὐτοῦ ἐχόντων, δόξας γενέσθαι ἀνὴρ καὶ πολεμικὸς καὶ φιλοπόλεμος ἐσχάτως. 2. Καὶ γὰρ δὴ, ἕως μὲν πόλεμος ἦν τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις πρὸς τοὺς Ἀθηναίους, παρέμεινεν· ἐπεὶ δ' εἰρήνη ἐγένετο, πείσας τὴν αὐτοῦ πόλιν, ὡς οἱ Θρᾶκες ἀδικοῦσι τοὺς Ἕλληνας, καὶ διαπραξάμενος ὡς ἐδύνατο παρὰ τῶν Ἐφόρων, ἐξέπλει, ὡς πολεμήσων τοῖς ὑπὲρ Χερρόνησου καὶ Περὶνθου Θραξίν. 3. Ἐπεὶ δὲ μεταγνόντες πως οἱ Ἐφοροὶ, ἤδη ἔξω ὄντος αὐτοῦ, ἀποστρέφειν αὐτὸν ἐπειρῶντο ἐξ Ἰσθμοῦ, ἐνταῦθα οὐκέτι πείθεται, ἀλλ' ὥχετο πλέων εἰς Ἑλλάσποντον. 4. Ἐκ τούτου καὶ ἐθανατώθη ὑπὸ τῶν ἐν τῇ Σπάρτῃ τελῶν, ὡς ἀπειθῶν. Ἦδη δὲ φυγὰς ὦν, ἔρχεται πρὸς Κῦρον, καὶ ὁποίοις μὲν λόγοις ἔπεισε Κῦρον, ἀλλαχῇ γέγραπται·

δίδωσι δ' αὐτῷ Κύρος μυρίους δαρεικούς
 5. ὁ δὲ λαβὼν, οὐκ ἐπὶ ῥαθυμίαν ἐτράπετο,
 ἀλλ' ἀπὸ τούτων τῶν χρημάτων συλλέξας
 στράτευμα, ἐπολέμει τοῖς Θραξί· καὶ μάχη
 τε ἐνίκησε, καὶ ἀπὸ τούτου ἔφερε καὶ ἦγεν
 αὐτούς· καὶ πολεμῶν διεγένετο, μέχρις οὗ
 Κύρος ἐδεήθη τοῦ στρατεύματος· τότε δ'
 ἀπήλθεν, ὥς σὺν ἐκείνῳ αὐ πολεμήσων.

6. Ταῦτα οὖν φιλοπολέμου δοκεῖ ἀνδρὸς
 ἔργα εἶναι, ὅστις, ἐξὸν μὲν εἰρήνην ἄγειν ἄνευ
 αἰσχύνης καὶ βλάβης, αἰρεῖται πολεμεῖν· ἐξὸν
 δὲ ῥαθυμεῖν, βούλεται πονεῖν, ὥστε πολεμεῖν·
 ἐξὸν δὲ χρήματα ἔχειν ἀκινδύνως, αἰρεῖται πολ-
 εμῶν μείονα ταῦτα ποιεῖν. Ἐκείνος δὲ, ὥσπερ
 εἰς παιδικὰ ἢ εἰς ἄλλην τινὰ ἡδονήν, ἤθελε
 δαπανᾶν εἰς πόλεμον· οὕτω μὲν οὖν φιλο-
 πόλεμος ἦν. 7. Πολεμικὸς δὲ αὐ ταύτῃ εἶναι
 ἐδόκει, ὅτι φιλοκίνδυνός τε ἦν, καὶ ἡμέρας καὶ
 νυκτὸς ἄγων ἐπὶ τοὺς πολεμίους, καὶ ἐν τοῖς
 δεινοῖς φρόνιμος, ὥς οἱ παρόντες πανταχοῦ
 πάντες ὡμολόγουν. 8. Καὶ ἀρχικὸς δὲ ἐλέγετο
 εἶναι, ὥς δυνατὸν ἐκ τοῦ τοιούτου τρόπου, οἶον
 καὶ ἐκείνος εἶχεν. Ἰκανὸς μὲν γάρ, ὥς τις καὶ
 ἄλλος, φροντίζειν ἦν, ὅπως ἔξει ἡ στρατιὰ
 αὐτοῦ τὰ ἐπιτήδεια, καὶ παρασκευάζειν ταῦτα·

ἱκανὸς δὲ καὶ ἐμποιῆσαι τοῖς παροῦσιν, ὥς
 πειστέον εἶη Κλεάρχῳ. 9. Τοῦτο δὲ ἐποίει ἐκ
 τοῦ χαλεπὸς εἶναι. Καὶ γὰρ ὁρᾷν στυγνὸς
 ἦν, καὶ τη φωνῇ τραχύς· ἐκόλαζέ τε αἰεὶ
 ἰσχυρῶς, καὶ ὀργῇ ἐνίοτε, ὥστε καὶ αὐτῷ μετα-
 μέλειν ἔσθ' ὅτε. Καὶ γνώμη δὲ ἐκόλαζεν.
 ἀκολάστου γὰρ στρατευματος οὐδὲν ἡγεῖτο
 ὄφελος εἶναι. 10. Ἀλλὰ καὶ λέγειν αὐτὸν
 ἔφασαν, ὥς δέοι τὸν στρατιώτην φοβεῖσθαι
 μᾶλλον τὸν ἄρχοντα, ἢ τοὺς πολεμίους, εἰ
 μέλλοι ἢ φυλακὰς φυλάξειν, ἢ φίλων ἀφέ-
 ξεσθαι, ἢ ἀπροφασίστως ἰέναι πρὸς τοὺς πολεμ-
 ίους. 11. Ἐν μὲν οὖν τοῖς δεινοῖς ἤθελον
 αὐτοῦ ἀκοῦειν σφόδρα, καὶ οὐκ ἄλλον ἡροῦντο
 οἱ στρατιῶται. Καὶ γὰρ τὸ στυγνὸν τότε
 φαιδρὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τοῖς προσώποις ἔφασαν
 φαίνεσθαι, καὶ τὸ χαλεπὸν ἐρρώμενον πρὸς
 τοὺς πολεμίους ἐδόκει εἶναι· ὥστε σωτήριον
 καὶ οὐκέτι χαλεπὸν ἐφαίνετο. 12. Ὅτε δ'
 ἔξω τοῦ δεινοῦ γένοιτο, καὶ ἐξείη πρὸς ἄλλους
 ἀρχομένους ἀπιέναι, πολλοὶ αὐτὸν ἀπέλειπον·
 τὸ γὰρ ἐπίχαρι οὐκ εἶχεν, ἀλλὰ αἰὶ χαλεπὸς
 καὶ ὠμὸς ἦν· ὥστε διέκειντο πρὸς αὐτὸν οἱ
 στρατιῶται, ὥσπερ παῖδες πρὸς διδάσκαλον.
 13. Καὶ γὰρ οὖν φιλία μὲν καὶ εὐνοία ἐπο-

μένους οὐδέ ποτ' εἶχεν· οἵτινες δὲ, ἡ ὑπὸ πόλεως τεταγμένοι, ἡ ὑπὸ τοῦ δεῖσθαι, ἡ ἄλλῃ τινὶ ἀνάγκῃ κατεχόμενοι, παρείησαν αὐτῷ, σφόδρα πειθομένοις ἐχρήτο. 14. Ἐπειδὴ δὲ καὶ ἤρξαντο νικᾶν σὺν αὐτῷ τοὺς πολεμίους, μεγάλα ἤδη ἦν τὰ χρησίμους ποιοῦντα εἶναι τοὺς σὺν αὐτῷ στρατιώτας· τό τε γὰρ πρὸς τοὺς πολεμίους θαρρᾶλέως ἔχειν παρῆν, καὶ τὸ τὴν παρ' ἐκείνου τιμωρίαν φοβεῖσθαι αὐτοὺς εὐτάκτους ἐποίει. 15. Τοιοῦτος μὲν δὴ ἄρχων ἦν· ἄρχεσθαι δ' ὑπὸ ἄλλων οὐ μάλα ἐθέλειν ἐλέγετο. Ἦν δὲ, ὅτε ἐτελεύτα, ἀμφὶ τὰ πεντήκοντα ἔτη.

16. Πρόξενος δὲ ὁ Βοιωτίας, εὐθύς μὲν μειράκιον ὢν, ἐπεθύμει γενέσθαι ἀνὴρ τὰ μεγάλα πράττειν ἱκανός· καὶ διὰ ταύτην τὴν ἐπιθυμίαν ἔδωκε Γοργίᾳ ἀργύριον τῷ Λεοντίνῳ. 17. Ἐπεὶ δὲ συνεγένετο ἐκείνῳ, ἱκανὸς ἤδη νομίσας εἶναι καὶ ἄρχειν, καὶ, φίλος ὢν τοῖς πρώτοις, μὴ ἡττᾶσθαι εὐεργετῶν, ἦλθεν εἰς ταύτας τὰς σὺν Κύρῳ πράξεις· καὶ ᾔετο κτήσεσθαι ἐκ τούτων ὄνομα μέγα, καὶ δύναμιν μεγάλην, καὶ χρήματα πολλά· 18. τούτων δ' ἐπιθυμῶν, σφόδρα ἐνδηλον αὖ καὶ τοῦτο εἶχεν, ὅτι τούτων οὐδὲν ἂν θέλοι κτᾶσθαι μετὰ ἀδικίας, ἀλλὰ σὺν τῷ δικαίῳ καὶ καλῷ ᾔετο δεῖν τούτων τυγχάνειν,

ἄνευ δὲ τούτων μή. 19. Ἄρχειν δὲ καλῶν μὲν καὶ ἀγαθῶν δυνατὸς ἦν· οὐ μέντοι οὐτ' αἰδῶ τοῖς στρατιώταις ἑαυτοῦ, οὔτε φόβον, ἱκανὸς ἐμποιῆσαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ ἡσχύνετο μᾶλλον τοὺς στρατιώτας, ἢ οἱ ἀρχόμενοι ἐκείνον· καὶ φοβούμενος μᾶλλον ἦν φανερὸς τὸ ἀπεχθάνεσθαι τοῖς στρατιώταις, ἢ οἱ στρατιῶται τὸ ἀπιστεῖν ἐκείνῳ. 20. Ὡς δὲ ἀρκεῖν πρὸς τὸ ἀρχικὸν εἶναι καὶ δοκεῖν, τὸν μὲν καλῶς ποιοῦντα ἐπαινεῖν, τὸν δὲ ἀδικοῦντα μὴ ἐπαινεῖν. Τοιγαροῦν αὐτῷ οἱ μὲν καλοὶ καὶ ἀγαθοὶ τῶν συνόντων εὖνοι ἦσαν, οἱ δ' ἄδικοι ἐπεβούλευον, ὥς εὐμεταχειρίστῳ ὄντι. Ὅτε δὲ ἀπέθνησκεν, ἦν ἐτῶν ὡς τρίακοντα.

21. Μένων δὲ ὁ Θετταλὸς δῆλος ἦν ἐπιθυμῶν μὲν πλουτεῖν ἰσχυρῶς, ἐπιθυμῶν δὲ ἄρχειν, ὅπως πλείω λαμβάνοι· ἐπιθυμῶν δὲ τιμᾶσθαι, ἵνα πλείω κερδαίνοι· φίλος τ' ἐβούλετο εἶναι τοῖς μέγιστον δυναμένοις, ἵνα ἀδικῶν μὴ διδολῇ δίκην. 22. Ἐπὶ δὲ τὸ κατεργάζεσθαι, ὧν ἐπιθυμολῇ, συντομωτάτην ὁδὸν ᾗτο εἶναι διὰ τοῦ ἐπιорκεῖν τε καὶ ψεύδεσθαι καὶ ἐξαπατᾶν· τὸ δὲ ἀπλοῦν τε καὶ ἀληθὲς ἐνόμιζε τὸ αὐτὸ τῷ ἡλιθίῳ εἶναι. 23. Στέργων δὲ φανερὸς μὲν ἦν οὐδένα, ὅτῳ δὲ φαίῃ φίλος

εἶναι, τούτῳ ἔνδηλος ἐγένετο ἐπιβουλεύων. Καὶ πολεμίου μὲν οὐδενὸς κατεγέλα, τῶν δὲ συνόντων πάντων ὡς καταγελῶν αἰεὶ διελέγετο.

24. Καὶ τοῖς μὲν τῶν πολεμίων κτήμασιν οὐκ ἐπεβούλευε· (χαλεπὸν γὰρ ᾤετο εἶναι, τὰ τῶν φυλαττομένων λαμβάνειν·) τὰ δὲ τῶν φίλων μόνος ᾤετο εἰδέναι ὅτι ῥᾶστον ἀφύλακτα λαμβάνειν.

25. Καὶ ὅσους μὲν ἂν αἰσθάνοιτο ἐπιόρκους καὶ ἀδίκους, ὡς εὖ ὠπλισμένους ἐφοβεῖτο· τοῖς δ' ὁσίοις καὶ ἀλήθειαν ἀσκοῦσιν ὡς ἀνάνδροις ἐπειρᾶτο χρῆσθαι.

26. Ὡς περ δέ τις ἀγάλλεται ἐπὶ θεοσεβείᾳ, καὶ ἀληθείᾳ, καὶ δικαιοσύνῃ, οὕτω Μένων ἠγάλλετο τῷ ἑξαπατᾶν δύνασθαι, τῷ πλάσασθαι ψευδῆ, τῷ φίλους διαγελᾶν· τὸν δὲ μὴ πανούργον τῶν ἀπαιδευτῶν ἐνόμιζεν εἶναι. Καὶ παρ' οἷς μὲν ἐπεχειρεῖ πρωτεύειν φιλία, διαβάλλων τοὺς πρώτους, τούτους ᾤετο δεῖν κτήσασθαι.

27. Τὸ δὲ πειθομένους τοὺς στρατιώτας παρέχεσθαι ἐκ τοῦ συναδικεῖν αὐτοῖς ἐμμηχανᾶτο. Τιμᾶσθαι δὲ καὶ θεραπεύεσθαι ἡξίον, ἐπιδεικνύμενος, ὅτι πλεῖστα δύναιτο καὶ ἐθέλοι ἂν ἀδικεῖν. Εὐεργεσίαν δὲ κατέλεγεν, ὅποτε τις αὐτοῦ ἀφίσταιτο, ὅτι χρώμενος αὐτῷ οὐκ ἀπώλεσεν αὐτόν.

28. Καὶ τὰ μὲν δὴ ἀφανῆ

ἔξεστι περὶ αὐτοῦ ψεύδεσθαι· ἂ δὲ πάντες ἴσασι, τάδ' ἐστί. Παρὰ Ἀριστίππῳ μὲν, ἔτι ὠραῖος ὢν, στρατηγεῖν διεπράξατο τῶν ξένων· Ἀριαίῳ δὲ, βαρβάρῳ ὄντι, ὅτι μειρακίοις καλοῖς ἦδετο, οἰκειότατος, ἔτι ὠραῖος ὢν, ἐγένετο· αὐτὸς δὲ παιδικὰ εἶχε Θαρύπαν, ἀγένειος ὢν γενειῶντα. 29. Ἀποθνησκόντων δὲ τῶν συστρατηγῶν, ὅτι ἐστράτευσαν ἐπὶ βασιλέα σὺν Κύρῳ, τὰ αὐτὰ πεποιηκῶς οὐκ ἀπέθανε· μετὰ δὲ τὸν τῶν ἄλλων θάνατον στρατηγῶν, τιμωρ ἠθεῖς ὑπὸ βασιλέως ἀπέθανεν, οὐχ ὥσπερ Κλέαρχος καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι στρατηγοὶ ἀποτμηθέντες τὰς κεφαλὰς· (ὅσπερ τάχιστος θάνατος δοκεῖ εἶναι·) ἀλλὰ ζῶν αἰκισθεὶς ἐνι αὐτὸν, ὡς πονηρὸς, λέγεται τῆς τελευτῆς τυχεῖν.

30. Ἀγίας δὲ ὁ Ἀρκὰς καὶ Σωκράτης ὁ Ἀχαιοὺς, καὶ τούτῳ ἀπεθανέτην· τούτων δὲ οὐδεὶς οὐθ' ὡς ἐν πολέμῳ κακῶν κατεγέλα, οὔτ' ἐς φιλίαν αὐτοὺς ἐμέμφετο· ἦσθην τε ἄμφω ἀμφὶ τετταράκοντα ἔτη ἀπὸ γενεᾶς.

ABBREVIATIONS

acc.	accusative.	neg.	negative.
act.	active.	nom.	nominative.
adj.	adjective.	opp.	{ opposite or op-
adv.	adverb.		posed to.
aor.	aorist.	opt.	optative.
art.	article.	P. or part. . . .	participle.
cf.	{ confer, <i>i.e.</i>	p. or perf. . . .	perfect.
	compare.	pass.	passive.
comp.	comparative	paulo-post fut. .	or future perf.
	conjunction ;	pass. for brevity	8. fut. (pass.).
conj.	conjunctive	pluperf.	pluperfect.
	mood.	plur.	plural.
contr.	contracted	poss.	possessive.
dat.	dative.	pres.	present.
dem. or de-	demonstrative.	Primer	{ Public School
monstr. . . .			Latin Primer.
Eng.	English.	prob.	probably.
et al.	et aliter.	pron.	pronoun.
etym.	etymology.	prps.	perhaps.
f. (with subst.,	feminine.	rel.	relative.
adj. or pron.)		Sans.	Sanscrit.
f. (with verb)	future.	sing.	singular.
or fut.		sts., s.	sometimes.
folld.	followed.	subj.	subjunctive.
fr.	from.	subst.	substantive.
gen.	genitive.	substt.	substantives.
gen. omn. . . .	of all genders.	sup.	superlative.
Germ.	German.	t. t.	technical term.
ib.	{ ibidem (at the	v. a.	verb active.
	same place).	v. mid.	verb middle.
imperat. . . .	imperative.	v. n.	verb neuter.
imperf. or imp.	imperfect.	voc.	vocative.
inf.	infinitive.	=	equal to.
irreg.	irregular.	§	paragraph.
Lat.	Latin.		{ paragraph in
m. or masc. . .	masculine.		Parry's Ele-
mid.	middle.		mentary Greek
milit.	military.		Grammar.
n. or neut. . .	neuter.	[§]	

N.B. Where the etymology is not given, the word is of very uncertain or unknown origin.

In the Verbs such tenses alone are given as are known to exist, the authorities chiefly followed being "Veitch's Irregular and Defective Greek Verbs," and "Liddell and Scott's Greek Lexicon."

VOCABULARY.

N.B. Figures referring to any passage denote the chapter and paragraph; e.g. 6, 5=chapter 6, paragraph 5.

ἀγαγεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of ἄγω.

ἀγαθόν, οὐ, n.; see ἀγαθός.

ἀ-γαθ-ός, ἡ, όν, adj.: 1. *Good or excellent* of the kind;—for καλοί, καγαθοί, see καλός.—As Subst.: ἀγαθ-όν, οὐ, n. *A good thing; a benefit, advantage*.—2. Of persons: *Brave*.—3. Of land: *Fertile*. Irreg. Comp.: ἀμείνων, κρείσσω, βελτίων; Sup.: ἀριστος, βέλτιστος [γαθ, like Germ. "gut," Eng. "good," akin to Sans. part. khyát-a, fr. root κηχά, in original force of "to shine"; á is an inseparable prefix].

ἀγ-άλλω, f. -ᾶλῶ, 1. aor. (ἤγ)-ηλα, v. a. *To make glorious, adorn*.—Mid. only in pres. and imperf. in good writers: **ἀγ-άλλομαι**, imperf. (ἤγ)-αλλόμεν, ("To make one's self glorious," etc.; hence) *To glory, exult, rejoice, take delight* [akin to Sans. root अङ्, "to cause to shine"].

ἀγγελ-ία, ίας, f. [ἀγγελ-ος, "a messenger"] ("The thing pertaining to an ἄγγελος"; hence) *A message, tidings, news*.

ἀγ-γέλ-λω, f. -ῶ, p. (ἤγγελ)-κα, 1. aor. (ἤγγελ)-α, v. a. With personal Object: *To bring news or tidings of or about* [usually considered akin to ἄγω;—but rather for ἀνα-γέλλω; fr. ἀνά, in augmentative force; γέλλ, akin

to Sans. root gṛt, "to call"; and so, "to call out"].

ἄγγελ-ος, οὐ, m. [ἀγγέλ-ω, "to carry a message"] ("One who carries a message"; hence) 1. *A messenger*.—2. *An envoy*.

ἄγε, adv. [imperat. of ἄγω, used adverbially, like Lat. "age"] *Come! well!*

ἀ-γένει-ος, ον, adj. [ἀ, "not", γένει-ον, "a beard"] *Not having a beard, beardless*.

Ἀγίας, ον, m. *Agias*; one of the five Greek generals treacherously seized by Tissaphernes.

ἀγνώμο-σύνη, σύνης, f. [for ἀγνώμον-σύνη; fr. ἀγνώμων, ἀγνώμων-ος, "senseless," "unkind"] ("The quality or condition of the ἀγνώμων"; hence) 1. *Unkindness*.—2. Plur.: *Misunderstandings*.

ἀγορ-ά, ᾶς, f. [for ἀγορ-ά; fr. ἀγείρω, "to collect, assemble," through verbal root α-γερ] ("An assembling"; hence, "an assembly"; hence, "a place of assembly"; hence) 1. *A market-place, market*:—ἀγορά πλήθουσα, *full market*, i.e. the time of day when the market-place is filled, from nine to twelve o'clock.—2. *Things sold in the market, provisions, a market*:—ἀγορὰν παρ-

χειν, to supply or hold a marriage.

ἄγω, imperf. ἤγον, f. ἄξω, p. ἤξα later ἀήνοχα, 2. aor. ἤγαγον, v. a. Of persons: To lead, conduct, bring.—In the phrase ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν, (to lead and carry off, i.e.) to carry off the spoil, to spoil, ἄγειν refers to living objects, φέρειν to things; see 6, 5 [akin to Sans. root *aj*, "to drive"].

ἄγων, οὔσα, ov, P. pres. of ἄγω. ἄγων-ίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Attic οὔμαι, 1. aor. (ἤγων)-ισάμην, v. mid. [ἄγων, "a contest"] To contend;—with πρὸς, to contend with, 5, 10.

ἀ-δελφ-ός, ov, m. ("One of the same womb"; hence) A brother [inseparable prefix *ἀ*, akin to Sans. *sa* (in first part of compound words), "same"; δελφ-ύς, "a womb," akin to Sans. *garbh-a*].

ἀ-δίδβδ-τος, τον, adj. [ἀ, "not"; διαβα, verbal root of διαβα-ίνω, "to go over, to cross"] Not to be crossed, impassable.

ἀδικ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, p. (ἤδικ)-ηκα, v. n. and a. [ἀδικ-ος, "unjust, doing wrong"] 1. Neut.: To be unjust; to do wrong, act wrongfully.—2. Act.: To be unjust towards; to do wrong to; to wrong, or injure.

ἀδικ-ία, ιας, f. [ἀδικ-ος, "unjust"] ("The quality of the ἀδικος"; hence) 1. Injustice.—2. A wrong, injury.

ἀ-δικ-ος, ov, adj. [ἀ, "not"; δικ-η, "justice"] ("Not having, or without, δικη"; hence) Unjust, doing wrong.—As Subst.: ἄδικος, ov, m. An unjust person, a wrong-doer.

ἀδικῶν, οὔσα, ov, contr. P. pres. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδόλ-ως, adv. [ἄδολ-ος, "without deceit"] ("After the manner of the ἀδολος"; hence) Without deceit or fraud.

ἀ-δύνάτος, δύνάτον, adj.

[ἀ, "not"; δύνατος, "possible"] Not possible, impossible, unable to be done.

ἀεὶ (αιεῖ), adv. Always, continually, for ever [akin to Sans. *ayus*, "life"].

ἀ-θεός, θεον, adj. [ἀ, "not"; θεός, "a god"] ("Not having, or without, a god"; hence) Wicked, impious. (Comp.: ἀθε-ώτερος); Sup.: ἀθε-ώτατος.

Ἀθηναῖ-ος, ov, m. [Ἀθηναί-ος, "of, or belonging to, Athens"] A man of Athens; an Athenian.

ἀθρο-ίζω (trisyll.), f. -ίσω, 1. aor. (ἤθρο)-ισα, v. a. [ἄθρο-ος, "collected together"] 1. To collect together, assemble.—2. Of troops: To muster.—Pass.: ἀθρο-ίζομαι (quadrisyll.), p. (ἤθρο)-ισμαι, 1. aor. (ἤθρο)-ίσθην;—at 1, 1 foldd. by Dat. of "advantage" or "recipient" [§ 104]; cf. Primer, § 107.

Αἰγυπτιός, α, ov; see Αἴγυπτος.

Αἴγυπτος, ov, f. Egypt;—Egypt had revolted from the Persian sway, and at the time of the Anabasis was under the rule of Psammitichus.—Hence, Αἰγυπτ-ίος, ια, ιον, adj. Of, or belonging to, Egypt; Egyptian.—As Subst.: Αἰγυπτιός, ov, m. An Egyptian.

αἰδῶ, acc. sing. of αἰδώς.

αἰδώς, ὅς οὖς, f. ("A sense of shame"; hence) Respect, reverence.

αιεῖ; see ἀεὶ.

αἰκ-ίζω (only in pres. in act. voice), v. a. [αἰκ-ής, "unseemly"] ("To treat in an unseemly manner"; hence) To torment, torture, etc.—Pass.: αἰκ-ίζομαι, p. (ἤκ)-ισμαι, 1. aor. (ἤκ)-ίσθην.

αἰκισθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 1. aor. pass. of αἰκίζω.

αἰρέω (-ω), f. αἰρήσω, p.

ῥηκα, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To take, grasp, seize.*—2. Mid.: αἰρέομαι (-οῦμαι), f. αἰρήσομαι, 2. aor. εἰλόμην: ("To take to one's self"; hence, "to choose"; hence) a. *To choose by vote, elect.*—b. *To take by preference, prefer.*

αἰσθάνοιμην, pres. opt. of αἰσθάνομαι.

αἰσθάνομαι, f. αἰσθήσομαι, p. ᾗσθημαι, 2. aor. ᾗσθόμην, v. mid. *To perceive.*

αἰσθεσθαι, 2. aor. inf. of αἰσθάνομαι.

αἰσχ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [αἰσχ-ος, "shame"] ("Having shame"; hence) *Shameful, base, disgraceful.*

αἰσχύν-η, ης, f. [αἰσχύν-ω, "to shame"] In pass. force: *A being ashamed, a sense or feeling of shame; shame.*

αἰσχ-ύνω, f. -ύνῶ, p. (ᾗσχ)-υγκα, 1. aor. -σχύνω, v. a. [αἰσχ-ος, "shame"] 1. Act.: *To shame, disgrace, dishonour.*—2. Pass.: αἰσχ-ύνομαι, p. (ᾗσχ)-υμμαι, 1. aor. (ᾗσχ)-ύσθην, 1. fut. -υνθήσομαι: a. *To be ashamed, to feel shame.*—b. With Acc. of person (Acc. of "Respect"): *To feel shame or reverence before, or with regard to; to respect, regard.*

αἰτέω (-ῶ), f. αἰτήσω, p. ᾗτηκα, 1. aor. ᾗτησα, v. a.: 1. Act.: With Acc. of thing: *To ask for, demand.*—2. Mid.: αἰτέομαι (-οῦμαι), f. -ήσομαι, 1. aor. (ᾗτ)-ησάμην: a. *To prefer a request one's self; to ask as one's own special act.*—b. *To ask for one's self, to claim.*

αἰτήσασθαι, 1. aor. inf. mid. of αἰτέω.

αἰτί-ος, α, ον (rarely ος, ον), adj. [αἰτί-α, "a cause"] ("Pertaining to αἰτία"; hence) With Gen.: *Causing, occasioning, productive of;—τούτου αἰτίος, productive of, or the cause of, this; &* 22.

Xen. II.

ἀκινδύν-ως, adv. [ἀκίνδυν-ος, "without danger"] ("After the manner of the ἀκίνδυνος"; hence) *Without danger or peril, with safety, safely.*

ἀ-κόλασ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀ-κόλαδ-τος; fr. ἀ, "not"; κολάζω (=κολάδ-ω), "to punish"] ("Unpunished, unchastised"; hence) Of an army: *Undisciplined.*

ἀ-κόλουθ-ος, ον, adj. [for ἀ-κέλευθ-ος; fr. ἀ, inseparable particle in "copulative" force; κέλευθ-ος, "a way"] ("Having the way together"; hence) *Following;—οὐκ ἀκόλουθον* (not following, i.e.) *inconsistent with each other.*

ἀκούσασθαι, 1. aor. opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκούσας, ἄσα, αν, P. I. aor. of ἀκούω.

ἀκούω, f. ἀκούσομαι (later ἀκούσω), p. ἀκήκοα (later ἡκουκα), pluperf. ἀκηκόειν, 1. aor. ἡκουσα, v. a.: 1. *To hear; with Acc. or clause as Object;—at &, 24 et al. without nearer Object.*—2. With Gen. of person: *To listen to, give ear to, obey* [prob. to be divided ἀ-κο-ύω; fr. ἀ, inseparable prefix; κο, root found in κο-ίω, "to hear, perceive"].

ἄκων, ἄκουσα, ἄκον, adj. [contr. fr. ἀ-έκων; fr. ἀ, "not"; ἐκόν, "willing"] *Unwilling;—ἄκοντος βασιλέως*, Gen. Abs. 1, 19.

ἀληθ-εια, είας, f. [ἀληθ-ής, "true"] ("The quality of the ἀληθής") *Truthfulness, truth.*

ἀ-ληθ-ής, ἐς, adj. [ἀ, "not"; λήθ-ω, "to lie hid"] ("Not lying hid," "unconcealed"; hence, Morally) *True.*—As Subst.: a. Sing.: with neut. art.: τὰ ἀληθῆς, ("the true," i.e.) *Truth.*—b. Plur.: ἀληθῆ, ὦν, n. *True things, true words.*

E

ἀλ-ίζω, 1. aor. (ἦλ)-ῖσα, v. a. [ἀλ-ής, "crowded together"] ("To crowd together"; hence) *To gather together, collect, assemble*.—Pass.: p. (ἦλ)-ισμαι, 1. aor. (ἦλ)-ίσθην, f. -ισθήσομαι.

ἀλίσθη, 8. pers. sing. 1. aor. pass. subj. of ἀλίζω.

1. ἀλλ-ά, conj. [originally neut. plur. of ἄλλ-ος, "another," with the accent changed] ("In another way," "otherwise"; hence) 1. *But*.—2. In quick answers, etc.: *Nay but, well but, well*.

2. ἄλλα, neut. nom. and acc. plur. of ἄλλος.

ἀλλ-ᾶχῆ, adv. [ἄλλ-ος, "another"] *In another place, elsewhere*.

ἀλλήλοις, αἰς, οἰς; ἄλλ-ήλους, ας, α; see ἀλλήλων.

ἀλλ-ήλ-ων (Dat. οἰς, αἰς, οἰς; Acc. οὗς, ας, α), pron. plur. without Nom. [ἄλλ-ος "reduplicated"] *Of, etc., one another*.

ἄλλ-ος, η, ο, pron. adj.: 1. Sing.: (a) ἄλλος, ον, m. *Another, other*.—As Subst.: (a) ἄλλος, ον, m. *Another person, another*.—for ἄλλος ἄλλο, see below, no. b.—(b) ἄλλο, ον, n. *Another thing*.—b. Repeated whether as adj. or subst., and whether in the same or different case: *One . . . another*.—ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει, *one says one thing, another another*; i.e. *each says a different thing*; 1, 15.—c. With Art.: *Of time: The next or following*.—τῇ ἄλλῃ (sup. ply ἡμέρᾳ), *on the following day, or the morrow*; 1, 13; Dat. of Time [§ 108, (5)]; cf. Primer, § 120.—d. *Else, besides*.—ἄλλο τι, *in anything else*; 1, 14: οὐδὲν ἄλλο, *nothing else, no other thing*; 1, 12, etc.—2. Plur.: *Other*.—at 5, 85, with Gen. of "thing distributed" [§ 112].—With Art.: οἱ ἄλλοι, *The other, the rest of*.—As Subst.: *The others, the*

rest [akin to Sans. *any-a*, "other"]].

ἄλλ-οτε, adv. [ἄλλ-ος, "another"] *At another time*.—ἄλλοτε καὶ ἄλλοτε, *(at another time and at another time; i.e.) now and then, from time to time*; 4, 26.

ἀ-λόγισ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀ-λόγισ-τος; fr. ἀ, neg.; λογίζομαι (= λογισ-σομαι), "to consider, take into account"] ("Not considering"; hence) *Unreasoning, thoughtless, rash*.

ἅμα, adv. and prep.: 1. Adv.: *At the same time, at once*.—2. Prep. gov. dat.: *At the same time with, together with* [akin to Sans. *sama*, "same"]].

ἅμαξα, ης, f. *A carriage, or car, as opposed to a war-chariot; a waggon, etc.* [acc. to some, fr. ἅ-α, "together," ἄγω, "to carry," and so represents ἅ-αγ-σα;—acc. to others, the last portion of the word is akin to Sans. *aksha*, "a car"; and so, to be divided ἅ-αξ-α].

ἄμεινον, adv. [adverbial neut. of ἀμεινών; see ἀγαθός] *In a better way, better*.

ἄ-μήχαν-ος, ον, adj. [ἀ, neg.; μηχαν-ή, "a machine"; hence, "means" of any kind] 1. *Without means or resources; helpless*.—2. *Of circumstances: Without remedy, hard, difficult*.—As Subst.: ἀμήχανα, ον, n. plur. *Hard or difficult circumstances*.

ἀμύνασθαι, 1. aor. inf. mid. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμύνω, f. ἀμύνω, 1. aor. ἤμυνα, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To ward off*.—2. Mid.: ἀμύνομαι, f. ἀμυνούμαι, 1. aor. ἤμυνάμην: a. *To ward off from one's self, repel*.—b. *To avenge one's self on, punish, a person*;—at 3, 23 without Acc. of nearer Object.

ἄμφί, prep. *About*; i.e.: a. With Gen.: (a) *Around, round*

about.—(b) *For, for the sake of*.—(c) *Concerning, respecting*.—b. With Dat.: (a) *Around*.—(b) *On both sides of*.—c. With Acc.: (a) *Around, on, at*.—(b) *Of time: Near, near upon* [akin to Sans. *abhi*, "about"].

ἀμφι-γνο-έω (-ῶ), *f. late*, -ῆσω, 1. aor. (ἡμφ-εγνό-ησα, *v. a.* [ἀμφ-ί, "on both sides"; γνο = νο in νο-έω, "to think of"]) ("To think of on both sides"; hence) *To be in doubt, or hesitation, about*.

ἀμφ-ότερος, ὅτερα, ὅτερον, *adj.* [ἀμφ-ω, "both"] ("Belonging to ἀμφω"; hence) *Both*.—As Subst.: **ἀμφότεροι, ὧν**, *m. plur.* *Both sides or parties, both*.

ἀμφω, *adj. gen. omn.* *Both* of two [akin to Sans. *ambh-a* (originally *amḥa*), "both"].

1. **ἄν** (ξαν, ἥν), *conj.* *If*; joined to the Subjunctive mood.

2. **ἄν**, conditional particle, modifying the power of the word to which it belongs: 1. With Verbs of all moods except the Imperative: *a.* With Imperf. and 1. Aor. Indic.: (a) Condition not fulfilled: *Would, should; would have, should have*.—(b) Condition fulfilled: *To denote frequently*; cf. *ἐπαισεν ἄν*, 8, 11.—b. With Opt.: (a) Condition being, or not being, fulfilled: *Would, would have*.—(c) Condition fulfilled: *Will, I think*.—c. In Interrogations imparts great indefiniteness:—*τίνα ἄν ἀποκτείναιμεν, whom in the world could we slay?* 4, 6.—d. With Subj., the force of **ἄν** is thrown on some preceding conjunction, or some relative word, etc.; see below, no. 2.—e. With Inf. of Pres. or 1. Aor.: *Will, shall*:—*ἄμεινον ἄν πολεμεῖν, that we shall wage war on better terms or more advantageously*; 1, 26:

ἂν παῦσαι, that we shall cause to cease, or stop, from; 8, 18.—2. With Relative pronouns, adverbs, etc.: *ὅς ἄν, whoever*; *ὅπου ἄν, wherever*; *ἄχρι ἄν, μέχρις ἄν, until whatever time, etc.*

ἀνα-βαίνω, -βήσομαι, *p. -βέβηκα*, 2. aor. (ἀν)-έβην, *v. n.* [ἀνά, "up, upwards"; βαίνω, "to go"] *To go up or upwards, e.g. from the coast to the interior of a country*; 5, 22.

Ἀναβᾶ-σις, σews, *f.* [ἀναβαίνω, "to go up"] 1. *A going up, e.g. from the coast to the interior of a country*.—2. *The Anabasis*, the title of Xenophon's work which treats of the expedition of Cyrus, from his satrapy in Lydia, against his brother, King Artaxerxes, at Babylon. It records also the proceedings of his Greek auxiliaries after his death till they were embodied with other Greek troops under Thimbron, who carried on a war against Tissaphernes and Pharnabazus.

ἀναγάγοιμι, 2. aor. subj. of ἀνάγω.

ἀναγκ-άζω, *f. -ᾶσω*, *p. (ἡνάγκ)-ἤκα*, *v. a.* [ἀνάγκ-η, "necessity"] ("To make something "a necessity"; hence) *To force, compel, constrain*.

ἀναγκ-αῖος, αῖα, αῖον, *adj.* [id.] ("Pertaining to ἀνάγκη"; hence) 1. *Necessary*.—2. *Connected by the necessary ties of blood*.—As Subst.: **ἀναγκαῖοι, ὧν**, *m. plur.* *Relations, relatives*; cf. Lat. *necessarii*.

ἀνάγκη, ης, *f.*: 1. *Need, necessity*.—2. *Force, constraint, inevitable circumstances, etc.*

ἀν-άγω, *f. -ᾶξω*, 2. aor. -ἤγαγον, *v. a.* *To lead or convey up, e.g. from the coast to the interior*.—Pass.: 1. aor. *ἀν-ήχ-θην*.

ἀναλεγόμενος, η, ον, *P. pres. pass. of ἀναλέγω*.

ἀνα-λέγω, f. -λέξω, v. a. [ἀνά, in "strengthening force"; λέγω, "to recount," etc.] *To recount, tell over, relate, etc.*—Pass. (rare): ἀνα-λέγομαι.

ἀν-ανδρ-ος, ον, adj. [ἀν, neg.; ἀνὴρ, ἀνδρ-ός, "a man"] ("Not belonging to a man"; hence) *Unmanly, cowardly.*

ἀνα-παύω, f. -παύσω, p. -πέπαυκα, v. a. [ἀνά, in "strengthening force"; παύω, "to make to cease"] 1. Act.: *To make another to cease or desist.*—2. Mid.: ἀνα-παύομαι, ("To make one's self to cease," etc.; hence) *With reference to daily toils, etc.: To take one's rest, sleep, pass the night, etc.*

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. -στρέψω, p. (ἀν)-έστροφα, v. a. [ἀνά, "about"; στρέφω, "to turn"] 1. Act.: *To turn about.*—2. Mid.: ἀνα-στρέφομαι, ("To turn one's self about"; hence) *To behave, conduct one's self, act.*

ἀναστρεφούμην, pres. opt. mid. of ἀναστρέφω.

ἀνασχέσθαι, 2. aor. inf. mid. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνα-τέλλω, f. -τελῶ, p. -τέταλκα, v. n. [ἀνά, in "strengthening force"; τέλλω (v. n.), "to rise"] *Of the heavenly bodies: To rise:—ἀμὰ ἡλίου ἀνατέλλοντι, together with the rising sun, i.e. at sun-rise; 3, 1.*

ἀνατίθεσθε, 2. pers. plur. pres. imperat. mid. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, 1. aor. (ἀν)-έθηκα, v. a. [ἀνά, "up"; τίθημι, "to put"] 1. Act.: *To put up.*—2. Mid.: ἀνα-τίθεμαι, f. -θήσομαι, 2. aor. (ἀν)-εθέμην, *To put up by one's own self, i.e. as one's own act.*

ἀνδρα, acc. sing. of ἀνὴρ.

ἀνδρ-ά-ποδ-ον, ον, n. [usually referred to ἀνὴρ, ἀνδρ-ός, "a man" and ποῦς, ποδ-ός, "a foot"; by some the second por-

tion is referred to ἀποδόσθαι, "to sell"; but more probably for ἀνδρ-ά-ποδ-ον, from ἀνὴρ, ἀνδρ-ός, "a man"; (α) ποδ-άω, "to fetter," "bind with fetters"; and so, "The man-fettered thing or property"] *A slave.*

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνὴρ. ἀνδρες, nom. and voc. plur. of ἀνὴρ.

ἀνέβην, 2. aor. ind. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνειπεῖν, inf. of ἀνεῖπον.

ἀν-εἰπ-ον, inf. -εῖν, 2. aor. without other tenses, v. a. [ἀν-ά, in "intensive force"; εἰρ-εῖν, "to say"] *To say aloud; to proclaim, announce, give notice.*

ἀν-ερωτάω (-ῶ), f. -ερωτήσω, v. a. [ἀνά, in "strengthening force"; ἐρωτάω, "to ask"] *To ask or enquire aloud;—at 3, 4 with dependent clause.*

ἀν-ευ, adv. with Gen. *Without* [akin to Sans. *anya*, "other"].

ἀν-έχω, imperf. -εἶχον, f. -έξω, -ασχήσω, p. -έσχηκα, 2. aor. -εσχον, v. a. [ἀν-ά, "up"; ἔχω, "to hold"] 1. Act.: *To hold up, to lift up.*—2. Mid.: ἀν-έχομαι, f. -έξομαι and (ἀνα)-σχήσομαι, 2. aor. (Attic) (ἦν)-εσχόμεην, ("To hold one's self up"; hence, "to hold up against"; hence) *To endure, bear with patience, submit to;—at 2, 1 with Gen.*

ἀν-ήκ-εστος, εστον, adv. [for ἀν-άκ-εστος; fr. ἀν, neg.; ἀκ-έομαι, "to heal"] *Not to be healed; irremediable, incurable.*

ἀ-νὴρ, Gen. ἀνδρός, m. *A man* [prob. akin to Sans. *nar-a*, "a man" (cf. Lat. *Ner-o*); ἀ is a prefix].

ἀνθρωπά, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of ἀνθρωπάω.

ἀντήχην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνθρώπ-ινος, ἴνυ, ἴνον, adj. [ἀνθρωπ-ος, "a human being"] *Of, or belonging to, a human*

being; of, or belonging to, man; human.—As Subst.: ἀνθρώπινα, *ων*, n. plur. *Human things*.

ἀνθρωπος, *ον*, comm. gen. *A human being; a man, person, woman*.

ἀνίσχω, v. n. [another form of ἀνέχω] Of the sun: *To rise*.

ἀνίσχων, *ουσα, ον*, P. pres. of ἀνίσχω.

ἀν-όδος, *όδου*, f. [ἀν-ά, “up”; ὁδός, “a way”] *A way up*, e.g. from the coast to the interior of a country.

ἀ-νόη-τος, *τον*, adj. [for ἀ-νόε-τος; fr. ἀ, neg.; νοέ-ω, “to think”] (“Not thinking”; hence) *Foolish, senseless, silly*.

ἀντάκουσον, 1. aor. imperat. of ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, 1. aor. -ήκουσα, v. a. [ἀντ-ι, “in return”; ἀκούω, “to hear”] *To hear, or listen, in return*.

ἀντέλεγον, imperf. ind. of ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλεγόντων, gen. plur. masc. of ἀντιλέγων, P. pres. of ἀντιλέγω:—πολλῶν ἀντιλεγοντων, Gen. Abs. [§ 118].

ἀντι-λέγω, f. -λέξω, 1. aor. (ἀντ)-έλεξα, v. n. [ἀντί, “against”; λέγω, “to speak”] *To speak against; to offer opposition in words*;—at 5, 29 with Dat., and also followed by a negative particle to increase its force [§ 108].

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, p. -πένοθα, v. n. [ἀντί, “in return”; πάσχω, “to suffer”] *To suffer (harm) in return for one's acts, etc.*

ἀντι-ποιέομαι (-ποιούμαι), v. mid. [ἀντί, “in opposition”; ποίεομαι, “to make for one's self”] (“To make for one's self in opposition” to another; hence) With Dat. of person and Gen. of thing: *To dispute or*

contend with one about;—at 1, 11 without Dat. of person.

ἀντιτάξαι, 1. aor. inf. of ἀντιτάσσω.

ἀντι-τάσσω (Attic -τάττω), f. -τάξω, 1. aor. (ἀντ)-έταξα, v. a. [ἀντί, “against”; τάσσω, “to draw up”] (“To draw up against”; hence) With Acc. of thing and Dat. of person: *To array, or set in array, something against one*; 5, 19.

ἀντι-φυλάττω, f. -φυλάξω, v. a. [ἀντί, “in turn”; φυλάττω, “to guard”] (“To guard in turn.”—Mid.) ἀντι-φυλάττομαι, *To guard one's self, or keep guard, in turn*; 5, 3.

ἄξιος, *α, ον*, adj. [for ἄγσιος; fr. ἄγ-ω, “to weigh” so much] (“Weighing” so much; hence) 1. With Gen.: *Worth, of like value with*—πλείστον ἄξιοι, *worth very much, i.e. most highly efficient* (cavalry); 4, 6: πολλοῦ ἄξιοι, *worth much, i.e. very valuable*; 1, 14.—2. With Inf.: *Worthy or deserving of*; 5, 24.—3. With Dat.: *Becoming, meet, etc.*:—οὐκ ἄξιον βασιλεῖ, *unbecoming for the king*; 3, 25.

ἄξι-όω (-ω), f. -ώσω, p. (ἡξι)-ωκα, v. a. [ἄξι-ος, “worthy”] With Inf.: (*To think “one worthy” to do, etc.; hence) To require or expect another to do, etc.; to think one's self to have a right to be, etc.*

ἄξω, 1. fut. ind. of ἄγω.

ἀ-οπλ-ος, *ον*, adj. [ἀ, neg.; ὀπλ-α (plur.), “arms”] (“Not having ὀπλα”; hence) *Without arms, unarmed*.—As Subst.: διοπλος, *ον*, m. *An unarmed man or soldier*.

ἀπαγγέλλαι, 1. aor. inf. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπαγγέλλω, 1. aor. subj. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, 1. aor. -ἡγγεῖλα, v. a. [ἀπ-ο, “in-

tensive"; ἀγγέλλω, "to carry word"] 1. Of a messenger, etc.: *To bring tidings of, carry word about; to report, announce, etc.*; —at 1, 4 folld. by ὅτι with dependent clause; —at 3, 2 and 4, 23 without nearer Object.—2. Of a speaker, etc.: *To send word, announce*; —at 3, 9 folld. by ὅτι with dependent clause; also without nearer Object after ἀπαγγελῶ.

ἀπαγγελοῦμεν, 1. pers. plur. fut. ind. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπαγγελῶ, fut. ind. of ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπ-άγω, f. -άξω, v. a. [ἀπό, "away"; ἄγω, "to lead"] *To lead away from a place, to lead home*; —at 3, 26 without nearer Object.

ἀ-παίδευ-τος, τον, adj. [ἀ, "not"; παιδεύ-ω, "to instruct"] *Not instructed, uninstructed, untaught, ignorant*. —As Subst.: ἀπαίδευτος, ον, m. *An uneducated or ignorant person*.

ἀπ-αιτέω (-ω), f. -αιτήσω, v. a. [ἀπό, "from or of"; αἰτέω, "to ask"] With Acc. of thing and Acc. of person [§ 96]; cf. Primer, § 93: *To ask something from one; to demand something of one*; 5, 38.

ἀπ-αμείβομαι, f. -αμείψομαι, 1. aor. pass. in mid. force, -ημεῖσθην, v. mid. [ἀπ-ό, "back again"; ἀμείβομαι (mid.), "to answer"] ("To answer back again"; hence) *To say in return, to reply*.

ἀπ-αντάω (-ω), f. -αντήσω and -αντήσομαι, p. -ήντηκα, 1. aor. -ήντησα, v. n. [ἀπ-ό, in "strengthening force"; ἀντάω, "to meet"] With Dat.: *To meet*.

ἄπαξ, adv. *Once, once only*.

ἀπάξειν, fut. inf. of ἀπάγω.

ἀπάξων, οὔσα, ον, P. fut. of ἀπάγω.

ἀ-παρασκευάσ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀ-παρασκευάδ-τος; fr. ἀ, neg.; παρασκευάζω (=παρασκευάδ-σω), "to prepare"] *Unprepared, not having made preparation*.

ἅ-πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν, adj. [ἅ, in "intensive force"; πᾶς, "all"] ("Quite all"; hence) 1. *The whole, entire*.—2. *The whole of*.

ἀπείσθη, gen. sing. fem. of ἄπας.

ἀπέδειξα, 1. aor. indic. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπειθάνων, 2. aor. ind. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπειθ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, v. n. [ἀπειθ-ής, "disobedient"] *To be disobedient*.

ἀπειθέων (ῶν), έουσα (ούσα), έον (ούν), P. pres. of ἀπειθέω.

1. ἀπ-εἰμι, f. -έσομαι, v. n. [ἀπ-ό, "from, away from"; εἰμι, "to be"] ("To be from or away from"; hence) *To be absent*.

2. ἀπ-εἰμι, inf. ἀπέναι, p. ἀπιών, v. n. [ἀπ-ό, "from, away"; εἰμι, "to go"] *To go away, depart*; —often used in fut. force; e.g. ἀπείμι, 3, 29; so, part. ἀπιών, ib.; ἀπέναι, 2, 1.

ἀπ-εἶπον, 2. aor. without pres.; with f. -ερω, p. -εῖρηκα, v. n. [ἀπ-ό, "from"; εἶπον, "to speak"] ("To speak away from" one; hence, "to give up" a thing; hence) *To give up or fall from exhaustion; to be fatigued, wearied, worn out, etc.*

ἀπειρηκώς, νία, ός, P. perf. of ἀπείπον.

ἀ-πειρ-ος, ον, adj. [ἀ, neg.; πειρ-α, "trial"] ("Without trial, or experience," of a thing; hence) *Uninstructed, ignorant, wanting in experience*.

ἀπεκείμην, imperf. ind. of ἀπόκειμαι.

ἀπεκρινάμην, 1. aor. mid.
3^d ἀποκρίνω.

ἀπέκτεινα, 1. aor. ind. of
ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπέκτονα, perf. ind. of
ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω (Attic
-ελά), p. -ελάακα, v. n. [ἀπ-ό,
"away"; ἐλαύνω, "to ride"]
To ride away, ride off.

ἀπελαύνων, οὔσα, ον, P.
pres. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἄπερ, nom. and acc. neut.
plur. of ὅσπερ.

ἀπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι,
p. -ελήλυθα, 2. aor. -ἦλθον, v.
mid. [ἀπ-ό, "away"; ἔρχομαι, "to
come, to go"] *To go away, depart.*

ἀπετίθεσαν, 3. pers. plur.
imperf. ind. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπ-εχθ-άνομαι, f. -ήσομαι,
p. (ἀπήχθ)-ημαι, v. pass. [ἀπ-ό,
in "strengthening force"; ἐχθ-
ος, "hate, hatred"] *To be hated,
to incur hatred.*

ἀπ-έχω, f. (ἀφ)-έξω and
(ἀπο)-σχήσω, 2. aor. -έσχον, v. a.
and n. [ἀπ-ό, "away"; ἐχω, "to
have, to hold"] 1. : a. Act.:
To hold or keep away.—b. Neut.:
(a) With Gen.: *To be away or
distant from*;—at 4, 13 with
Acc. of "Measure of Space"
[§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (2).—
(b) Without Gen.: *To be distant,
to be apart.*—2. Mid.: ἀπ-
έχομαι, f. (ἀφ)-έχομαι, *To hold
one's self off, or refrain, from; to
forbear, abstain.*

ἀπέχων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of
ἀπέχω.

ἀπήγγειλα, 1. aor. ind. of
ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπήγγελλον, imperf. ind. of
ἀπαγγέλλω.

ἀπήλαυνον, imperf. ind. of
ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπήλθον, 2. aor. ind. of
ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπημέφθην, 1. aor. ind.
of ἀπαμείβομαι.

ἀπήντησα, 1. aor. ind. of
ἀπαντάω.

ἀπιέναι, pres. inf. of 2. ἀπ-
εἶμι.

ἀπῖμεν, 1. pers. plur. pres.
ind. of 2. ἀπεἶμι.

ἀπιούσι, masc. dat. plur. of
ἀπίων, part. pres. of 2. ἀπεἶμι.

ἀπιστ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, p.
(ἡπίστ)-ηκα [ἀπιστ-ος, "faith-
less"] ("To be *ἀπιστος*";
hence) With Dat. [§ 102, (3)];
cf. Primer, § 106, (3).—1. *To dis-
believe, mistrust, doubt.*—2. *To be
disobedient to, to disobey.*

ἀπιστ-ία, (ας, f. [ἀπιστ-ος,
"mistrustful"; also, "faith-
less"] ("The condition of the
ἀπιστ-ος"; hence) 1. *A mis-
trusting, mistrust, distrust.*—2.
Faithlessness, treachery, perfidy.

ἀπιστοῖν, Attic pres. opt.
of ἀπιστέω.

ἀ-πιστος, -πιστον, adj. [d,
neg.; πιστός, "trustworthy"]
*Not trustworthy; not to be trusted
or believed.*

ἀπιών, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of
2. ἀπεἶμι.

ἀ-πλό-ος, η, ον (contracted,
ἀπλοῦς, η, ον), adj. ("Once
filled"; hence, "one-fold, sin-
gle"; hence) Of persons: *Single-
minded, simple, frank, open, etc.*:
—τὸ ἀπλοῦν, *single-mindedness,
simplicity*; 6, 22 [for ἀ-πλέ-ος; fr.
ἀ, akin to Sanscrit *sa*, (originally
"one" (cf. Lat. *sim* in *sim-plex*,
sim-plus); πλε=πλη in *πῖμ-πλη-
μι*, "to fill"]].

ἀπό (before an aspirated
vowel ἀφ), prep. gov. gen.: 1.
From.—2. Of time: *After* [akin
to Sans. *apa*, "away from"]].

ἀπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι, p.
-βέβλεφα, v. n. [ἀπό, "away
from"; βλέπω, "to look"] ("To
look away from" other objects;
hence) *To look, or gaze, steadfastly.*

ἀπο-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, 1.
aor. (ἀπ)-δείξα, v. a. [ἀπό,

"forth"; δείκνυμι, "to show"] ("To show forth"; hence) With Inf.: *To direct, instruct, to do, etc.*

ἀπο-διδράσκω, f. -δράσσομαι, p. -δέδρακα, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έδραν, v. n. [ἀπό, "away"; διδράσκω, "to run"] *To run away, flee by stealth.*

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έδοξε, v. impers. [ἀπό, neg.; δοκεῖ, "it seems good"] With Inf.: *It seems good not to do, etc.*

ἀποδοξῆ, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. of ἀποδοκεῖ.

ἀποδραῖν, 2. aor. opt. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀποδρᾶναι, 2. aor. inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀποθανοῖεν, 3. pers. plur. 2. aor. opt. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θνήξω and -θανοῦμαι, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έθανον, v. n. [ἀπό, in "strengthening force"; θνήσκω, "to die"] *To die, to come by one's death.*—In 2. aor.: *To have died, to be dead.*

ἀποθνήσκων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπό-κειμαι, f. -κέλομαι, v. n. [ἀπό, "apart"; κείμαι, "to be laid"] *To be laid apart or set aside.*

ἀποκεῖμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of ἀπόκειμαι.

ἀποκεκριμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of ἀποκρίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, p. -κέκλικα, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έκλινα, v. n. [ἀπό, "away"; κλίνω, "to bend or turn"] *To turn aside from a road, etc.*

ἀποκρινάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. mid. of ἀποκρίνω.

ἀποκρίνασθαι, 1. aor. inf. mid. of ἀποκρίνω.

ἀπο-κρίνω, f. -κρινῶ, p. -κέκρικα, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έκρινα, v. a. [ἀπό, "from"; κρίνω, "to separate"] 1. Act.: *To separate or select from; to pick out from.*—2. Mid.: ἀπο-κρίνομαι, f.

-κρινοῦμαι, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-εκριναμην, perf. pass. (in middle force) ἀποκέκριμαι, *To give an answer to; to answer, reply;—sta. with Dat. of person (§ 102, (2)); cf. Primer, § 106, (2); see 1, 9.—3. Pass.: ἀπο-κρίνομαι, p. -κέκριμαι, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-εκρίθην, in middle force: To answer, give an answer; see 1, 15.*

ἀποκτείναι, 1. aor. inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, p. (ἀπ)-έκτονα, later (ἀπ)-έκτακα, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έκτεινα, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έκτανον, v. a. [ἀπό, in "strengthening force"; κτείνω, "to kill"] *To kill or slay.*

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, p. (ἀπ)-είληφα, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έλαβον, v. a. [ἀπό, "from"; λαμβάνω, "to take"] ("To take from or away from" something; hence) *To cut off, from a place; to stop, arrest, etc.*—Pass.: ἀπο-λαμβάνομαι, p. (ἀπ)-είλημμαι, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-ειλήφθην.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. -λείψω, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έλιπον, v. a. [ἀπό, in "intensive force"; λείπω, "to leave"] *To leave utterly; to forsake, abandon.*

ἀπόλεκ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀπόλεγ-τος; fr. ἀπολέγω, "to choose, or pick, out"] *Chosen, or picked, out.*

ἀπολέσαι, 1. aor. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπ-όλλυμι, f. -ολέσω, Attic -ολῶ, p. -ώλεκα, Attic -ολώλεκα, 1. aor. -ώλεσα, v. a. [ἀπό, in "intensive force"; ὀλλύμι, "to destroy; to lose"] 1. Act.: *To destroy utterly, kill, slay.*—Mid.: ἀπ-όλλυμαι, f. -ολούμαι, p. -όλωλα, 2. aor. -ωλόμην: ("To lose one's self"; hence) a. *To perish, die.*—b. *To be ruined or undone.*

ἀπόλλυσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολοῖμην, 2. aor. mid. opt. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολώλεκα, Attic perf. ind. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπορ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, p. (ἡπόρ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἡπόρ)-ησα, v. n. [ἀπορ-ος, "without resources"; hence, "poor, needy"] With Gen. [§ 111]; cf. Primer, § 119, b: *To be in need or want of; to be at a loss for.*

ἀπορ-ία, [ας, f. [id.]] ("The condition of the ἀπορος"; hence) With Gen.: *Want, or lack, of a thing.*

ἀπορ-ος, ον, adj. [ἀ, neg.; πόρ-ος] ("Without πόρος"; hence) 1. [πόρος, "a way"] ("Not having a way or road"; hence) *Impassable*.—2. [πόρος, "means, resources"] *Without means or resources; at a loss what to do, etc.; perplexed.*

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. σκάψω, v. a. [ἀπό, "asunder"; σκάπτω, "to dig"] ("To dig asunder"; hence) *To cut off, or intercept, by a trench or by trenches.*

ἀποσπασθῶμεν, 1. pers. plur. 1. aor. pass. subj. of ἀποσπάω.

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έσπασα, v. a. [ἀπό, "away from"; σπάω, "to draw or drag"] 1. Act.: *To draw, or drag, away from; to separate from*.—2. Pass.: 1. aor. (ἀπ)-εσπάσθην, f. ἀπο-σπασθήσομαι: *To be separated, or removed, from; to be distant from*;—at 2, 11 with "Gen. of Separation" [§ 107].

ἀποσταίην, 2. aor. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, p. (ἀπ)-έσταλκα, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έστειλα, v. a. [ἀπό, "away"; στέλλω, "to send"] *To send away, dismiss.*

ἀπο-στρέφω, f. -στρέψω, v. a. [ἀπό, "back"; στρέφω,

"to turn"] ("To turn back"; hence) *To recall a person from a place, etc.*; 6, 8.

ἀποστρεφ-ή, ἡς, f. [for ἀποστρεφ-ή; fr. ἀποστρέφ-ω, "to escape"] ("An escaping"; hence) *An escape, place of refuge, etc.*

ἀπόσχω, 2. aor. subj. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-έσωσα, v. a. [ἀπό, "from"; σώζω, "to save"] *To save from dangers, etc.*:—ἀποσώσαι ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν Ἑλλάδα, *to save you from present dangers and to conduct you into Greece, or restore you to Greece*; 3, 18.

ἀποσώσαιο, 1. aor. inf. of ἀποσώζω.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. -τειχίσω, Attic -τειχῶ, v. a. [ἀπό, "off"; τειχίζω, "to wall"] *To wall off; to cut off by a wall.*

ἀπο-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ, p. -τέμνηκα, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έτᾱμον, v. a. [ἀπό, "off"; τέμνω, "to cut"] *To cut off*.—Pass.: ἀπο-τέμνομαι, 1. aor. (ἀπ)-ετμήθην, f. -τμηθήσομαι:—at 6, 1 with "Acc. of respect" [§ 98]; cf. Primer, § 100:—ἀποτμηθέντες τὰς κεφαλὰς, (*having been cut off as to their heads, i.e.*) *having had their heads cut off.*

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, v. a. [ἀπό, "away"; τίθημι, "to put"] *To put away, lay aside, store up.*

ἀποτμηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 1. aor. pass. cf ἀποτέμνω.

ἀπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, 2. aor. (ἀπ)-έφυγον, v. n. [ἀπό, "away"; φεύγω, "to flee"] 1. *To flee away*.—2. *To escape.*

ἀποφύγειν, 2. aor. inf. of ἀποφεύγω.

ἀποφύγοιμι, 2. aor. opt. of ἀποφεύγω.

ἀπροφασίστως, adv. [ἀ-προφασισ-ος, "without, or

making no, excuse"] *Without excuse or evasion; readily.*

ἀπώλεσα, 1. aor. ind. of ἀπώλλυμι.

ἀπὼν, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres. of ἀπείμι.

ἄρα, adv. *Therefore, truly, so.*

ἀργύριον, ἰόν, n. dim. [ἀργῦρος, "silver"] ("Small silver"; hence, "a piece of silver"; hence) 1. *Silver-money*:—ἀργυρίον τάλαντον; 2, 20.—2. In collective force: *Money* in general; 6, 16.

ἄρδω, f. ἄρω, 1. aor. ἤρσα, v. a. Of water-courses, etc.: *To water or irrigate the land* [prob. akin to Sans. *ard-ra*, "wet"].

ἀρέσκω, f. ἀρέσω, p. ἀρήρεκα, 1. aor. ἤρεσα. With Dat. of person [§ 102, (3)]; cf. Primer, § 106, (3): *To be pleasing to; to please or gratify*:—οὐκ ἀρέσκω, *to displease, be displeasing to*; 4, 4.

ἀρετή, εἰς, f. ("Excellence, goodness," of any kind; hence) *Mantiness, prowess, valour* [prob. akin to ἀρεῖον, "better"; ἀριστος, "best"; fr. Sans. root *vr̥*, in original force of "to choose"].

Ἀριαῖος, ov, m. *Ariæus*; a Persian commander in the rebel army of Cyrus. After the death of Cyrus he made common cause with the Greeks, but was soon induced to desert to the king.

ἀριθμός, οὗ, m.: 1. *Number*.—2. Of space: *Extent*.

ἀριστερός, ἄ, ὄν, adj. *Left, on the left side*.—As Subst.: **ἀριστερά** (sc. χεῖρ), ἂς, f. *The left hand*:—ἐν ἀριστερᾷ, *on the left hand*.

Ἀριστιππος, ov, m. *Aristippus*; a Thessalian, who received assistance from Cyrus for the purpose of maintaining himself against his political opponents.

1. **ἄριστον**, ov, n. *Morning meal, breakfast*; taken at sunrise.

2. **ἄριστον**, nom. and acc. neut. of **ἄριστος**.

ἄριστος, ἴστη, ἴστον, adj. irreg. superl. of ἀγαθός. *Best of its kind; most excellent*:—at 2, 20 with Gen. of "thing distributed" [§ 112]; cf. Primer, § 130 [prob. akin to Sans. root *vr̥*, in original force of "to choose"; and so, "most chosen"].

Ἀρκάς, ἄδος, m. *An Arcadian*.

ἀρκέω (-ω), f. ἀρκέσω, 1. aor. ἤρκεσα, v. n. *To be sufficient, to suffice*:—at 6, 20 fold. by πρόσ.

Ἀρταξέρξης, ov, m. *Artaxerxes*; king of Persia, the son of Darius and Parysatis, and brother of Cyrus. He was the second of that name, and was surnamed Mnēmōn (Μνήμων) on account of his retentive memory. He died in the 94th year of his age, after a reign of 46 years, extending from B.C. 405 to B.C. 359.

Ἀρτίος, ov, m. *Artios*; a Persian nobleman, mentioned in conjunction with Ariæus at 4, 16; see also, 5, 85.

ἄρτος, ov, m. *A loaf*:—Plur.: *Loaves, bread*.

ἀρχ-ή, ἡς, f. [ἀρχω] 1. [ἀρχω, "to begin"] ("That which begins"; hence) *A beginning*.—2. [ἀρχω, "to rule"] ("That which rules"; hence) *a. Supreme power, dominion, etc.*—*b. A government, province*:—at 8, 29 applied to the satrapy of Tissaphernes.

ἀρχ-ικός, ἡς, ἰκόν, adj. [ἀρχ-ή, "rule"] ("Pertaining to rule"; hence) *Of persons: Fit to rule, skilful in governing*.

ἀρχόμενος, η, ov, P. pres. pass. of ἀρχω.—As Subst.: **ἀρχόμενος**, ov, m. *One ruled or*

commanded; one under command; 6, 19; — cf. also, 6, 12, where ἀρχομένους is in apposition to αὐτοῖς to be supplied before ἀπέναντι.

ἀρχῶ, f. ἀρῶ, p. ἤρχα, 1. aor. ἤρξα: ("To begin"; hence) 1. Act.: With Gen. [§ 102, (4), Ods.], at 6, 19: *To rule, command*; — at 1, 4; 2, 5; 6, 7 without Object. — 2. Pass.: ἀρχομαι, p. ἤρμαι, 1. aor. ἤρχθην, 1. f. ἀρχθήσομαι, *To be ruled; to be subject, to obey*. — 3. Mid.: ἀρχομαι, 1. f. ἀρξομαι, 1. aor. ἤρξάμην, *To begin*; 6, 13 [prob. akin to Sans. root ARH, in force of "to be able"]].

ἀρχων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of ἀρχω. — As Subst.: ἀρχων, οντος, m.: a. *A ruler*. — b. *A commander, officer*, of soldiers.

ἀσεβ-ής, ἐς, adj. [ἀ, neg.; σέβ-ομαι, "to worship"] ("Not worshipping"; hence) *Impious, profane*, etc.

ἀσίν-ως, adv. [ἀσίν-ής, "not harming"] ("After the manner of the ἀσίν-ής"; hence) *Without causing harm, without doing injury*.

ἀσīt-ος, ον, adj. [ἀ, neg.; σīt-ος, "food"] *Without food, fasting*.

ἀσκέω (-ω), f. ἀσκήσω, p. ἥσκηκα, v. a. *To exercise, practise*.

ἀσκοῦσι(ν), dat. plur. of ἀσκέων (ων), P. pres. of ἀσκέω.

ἀσ-μενος, μένη, μενον, adj. [prob. for ἀδ-μενος; fr. root ἀδ, whence ἀ(ν)δ-άνω, ἡδ-ομαι, "to please"] In pass. force: *Pleased, delighted, glad*.

ἀσπ-ις, ἰδος (Dat. plur. ἀσπίσι, 1, 6), f. *A shield*.

ἀσφαλτος, ον, f. *Asphalt, bitumen*.

αὖ, adv.: 1. *Again, anew, afresh*. — 2. *On the other hand, in turn*. — 3. *Further, moreover, besides*.

αὖ-θις, adv. [lengthened fr. αὖ; see αὖ, no. 3] *Further, moreover, besides*.

αὐλ-ίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Attic -ιοῦμαι, 1. aor. (ἡλλ)-ισάμην, 1. aor. pass. in mid. force, ἡλλ-ίσθην, v. mid. [αὐλ-ή, "a courtyard"] ("To lie, etc., in an αὐλή"; hence, "to live, dwell, abide" anywhere; hence) *Military t. t.: To bivouac, encamp, take up quarters*, etc.

αὐλ-ών, ὄνος (Dat. plur. αὐλ-ῶσι, 8, 10), m. [αὐλ-ος, "a pipe"] ("The thing having an αὐλος"; hence) *A channel for water; a canal, aqueduct*.

αὐται, αὐτη, nom. plur. and sing. fem. of οὗτος.

αὐτ-ίκα, adv. [αὐτ-ός, "self, very"] ("At the very" time; hence) *Forthwith, immediately, instantly*.

αὐτομολ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, 1. aor. (ἡντομολ)-ησα, v. n. [αὐτόμολ-ος, "a deserter"] *To be a deserter, to desert*.

αὐτομολέων (-ων), εοῦσα (οὔσα), έον (οῦν), P. pres. of αὐτομολέω. — As Subst. m. *A deserter*.

αὖ-τός, τή, τό, pron. adj.: 1. *Self, very*: — αὐτὰ τὰ ξύλα, *the timbers themselves, the very timbers*; 2, 16. — As Subst. of all persons: *I myself, you yourself, he himself*; cf. 1, 2; 3 8. — 2. With article prefixed, in all genders and cases: *The same*; 2, 10: — at 4, 11 with ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ supply τόπου ("place"), *from the same place or spot*. — As Subst.: a. οὗ αὐτοῖ, m. *The same persons*; 5, 89. — b. ταὐτά (= τὰ αὐτά), *The same things*; 1, § 22. — c. τὸ αὐτό, *The same thing*. — 3. As simple pron. of third person: *He, she, it*; cf. 1, 2; 4, 14, etc.; — at 5, 18 with εἰσι δ' αὐτῶν supply τινές [akin to pron. αὐ-α, preserved in the Zend language].

1. αὐτοῦ, adv. [adverbial neut. gen. of αὐτός, "very"] ("At the very" place; hence) 1. *There*.—2. *Here, on the spot*.

2. αὐτοῦ, masc. and neut. gen. sing. of αὐτός.

3. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, Attic for εαυτοῦ, εαυτῷ; see εαυτοῦ.

ἀ-φάν-ής, ἐς, adj. [ἀ, "not"; φαν, root of φαίν-ω, "to show"; φαίν-ομαι, "to appear"] ("Not appearing"; hence) Of things: *Secret, unknown, private*, as opp. to what falls under the public eye.

ἀφεικέναι, perf. inf. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφείναι, 2. aor. inf. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 2. aor. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφέξεσθαι, fut. inf. mid. of ἀπέχω

ἀφεστήξω, old Attic. fut. of ἀφίστημι; see ἀφίστημι at end.

ἀφ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, p. -εἶκα, 1. aor. -ήκα, v. a. [ἀπ-ό (see ἀπό), "forth"; ίημι, "to send"]

1. *To send forth, let out*; 3, 13.—2. *To let loose*; 2, 20.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι (-ικνοῦμαι), f. -ίξομαι, p. -ίγμαι, 2. aor. -ικέμην, v. mid. [ἀ-πό (see ἀπό), denoting "completeness"; ικνέομαι, "to come"] ("To come quite" to a place; hence) *To arrive*.

ἀφικόμεν, 2. aor. ind. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφισταίμεν, pres. opt. mid. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφ-ίστημι, f. ἀπο-στήσω, 1. aor. ἀπ-έστησα, as v. a. in causal force;—but as v. n. p. ἀφ-έστηκα, 2. aor. ἀπ-έστην [ἀπ-ό (see ἀπό), "away"; ίστημι, etc., "to make to stand"; in perf., etc., "to stand"] 1. Act.: ("To cause to stand away"; hence) *To put away, remove*.—

2. Neut.: a. *To stand away or off; to stand aloof*.—b. With εἰς: *To go into a place and there stand away or out of the way*.—c. *To desert, depart, etc.*—3. Mid.: ἀφ-ίσταμαι, ("To make one's self stand away"; hence) *To withdraw, depart*;—at 6, 27 with "Gen. of Separation" [§ 107].—N.B. From perf. ἀφίστηκα-a was formed an old Attic fut. ἀφ-εστήξω (= ἀφεστήκ-σω); see 4, 5.

ἀ-φύλακ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀ-φύλαγ-τος; fr. ἀ, neg.; φυλάσσω (= φυλάγ-σω), "to guard"] Of things: *Unguarded*.

Ἀχαι-ός, οὔ, m. [Ἀχαι-ός, "belonging to Achæa," the central province of the Peloponnese (now Morea); "Achæan"] *A man of Achæa; an Achæan*.

ἀχάρισ-τος, τον, adj. [for ἀ-χάριδ-τος; fr. ἀ, "not"; χαρίζομαι (= χαριδ-σομαι), "to be pleasing"] *Not pleasing; unpleasing, unpleasant*.—As Subst.: ἀχάριστα, ον, n. plur. *Unpleasant things*:—οὐκ ἀχάριστα, *not unpleasant, i.e. very pleasant things*.

ἀχαρίστ-ως, adv. [ἀχάρισ-τος, "unthanked"] ("After the manner of the ἀχάριστος"; hence) *Without thanks*.

ἄχρι, conj. *Until, till the time that*.

Β' = δύω, two; δεύτερος, second.

Βαβυλών, ὄνος, f. *Babylon*; the metropolis of the Babylo-Assyrian Empire in Mesopotamia; its ruins are found at Hille, in Irak Arabi.—Hence, Βαβυλώνιος, ἰα, ἰον, adj. *Of, or belonging to, Babylon; Babylonian*.

Βάβυλ-ων-ιος, ἰα, ἰον; see Βαβυλόν.

βακτηρία, ἰας, f. [like βακτρον, connected with βα-ίνω, "to go"] *A staff, stick*.

βάλανος, ου, f. (1. An acorn.
—2.) Of palm-trees: *A date*.

βάπτω, f. βάψω, v. a. *To dip*.
βάπτων, ουσα, ον, P. pres.
of βάπτω.

βάρβαρ-ικός, ική, ικόν, adj.
[βάρβαρ-ος, "a barbarian"]
("Pertaining to a βάρβαρος";
hence) *Barbaric, barbarian, foreign*.

1. βάρ-βάρ-ος, ον, adj. [usu-
ally regarded as formed from the
sound] *Barbarous*; i.e. not
Greek; *foreign*. — As Subst.:
βάρβαρος, ου, m. *A barbarian, foreigner*.

2. βάρβαρος, ου; see 1.
βάρβαρος.

βάρ-έως, adv. [βαρ-ύ.
"heavy, painful"] 1. *Heavily*:
—βαρέως φέρειν, (to bear heavily,
i.e.) *to take ill or amiss; to feel*
aggrieved at; 1, 4. — 2. *With pain*,
disquiet or vexation; 1, 9.

βασίλ-ειος, εια, ειον, adj. =
βασιλικός.

βασίλευς, έος, Att. έως, m.:
1. *A king*. — 2. *The king*; (some-
times, as at 3, 17, with μέγας) *The*
great king, i. e. the king of
Persia.

βᾶσιλ-εύω, f. -εύσω, v. n.
[βᾶσιλ-εύς, "a king"] *To be a*
king; to rule, reign.

βᾶσιλεύων, ουσα, ον, P.
pres. of βᾶσιλεύω.

βᾶσιλ-ικός, ική, ικόν, adj.
[βᾶσιλ-εύς, no. 2, "THE king"]
Of, or belonging to, the king;
royal; 2, 12.

βελτίους, masc. and fem.
contr. acc. plur. of βελτίων.

βελτίων, ον, βέλτιστος,
η, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of
αγαθός; see αγαθός.

βλάβ-η, ης, f. [βλάπτω, "to
hurt," through root βλαβ]
Hurt, harm, damage.

βλᾶκ-εύω, v. n. [βλάξ,
βλᾶκ-ός, "indolent"] *To be in-*
dolent or lazy.

βλάπτω, f. βλάψω, p. βέ-
βλάφα, v. a. [for βλάβ-τω; fr.
root βλαβ] *To hurt, harm,*
damage.

βοθῆ-εια, είας, f. [βοθη-ός,
"a helper"] *Help, aid, assist-*
ance.

βοθη-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p.
(βε-βοθῆ)-ηκα, v. n. [id.] ("To
be a βοηθός"; hence) *To help,*
aid, assist; — at 5, 20 with
Dat. [§ 102, (3)]; cf. Primer,
§ 106 (3).

βοθηῆσαι, 1. aor. inf. of
βοθηέω.

βοθηήσων, ουσα, ον, P. fut.
of βοθηέω.

βοιῶτι-ος, ου, m. [βοιῶτι-
ος, "of, or belonging to, Boeotia;
a state of central Greece, on the
borders of Attica"] *A man of*
Boeotia; a Boeotian.

βουλεύσασθαι, 1. aor. inf.
mid. of βουλεύω.

βουλ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p. (βε-
βούλ)-ευκα, v. a. [βουλ-ή, "coun-
sel, plan"] 1. Act.: *To plan, de-*
vise, deliberate on or about a thing.
— 2. Mid.: βουλεύ-ομαι, f.
-ομαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-βουλεν)-σάμην.
To take counsel with one's self; to
deliberate.

βούλ-ομαι, f. -ήσομαι, p.
(βε-βούλ)-ημαι, 2. p. (βέ-βουλ)-
α, v. mid.: 1. Alone: *To have*
a wish or desire; to wish, de-
stre, will, be willing. — 2. With
Inf.: *To wish, etc., to do, etc.*
— 3. With Objective clause:
To wish, etc., that something
should be, etc. — 4. With Acc.:
To wish for, want, something
[root βουλ, strengthened from
βोल, akin to Sans. root वृम,
"to choose"]].

βουλήσομαι, fut. ind. of
βούλομαι.

βουλοίμην, pres. opt. of
βούλομαι.

βουλόμενος, η, ον, P. pres.
of βούλομαι.

βοῦς, βοός, comm. gen.: 1. *A cow, ox.*—2. Plur.: *Cattle in collective force* [acc. to some from the sound βο, whence βοάω, and so “the lowing or bellowing one”; acc. to others, akin to the Sanscrit go, “a bull, a cow”; and in plur. “cattle”].

γάμος, ον, m. *Marriage, matrimony.*

γάρ, conj. *For.*

γαστήρ, ἑσοςρός, m. *The belly, stomach* [prob. akin to Sans. jafhar-a, “the belly”].

γέ, enclitic particle: *At least, indeed, at any rate* [prob. akin to Sans. gha or ghā, an old pronominal base].

γενενημένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of γίγνομαι.

γεγονώς, via, ὅς, P. perf. of γίγνομαι:—γεγονὼς ἀπὸ, *sprung from*; 1, 8; cf. Lat. nātus ab:—οἱ τριάκοντα ἔτη γεγονότες, (*those having been born thirty years, i.e. those who were thirty years of age*; 8, 12; cf. Lat. natus folld. by acc. of time and a numeral adj.

γράφεται, 3. pers. sing. perf. ind. pass. of γράφω;—used impersonally at 6. 4.

γείτων, ονος, comm. gen. *A neighbour.*—As adj.: *Neighbouring, bordering on.*

γελᾶω (-ῶ), f. -άσω and -άσομαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-γέλ)-ασα, v. n. *To laugh* [acc. to some akin to Sans. root HLAD, “to be glad”; acc. to others, HARY, “to desire”].

γεν-εἶ, eās, f. [γεν, root γίγνομαι, “to be born”] (“*A being born*”; hence) *Birth.*

γενειᾶω (-ῶ), v. n. [γενει-ον, “a beard”] *To grow, or get, a beard.*

γενειῶντα, masc. acc. sing. of γενειῶν (-ῶν), P. pres. of γενειᾶω

γενέσθαι, 2. aor. inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενοίμην, 2. aor. opt. of γίγνομαι.

γέρρον, ον, n. [commonly referred to εἶρω, “to plait or interlace”] (“*That which is interlaced*”; hence, “any thing made of wicker-work”; hence) *A wicker-shield*, of oblong shape, and covered with ox-hide, such as was used by Persian soldiers.

γέφυρα, ας, f. *A bridge.*

γι-γν-ομαι (γι-ν-ομαι), f. **γενήσομαι**, 2. p. **γένονα**, 2. aor. **ἐγενόμην**, v. mid. irreg. [reduplicated and altered fr. root γεν, akin to Sanscrit root ज्ञा, in intrans. force, “to be born”; also, “to become, take place”] 1. *To be*;—at 2, 3 supply καλὰ after ἐγίγνετο; *were not favourable.*—2. *To become.*—3. *To occur, happen, take place.*—4. *To be born or sprung.*

γιγνόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of γίγνομαι:—*τούτων γιγνόμενων*, Gen. Abs. [§ 118]; cf. Primer, § 125.

γι-γνώ-σκω (γι-νῶ-σκω), f. **γνώ-σω**, **γνώ-σομαι**, p. **ἔ-γνω-κα**, 2. aor. **ἔ-γνων** (Imperat. **γνώθι**, subj. **γνώ, ᾤς, ᾤ**, opt. **γνοίην**, inf. **γινῶναι**, part. **γνούς**), v. a.: 1. *To perceive, mark, learn*, etc.—In past tenses, *to know.*—2. With Part. in concord with Object: *To know that one, etc.*, is, etc.; see 5, 13.—3. *To be of opinion*; 5, 8.—4. Imperis. Pass.: **ἐγνώσθη**, *it was known*; 4, 22.—Pass.: **γι-γνώ-σκομαι (γι-νῶ-σκομαι)**, p. **ἔ-γνω-σμαι**, 1. aor. **ἔ-γνώ-σθην**, f. **γνώ-σθήσομαι** [root **γνώ**, akin to Sans. root ज्ञा, “to know”; cf. Lat. “no-sco,” Eng. “know”].

γιγνώσκων, ονσα, ον, P. pres. of γιγνώσκω.

Γλοῦς, οὔ, m. *Glus*; the son of Tamos. Upon Artax-

erxes proclaiming an amnesty he abandoned the Greeks, and went over to the king, with whom he soon stood in high favour; see TAMOS.

γνούς, οὔσα, οὖν, P. 2. aor. of γινώσκω.

γνώ-μη, μης, f. [γνώ, root of γι-γνώ-σκω, "to know"] ("That which knows"; hence)

1. *Mind*:—τὴν γνώμην ἔχειν πρὸς, to have the mind directed towards, i.e. to be inclined towards, etc.—2. *Opinion*, etc.—3. *Intention, purpose, design, plan*.

Γοργίας, ον, m. Gorgias; a Greek sophist of Leontini in Sicily.

γράφ-ω, f. γράψω (=γράφ-σω), p. γέ-γραφ-α, 1. aor. ἔ-γραφ-α (=ἔ-γραφ-σα), v. a.: 1. Act.: a. To write.—b. To write an account of, to narrate, etc.—2. Pass.: γράφ-ομαι, p. γέ-γραμ-μαι (=γέ-γραφ-μαι), 1. aor. ἔ-γράφ-θην, 2. aor. ἔ-γράφ-ην, f. γραφ-ήσομαι.

γυναικός, gen. sing. of γυνή.

γυν-ή, αἰκός, f. ("She who brings forth"; hence, "a woman"; hence) A wife [akin to Sans. root JAN, in transitive force, "to bring forth"].

Δαμάρτος, ον, m. *Dam-aratus*; a king of Sparta, deposed through the intrigues of Cleomenes. Passing over into Asia, he was honourably received by Darius Hystaspes, who presented him with lands and cities.

δαπαν-άω (-ᾶ), f. -ήσω, p. (δε-δαν-ή)κα, 1. aor. (ἐ-δαν-)ησα, v. a. [δαν-ή, "expenditure"] To expend, lay out, spend one's means, etc.;—with eis, to spend (one's means, etc.) upon; 6, 6.

δᾶρεικός, κοῦ, m. A daric; a Persian gold coin=20 Attic drachmæ [the origin of this word is by some attributed to Darius, king of Persia, by whom this kind of money was said to have been coined; by others to Persian dar-d, "a king"; so that in this latter case it is of kindred origin with the English "sovereign"].

δασέος, masc. and neut. gen. sing. of δασύς.

δασύς, εἰα, ύ, adj.: 1. Thick.—2. With Gen.: Thick with, i.e. full of; 4, 16.

δέ, conj.: 1. But; see μέν.—2. And, further.

δεδήλωμαι, perf. ind. pass. of δηλόω.

δεδομένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of δίδωμι.

δέη, pres. subj. of δεῖ.

δέησεται, fut. ind. of δεῖ.

δεῖ, subj. δέη, opt. δέοι, inf. δεῖν, part. δέον, f. δεήσει, 1. aor. ἐδέησε, v. n. impers. [formed partly from δέω, "to bind," partly from δέω, "to need, lack"] It is necessary, it is needful, etc.

δελ-η, ης, f. Afternoon; esp. the early part of it.

δεῖν, pres. inf. of δεῖ.

δεινόν, ον; see δεινός.

δει-νός, νή, νόν, adj. [for δεῖδ-νός; fr. δεῖδ-ω, "to fear"] ("To be feared"; hence) 1. Terrible, fearful.—As Subst.: δεινόν, ον, n. ("A terrible thing," i.e.) A danger, peril, etc.—2. Wonderful, skilful, clever;—at 5, 15 with Inf.

δειπν-έω (-ᾶ), f. -ήσω, p. (δε-δείπν-)ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-δείπν-)ησα, v. a. [δείπν-ον, "a meal"] To make a meal upon;—at 2, 4 supply ἐκεῖνο, which is omitted before following rel. δ τι.

δεῖσθαι, pres. inf. mid. of δέω.

δένδρον, ον, n. *A tree* [prob. akin to δρῦς, "a tree"].

δεξιὰ, ἄς; see δεξιός.

δεξιός, ἰά, ἰόν, adj. *Right* as opposed to "left."—As Subst.: δεξιὰ, ἄς, f. *A right hand*.—Phrases: a. δεξιάν, or δεξιάς, διδόναι, *to give the right hand or right hands as a salutation, or as a pledge of fidelity to one's word or engagement, etc.*; see 3, 28.—b. δεξιάν, or δεξιάς, φέρειν, *to bring a right hand or right hands, i.e. to bring a salutation and pledge of goodwill, etc., from another in his behalf*; see 4, 1 [akin to Sans. dakṣ-a, "clever"; dakṣ-ina, "clever"; also "right," as opposed to left].

δεῖσι, pres. opt. of δεῖ.

δεσπότης, ον, m.: 1. *A master of a house or household*; as opposed to οἰκέτης, "a domestic"; see 3, 15.—2. *An absolute ruler, a lord*; see 5, 14 [prob. akin to Sans. dam-pati, "master of a house"].

δεῦρο, adv. *Hither*.

δεύτερος, τερα, τερον, adj. *Second*.—Adverbial expression: τὸ δεύτερον, *The second time*; 2, 4 [akin, like δύ-ο, "two," to Sans. dvī, "two"].

δέω, f. δέσω, p. δεδέκα, v. n. *To be in need of, etc.*—Mid.: δέομαι, f. δέσομαι, p. pass. as mid. δεδέσθαι, 1. aor. pass. as mid. ἰδέσθην: a. With Gen.: *To stand in need of, want, etc.*; 6, 5.—b. *Alone: To be in want or need*:—ὕπὸ τοῦ δεῖσθαι, *from the being in want or under the pressure of want*; 6, 13.—c. With Acc. of thing: ("To want"; hence, as a result) *To ask, or beg, for*; 3, 29:—ἀ δέομαι, for ἐκεῖνα, ἀ δέομαι.

δή, adv.: 1. *Of time: Now, already*.—2. *In marking connections: Then*.—3. *With ἄγε, etc.: But come, only come*.—4.

Indeed, in fact:—sometimes ironically: *In good truth, forsooth*.—5. *With other particles to impart greater explicitness: Exactly, just, etc.*

δη-λος, λη, λον, adj.: 1. *Visible*.—2. *Clear, manifest, plain, evident*;—in adverbial force, *clearly, etc.* [akin to Sans. root Df, "to shine"; and so, etymologically, "shining"].

δηλ-ῶ (-ῶ), f. -ῶσω, p. (δε-δήλ)-ῶκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-δήλ)-ῶσα, v. a. [δηλ-ος, "manifest"] 1. *To make manifest, show*.—2. *To prove, evidence*.—3. *To explain, set forth, declare*.—Pass.: p. (δε-δήλ)-ῶμαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-δήλ)-ῶθην, f. -ῶθήσομαι;—at 1, 1, δεδήλωται is used impersonally.

διά, prep.: 1. *With Gen.: Through*.—b. *Of time: At intervals of*.—c. *By means of, by, through*.—2. *With Acc.: On account or for the sake of; by reason of* [akin to Sans. dv-a, "two"].

διαβαλὴν, 2. aor. opt. of διαβαίνω.

δια-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, p. -βέβηκα, 2. aor. (δι-έβην, v. a. [διά, "over, across"; βαίνω, "to go"] *To go or pass over or across; to cross*.

διαβαλὼν, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of διαβαίνω;—at 4, 24 supply αὐτῶν with διαβαινόντων, Gen. Abs. [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 125.

δια-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, p. -βέβηκα, v. a. and n. [διά, "through"; βάλλω, "to strike" by throwing] ("To strike through"; hence, "to strike through or wound" by words, etc.; hence) *To calumniate, slander, traduce, accuse falsely*;—at 6, 26 with Acc. of person; at 5, 24 and at 5, 27 without nearer Object.

διαβάλλων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of διαβάλλω.

διᾶβα-σις, *σεως*, *f.* [διᾶβα-*ίνω*, "to cross"] ("A crossing"; hence) *A means of crossing*, e.g. a bridge, etc.

διᾶβα-τέος, *τέα*, *τέον*, verbal adj. [id.] With Dat. [§ 105]: *That must be crossed by*; 4, 6.

διᾶβα-τός, *τή*, *τόν*, verbal adj. [id.] *To be crossed; capable of being crossed*; 5, 9.

διᾶβεβηκότες, nom. plur. masc. of διᾶβεβηκώς, *p. perf.* of διᾶβαίνω.

διᾶβήναι, 2. aor. inf. of διᾶβαίνω.

διᾶβολ-ή, *ῆς*, *f.* [for διᾶβαλ-*η*; fr. διᾶβάλ-*λω*, "to calumniate"] ("A calumniating"; hence) *Calumny, slander, false accusation*.

διαγγελοῖ, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. subj. pass. of διαγγέλλω.

δι-αγγέλλω, *f.* -αγγελῶ, 1. aor. -ῆγγεila, 1. aor. pass. -ῆγγέθην, *v. a.* [διά, in "strengthening force"; ἀγγέλλω, "to announce" by a messenger] *To announce by a messenger; to notify, communicate, etc.*

διαγελάειν, pres. inf. of διαγελάω;—at 6, 26 for τῷ διαγελάειν see [§ 155, 1].

διᾶ-γελάω (-ῶ), *f.* -γελάσσομαι, *v. a.* [διά, in "intensive force"; γελάω, "to laugh at"] ("To laugh greatly at"; hence) *To ridicule, mock, sneer at.*

διᾶ-γίγνομαι, *f.* -γενήσομαι, 2. aor. (δι-)εγενόμην, *v. mid.* [διά, "throughout"; γίγνομαι, "to be"] ("To be throughout" a certain time; hence) With Part.: *To continue doing or to do, etc.*; 6, 5.

δι-άγω, *f.* -άξω, *v. a.* [δι-ά, "across"; ἄγω, "to convey"] *To convey across*; 4, 28.

διᾶ-κείμεαι, *f.* -κείσομαι, *v. mid.* [διά, in "strengthening force"; κείμαι, in the force of

"to lie"] *To be in a certain state of mind, etc.; to be disposed or affected*:—πάνυ φιλικῶς διακείσθαι, *to be very friendly disposed*; 5, 27.

διᾶ-κόσ-τοι, *ται*, *ῖα*, num. adj. plur. *Two hundred*;—at 5, 30 with Gen of "thing distributed" [§ 112, Obs. 1]; cf. Primer, § 130 [prob. διᾶ, lengthened fr. διᾶ, in its etymological force of "twice" (see διᾶ):—κόσ = κατ, fr. Sans. *cat-a*, "a hundred"; see ἐκατόν].

διαλεχθεῖς, *είσα*, *έν*, *P. 1.* aor. pass. of διαλέγομαι, in middle force.

διᾶ-λέγομαι, *f.* -λέξομαι, 1. aor. (δι-)ελεξάμην, 1. aor. pass. in mid. force (δι-)ελέχθην [διά, "one with another"; λέγομαι, mid. form of λέγω, "to speak"] ("To speak one with another"; hence) *To converse, hold conversation, discourse, etc.*

διᾶλεχθεῖς, *είσα*, *έν*, *P. 1.* aor. pass. (in mid. force) of διᾶλέγω.

διᾶ-νοέομαι (-νοοῦμαι), *f.* -νοήσομαι, *p.* -νενοήμαι, 1. aor. (δι-)ενοήθην, *v. mid.* [διά, in "strengthening force"; νοέομαι, mid. form of νοέω, "to think"] ("To think completely"; hence) *To meditate, intend, purpose.*

διαπτεπραγμένος, *η, ον*, *P.* perf. pass. of διαπράσσω.

διᾶ-πορεύω, *v. a.* [διά, "across, through"; πορεύω, "to make to go, to convey"] 1. Act.: *To convey across, transport over, a stream, etc.*; 5, 18.—2. Mid.: διᾶ-πορεύομαι, *f.* -πορεύσομαι, 1. aor. pass. in mid. force: (δι-)επορεύθην, ("To make one's self to go through"; hence) *To pass through, traverse, a country, etc.*; 2, 11.

διαπραξάμενος, *η, ον*, *P. 1.* aor. mid. of διαπράσσω.

διαπράξασθαι, *διαπράξ-*

ωμαι, 1. aor. inf. and subj. mid. of διαπράσσω.

Δια-πράσσω (Attic, -πράττω), f. -πράξω, v. a. [διά, "completely"; πράσσω, "to do"] 1. Act.: *To accomplish, perform, effect*.—2. Mid.: δια-πράσσομαι (-πράττομαι), f. δια-πράξομαι, 1. aor. δι-επραξάμην, p. pass. διαπέπραγμαι, in mid. force: *To effect for one's self; to gain or obtain*.

Δι-αρπάξω, f. -αρπάσω and -αρπάσομαι, p. -ήρπακα, 1. aor. -ήρπασα, v. a. [δι-ά, "completely"; ἀρπάξω, "to plunder"] *To plunder completely, to spoil, etc.*—Pass.: δι-αρπάζομαι, pluperf. δι-ηρπάσμην, f. δι-αρπασθήσομαι.

Διαρπάσαι, 1. aor. inf. of διαρπάξω.

Δι-σημαίνω, f. -σημᾶνῶ, 1. aor. (δι-)εσήμνηνα, v. a. [διά, in "strengthening force"; σημαίνω, "to signify"] *To signify, point out, intimate*.

Δια-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ, v. a. [διά, "separation"; σπείρω, "to scatter"] 1. Act.: *To scatter or spread abroad*.—2. Pass.: δια-σπείρομαι, 1. f. -σπαρθήσομαι, p. (δι-)εσπαρμαι, 2. aor. (δι-)εσπάρην.

Δια-τριβώ, f. -τρίψω, v. a. [διά, in "strengthening force"; τριβώ, "to rub"; hence of time, "to wear away," etc.] *To wear away or spend time; to delay*:—the acc. χρόνον is usually omitted, as at 8, 9.

Διατριβήσω, fut. ind. of διατριβώ.

Δι-α-φέρω, f. (δι-)οίσω and -οίσομαι, 1. aor. (δι-)ήνεγκα, v. n. [διά, "apart"; φέρω, "to carry"] ("To carry apart," "to separate"; hence) With Gen. [§ 114]: *To differ, or be different, from*.

Διδάσκ-αλος, ἄλου, m.

[διδάσκ-ω, "to teach"] *One who teaches; a teacher*.

Δι-δάσκω, f. διδάξω, p. δι-δάχα, 1. aor. ἐδίδαξα, v. a. [reduplicated from root δα] *To teach, inform, etc.*

Διδοίην, pres. opt. of δίδωμι.

Δι-δω-μι, f. δώσω, p. δέδωκα, 1. aor. ἔδωκα, 2. aor. ἔδων, v. a.: 1. Act.: a. *To give*.—b. *To grant, concede, etc., as a gift*.—2. Pass.: δι-δο-μαι, p. δέδομαι, 1. aor. ἐδόθην, 1. f. δοθήσομαι, *To be given* [lengthened and strengthened from root δο, akin to Sanscrit root दा, "to give"].

Διέβην, 2. aor. ind. of διαβαίνω.

Διέβησαν, 3. pers. plur. 2. aor. ind. of διαβαίνω.

Διγενόμην, 2. aor. ind. of διαγίγνομαι.

Δι-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω, Attic -ελῶ, 1. aor. -ήλασα, v. n. [δι-ά, "through"; ελαίνω, in force of "to ride"] *To ride through, charge through*.

Διελθών, οὔσα, ὄν, P. 2. aor. of διέρχομαι.

Διεπραξάμην, 1. aor. ind. mid. of διαπράσσω.

Δι-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, 2. aor. -ήλθον, v. mid. [δι-ά, "through"; έρχομαι, "to come or go"] *To come or go through; to pass, or cross, over*.

Διεσήμνηνα, 1. aor. ind. of διασημαίνω.

Διεσπάρθαι, perf. inf. pass. of διασπείρω.

Διηγγέλεθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of διαγγέλλω.

Διήλασα, 1. aor. ind. of διελαύνω.

Διήρπαστο, 3. pers. sing. pluperf. ind. pass. of διαρπάξω.

Δίκ-αιος, αια, αιον, adj. [δίκ-η, "justice"] ("Of, or belonging to, δικ-η"; hence) *Just, right*: —τὸ δίκαιον, *justice*, 6, 18.

ΔΙΚΑΙ-ΟΤΗΣ, ὁότης, f. [δικαί-ος, "just"] ("The quality of the δικαίος"; hence) *Justice, uprightness.*

ΔΙΚΑΙ-ΩΣ, adv. [id.] ("After the manner of the δικαίος"; hence) *Justly, rightly.*

ΔΙΚ-Η, ης, f. ("That which is shown, is manifest or apparent," etc., and so, "custom, usage"; hence) 1. *Right*.—2. *Justice, law*, etc.—3. *Satisfaction, or penalty*, awarded by a judge:—δίκην δίδοναι, (to give satisfaction to another, i. e.) to suffer punishment; 6, 27: δίκην ἔχειν, (to have a penalty, i. e.) to have got punishment; 5, 38 and 41 [prob. root ΔΙΚ=ΔΕΙΚ, whence δεικ-νυμι, akin to Sanscrit root DIQ, "to show"].

ΔΙ-ΟΤΙ, conj. [for διὰ τοῦτο, ὅτι, "on account of this, that"] *Therefore, because that, inasmuch as, since.*

ΔΙΦΘΕΡ-ΥΝΟΣ, ἵνη, ἵνον, adj. [διφθέρ-α, "a tanned hide, leather"] ("Of, or belonging to, διφθέρα"; hence) *Of, or made of, tanned hides or leather.*

ΔΙΩΚΩ, f. διώξω, p. δεδίωχα, 1. aor. ἐδίωξα, v. a. *To pursue, chase* [prob. a lengthened form of δῖω, "to flee"; also, "put to flight," etc.; akin to Sans. root DI, "to fly"].

ΔΙ-ΩΡΥΞ, ὥρυχος, f. [for δι-ᾠρυχ-ς; fr. δι-ά, "through"; ᾠρυχ, lengthened from ὀρυχ, a root of ὀρύσσω, "to dig"] ("That which is dug through" a place; hence) *A canal, etc.*; 4, 17, etc.

ΔΟΘΗΝΑΙ, 1. aor. inf. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΚΕΩ, f. δόξω, δοκήσω, p. δεδόκηκα, 1. aor. ἔδοξα, v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: With Objectival clause: *To think, suppose, imagine*; cf. 2, 14.—2. Neut.: a. *To seem, appear*.—b. Of things:

To seem good, appear right; to be resolved, or agreed, upon;—at 3, 28, ἔδοξε has ταῦτα for its subject [§ 82, a].—c. With Dat. of person [§ 103]: *To seem good to, etc.*—Impers.: ἔδοξε, *It seemed good, it was resolved*; cf. [§ 82, d] with Primer, § 157.—d. With Inf.: *To be reputed or deemed to be, etc.; to have the character of being, etc.*; 6, 1.

ΔΟΚΟῖΝ, for δοκοῖσαν, 3. pers. plur. of δοκοῖν; see δοκοῖν.

ΔΟΚΟῖΝ, for δοκοῖμι, pres. opt. of δοκέω.

ΔΟΞ-Α, ης, f. [for δόκ-σα, fr. δοκ-έω, "to think"] ("A thinking"; hence) *Thought, expectation, opinion, etc.*

ΔΟΞΑΙ, 1. aor. inf. of δοκέω.
ΔΟΞΑΣ, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of δοκέω.

ΔΟΞΩ, fut. ind. of δοκέω.

ΔΟΡΥ, δόρατος, n. ("Timber, a plank," as made from felled wood; hence, "the shaft" of a spear; hence) *A spear, lance* [akin to Sans. dāru, "wood"].

ΔΟΥΛ-ΟΣ, ου, m. [prob. for δέ-ολ-ος; fr. δέ-ω, "to bind"; ὅλ-ος, "whole"] ("One wholly bound"; hence) *A slave.*

ΔΟΥΝΑΙ, 2. aor. inf. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, ου, m. *A din, confused sound, etc.*; 2, 19.

ΔΥΝΑΜΗΝ, pres. opt. of δύναμαι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, f. δυνήσομαι, p. δεδύνημαι, v. mid. irreg.: 1. *To be able*.—2. With Inf.: *To be able, or have the power, etc., to do, etc.*—3. With Acc.: ("To be worth"; hence) *To be equivalent to*; 2, 18.—4. *To have power, be powerful.*

ΔΥΝΑΜ-ΙΣ, ιος, Attic εως, f. [δύναμ-αι, "to be able"] ("A being able," or "having power"; hence) 1. *Power, in the widest*

acceptation of the word. — 2. *Forces, troops, etc.*; 1, 18; 3, 4.

δυν-ἄτός, ἄτη, ἄτόν, adj. [δύν-αμαι, "to be able"] 1. Of persons: *Able, capable*. — 2. Of things: *Able to be done, etc.*; possible.

δυνήσομαι, 1. fut. ind. of δύναμαι.

δύνω; see 1. δύω.

δύνωμαι, pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δύνων, ονσα, ον, P. pres. of δύνω: — ἅμα ἡλίου δύνοντι, (*together with the setting sun, i.e.*) *at sunset*; 2, 13, etc.

δύο or δύω (Gen. and Dat. δυοῖν), dual numeral, adj. [akin to Sans. *dvī*, "two"] *Two*; — at 4, 13 in attribution to a plural word, *διώρυχας*.

δύόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of 1. δύω: — ἡλίου δυόμενος, *setting sun, sunset*; 2, 16.

δύσ-πορ-ος, ον, adj. [for δύσ-περ-ος; fr. δύς (inseparable prefix), denoting "difficulty"; περ-ᾶω, "to pass"] Of rivers, etc.: *To be passed with difficulty; scarcely to be passed or crossed*.

1. δύω (also δύνω), f. δύσω, 1. aor. ἰδύσα, in active form, v. n. — Mid. δύομαι, f. δύσομαι, 1. aor. ἰδυσάμην. Of the heavenly bodies: *To set*.

2. δύω; see δύο.

δῶ-ρεν, ρον, n. [δω, root of δι-δω-μι, "to give"] ("That which is given"; hence) *A gift, present*.

ἐ-άν, conj. [for ἐι-άν; fr. εἰ, "if"; particle ἄν] With Subjunctive mood: *If that or so be that; if haply*.

ἐάσω, fut. ind. of ἐάω.

ἐαυτοῦ, ἧς, οῦ (αὐτοῦ, ἧς, οῦ), reflexive pron. of 3rd person. *Of himself, herself, itself*: — ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν, *by themselves*.

ἐἶδω, f. ἐάσω, p. εἶακα, 1. aor. εἶασα, v. n. *To allow, suffer, permit*.

ἐβουλόμην, imperf. ind. of βούλομαι.

ἐγγύς, adv. [akin to ἄγχι, "near"] *Near, nigh at hand*. — With Gen.: ἐγγὺς ἀλλήλων, *near one another*; 4, 1; cf. 4, 14. H35 Comp.: ἐγγυτέρω; Sup.: ἐγγυτάτω, 2, 11; ἐγγυτάτα, 2, 17.

ἐγγυτάτ-α, ἐγγυτάτ-ω, sup. adv.; see ἐγγύς.

ἐγενόμην, 2. aor. ind. of γίνομαι.

ἐγ-κέφαλ-ος, ον, m. [ἐγ-κέφαλ-ος (for ἐν-κέφαλ-ος; fr. ἐν, "in"; κεφαλ-ή, "head"), "within the head"] ("That which is within the head"; hence, "the brain"; hence) Of palm-tops, etc.: *The edible pith*; 3, 16.

ἐγνων, 2. aor. ind. of γινώσκω.

ἐγνώσθη, 3. pers. sing. 1. aor. ind. pass. of γινώσκω; in impersonal force at 4, 22.

ἐγραψα, 1. aor. ind. of γράφω.

ἐγώ, Gen. ἐμοῦ, enclitic μου, pron. pers. I. — With enclitic γε: ἐγωγε, *I indeed, I at least* [akin to Sans. *aham* (= ἐγών)].

ἐδεήθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of δέομαι.

ἐδήλωσα, 1. aor. ind. of δηλόω.

ἐδίωξα, 1. aor. ind. of διώκω.

ἐδοξα, 1. aor. ind. of δοκέω.

ἐδοξε; see δοκέω.

ἐδοσαν, 3. pers. plur. 2. aor. ind. of δίδωμι.

ἐδυνάμην, imperf. ind. of δύνᾶμαι.

ἐδωκα, 1. aor. ind. of δίδωμι.

ἐδων, 2. aor. ind. of δίδωμι.

ἐζεύγμενος, η, ον, perf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔθανατώθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of θανατώω.

ἐθέλω, f. ἐθέλῃσω, p. ἤθελκα, 1. aor. ἤθελσα, v. n. [another form of θέλω] 1. *To will, be willing.*—2. *To wish, desire, etc.*

ἔθνος, εὐς οὐς, n. *A nation, people.*

1. εἰ, conj. *If*:—εἰ-γε, conj. *If at least*:—εἰ μὴ, *if not; unless; except.*

2. εἰ, 2. pers. sing. pres. ind. of εἰμί.

εἰθέναί, perf. inf. of εἶδω; see εἶδω.

εἶδον, 2. aor. ind. of εἶδω.

εἶδ-ος, εὐς οὐς, n. [εἶδ, root of εἶδ-ον, "to see"] ("A thing seen"; hence) *Form, shape, etc.*

εἶδω (pres. not in use), fut.

εἶσομαι, seldom εἰδήσω, 2. aor.

εἶδον (imper. ἴδῃ, subj. ἴδω, ης,

η, opt. ἴδομαι, inf. ἴδειν, part.

ἴδων), perf. mid. εἶδα (2. pers.

εἶδμεν for εἶδαμεν, imperat. ἴσθι,

subj. εἶδω, opt. εἰδείην, inf. εἰδέ-

ναι, part. εἰδώς), pluperf. ἥδειν,

2. aor. mid. εἰδόμεν, v. a. irreg.

To know; to perceive mentally or

physically. ~~εἶδον~~ The perf. and

pluperf. are respectively used as

pres. and imperf., viz., *I know,*

I knew; with inf. following: (I)

know how. The 2. aor. εἶδον and

εἶδομαι apply to the sight, viz.,

(I) *see* [akin to Sans. root VID,

"to perceive, know"].

εἰδώς, νῖα, ὅς, P. perf. of

εἶδω; see εἶδω.

εἶεν; see εἶσαν.

εἶην, pres. opt. of εἰμί.

εἶσαν (εἶεν), 3. pers. plur.

pres. opt. of εἰμί.

εἰκός; see εἰκώς.

εἰκοσι(ν), num. adj. indecl.

Twenty [akin to Sans. *viṃśati*

(contr. fr. *dvī*, "two"; *daśanti*

(original form of *daśan*),

"ten"; *t*, suffix); whence also

Lat. *vīginti*].

εἰκότα, acc. neut. plur. of εἰκώς; see εἰκώς.

εἰκότ-ως adv. [εἰκώς, εἰκότ-ος, "seeming good"] ("After the manner of the εἰκώς"; hence) *Reasonably, fairly, naturally, etc.*

εἰκώς (for εἰοκώς), νῖα, ὅς, P. of εἰοκα.—As Subst.: εἰκότα, n. plur. *Things that seemed good; reasonable or proper things*; 3, 6.

1. εἰ-μί, f. εἶσομαι, v. n. [for

εἶσ-μι, akin to Sanscrit root AS,

"to be"] 1. *To be*.—Impers.: ὅψῃ ἦν, *it was late*; 2, 16.—2.

With Gen.: a. *To be the property*

of, to belong to; 1, 4; 5, 38, etc.—

b. *To be the part of, etc.*; 5,

21.—3. With Dat. of person: *To*

be to a person, i.e. of the person

as subject: To have; cf. 1, 12; 4,

6, etc. [§ 104, b]; cf. Primer,

§ 107, c.—4. Impers.: a. ἦν, *it*

was possible for one, one might;

3, 11.—b. ἔστιν, *it is possible*;

—ἔστιν εἶδεν, *it is possible to see,*

or one may see; 8, 15:—οὐκ

ἔστι(ν), *it is impossible*; 2, 3.

2. εἰ-μι, v. n. *To go*; mostly

in fut. force [akin to Sans. root I,

"to go"].

εἶναι, pres. inf. of εἰμί.

εἶπατε, 2. pers. plur. im-

perat. of εἶπα; see εἶπον.

εἶπειν, inf. of εἶπον.

εἰ-περ, conj. [εἰ, "if"; *περ*,

"indeed"] *If indeed.*

εἰπόμεν, imperf. ind. of

εἶπομαι.

εἶπ-ον, 2. aor., 1. aor. εἶπ-α,

v. a. without pres.: 1. *To say,*

speak; 1, 4:—with a speech, etc.,

or dependent clause as Object;

1, 21.—2. *To tell, relate, mention*,

5, 33 [akin to Sans. root VACH,

"to speak"].

εἰπών, οὐσα, ὄν, P. of εἶπον.

εἰρ-ήνη, ἡνῆς, f. ("The bind-

ing, or fastening, thing";

hence) *Peace*:—εἰρήνην ἀγειν,

(*to keep, or be at, peace*; i.e.) *to be*

in a state of rest or repose [prob. εἶρω, "to bind" or "fasten"; cf. Lat. *pax* = *pac-s*, fr. root *PAC*=*PAG*, "to bind," etc.].

εἶρω (rare), f. ἐρῶ, p. εἶρηκα, v. a. To say.

1. εἰς (Attic εἰς), prep. gov. acc.: 1. *Into, to*.—With verbs of rest, to denote previous motion *into* or *to* a place, etc., and doing, etc., something *in* it:—εἰς τὸν θρόνον τὸν βασιλεῖον αὐτὸν καθιεῖν, *that we will take him to the royal chair or throne, and seat him in it, i.e. that we will seat him in, or on, the royal throne*; 1, 4:—ἐπεὶ δ' ἔστησαν εἰς ἐπήκοον, *and when they came to a place within hearing and stood there, i.e. and when they stood within hearing*; 5, 38.—2. Of time: *Up to, till, until, to*.—3. With numeral adjectives: a. *Up to, to the number of*:—εἰς τεσσαράκοντα, *up to, or to the number of, forty*; 2, 7.—b. Of arrangement, etc.: *By*:—εἰς δύο, *by two, i.e. two deep*.—4. To denote relation to a matter: *In regard, or with respect to*; as *to, for*:—ἐς φιλίαν, *in regard to, etc., friendship*.—5. *Up to, as far as; to the utmost of*; 3, 23.

2. εἰς, μία, ἑ, num. adj. *One*:—at 1, 13 with Gen. of thing distributed, μία ἐλπίδων [§ 112]; cf. Primer, § 130; cf. also, εἰς αὐτῶν; 6, 1.

εἰς-ω, adv. [εἰς, "in"] *Within, inside*;—sta. with follg. Gen. [§ 112, Obs. 3]; 1, 19; cf. also, 4, 12, where it follows its case.

εἰτα, adv.: 1. *Then, thereupon*.—2. *In the next place, furthermore*.

εἰ-τε, conj. [εἰ, "if"; τε, "and"] *In alternatives*: εἴτε . . . εἴτε, *whether . . . or whether*.

εἴχον, imperf. indic. of εἶχω. ἐν (before a vowel ἐξ), prep.

gov. gen.: 1. Of place: *Out of, from*.—2. In time: *From, after*.—3. *By, on the part of*.—4. *From, in consequence of*.—5. Of origin, materials, etc.: *From, out of, of*.

ἐκάλεσα, 1. aor. ind. of καλέω.

ἐκαστος, η, ον, pron. adj. *Each*.—With Gen.: *Each of*.

ἐκάστ-οτε, adv. [ἐκαστος, "each"] *Each time, every time*.

ἐκατέρ-ωστε, adv. [ἐκάτερος, "each" of two] *On each side*.

ἐ-κᾶτόν, num. adj. indecl. *One hundred*;—at 4, 12 with ἐκατόν supply ποδῶν [for ἐν-κατόν; fr. εἰς, ἐν-ός, "one"; κατόν, akin to Sans. *śatan*, "a hundred"]].

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, 2. aor. (ἐξ)-έβαλλον, v. a. [ἐκ, "away"; βάλλω, "to throw"] *To throw away*.

Ἐκβάτᾱνα, ὠν, n. plur. *Ecbatana* (now *Hammedan*); the ancient capital of Media, and the residence of the Persian kings during the two hottest months of summer.

ἐκεῖνος, η, ο, pron. dem. *That person or thing*.—As Subst. (of all genders): *He, she, it*.

ἐκέλευσα, 1. aor. ind. of κελεύω.

ἐκηρύχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of κηρύσσω.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. -κόψω, p. -κέκοφα, v. a. [ἐκ, "out"; κόπτω, "to cut"] *Of trees: To cut out of a wood, etc.; to fell, cut down*.

ἐκλεγόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of ἐκλέγω.

ἐκ-λέγω, f. -λέξω, p. (ἐξ)-εἰ-λεχα, 1. aor. (ἐξ)-έλεξα, v. a. [ἐκ, "out"; λέγω, "to pick or choose"] 1. Act.: *To pick, or choose, out; to select*.—2. Mid.: ἐκ-λέγομαι, 1. aor. (ἐξ)-ελεξά-

μην, *To pick, or choose, out for one's self.*

ἐκοιμήθην, 1. aor. indic. pass. of κοιμάω.

ἐκπεπληγμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of ἐκπλήττω.

ἐκπεπλήχθαι, perf. inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐκπεπτωκώς, νία, ός, P. perf. and pluperf. of ἐκπίπτω.

ἐκ-πίπτω, 2. aor. (ἐξ)-έπεσον, and without augment, -πεσον, v. n. irreg. [ἐκ, "out from"; πίπτω, "to fall"] ("To fall out" of the proper place, etc.; hence) Of trees: *To fall down*; —at 3, 10, the participle and a tense of εἰμί are used in the place of the finite verb; a mode of construction which at times is employed to give emphasis to the predicate.

ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, 1. aor. (ἐξ)-έπλευσα, v. n. [ἐκ, "out"; πλέω, "to sail"] *To sail out or forth.*

ἐκ-πλήσσω (Attic -πλήττω), f. -πλήξω, 1. aor. (ἐξ)-έπληξα, v. a. [ἐκ, in "intensive force"; πλήσσω, "to strike"; hence, "to confound," etc.: 1. Act.: *To confound utterly.*—2. Pass.: ἐκ-πλήσσομαι (Attic -πλήττομαι), p. -πέπληγμαι, 2. aor. (ἐξ)-επλάγην, *To be confounded utterly, to be panic-struck.*

ἐκ-ποδών, adv. [ἐκ, "away from"; ποδών, gen. plur. of πούς, ποδός, "a foot"] ("Away from the feet"; hence) *Out of the way.*

ἐκτεινον, imperf. ind. of κτείνω.

ἐκ-ών, οὔσα, όν, adj. *Willing, voluntary*;—at 4, 4 in "adverbial force," of one's own accord, willingly, etc. [akin to Sans. root वाङ, "to desire, to will"].

ἐλασσοῦς, masc. and fem. contr. nom. plur. of ἐλάσσω.

ἐλάσσων, ον; see μικρός.

ἐλαύνω, f. ἐλάσω, p. ἐλάλακα, 1. aor. ἤλασα, (v. a. "To set in motion"; hence, with ellipse of ἵππον, "a horse," as) v. n. ("To put a horse in motion"; hence) *To ride, gallop.*

ἐλαύνων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. cf ἐλαύνω.

ἐλεξα, 1. aor. ind. of λέγω.

ἐ-λεύθ-ερος, ερα, ερον, adj. ("Doing as one desires," "pleasing one's self"; hence) *Free, at liberty* [for ἐ-λύθ-ερος, akin to Sanscrit root LUBH, "to desire"; whence, also, Lat. *lib-er, lib-er, lib-er*].

ἐλθεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of ἐρχομαι.

ἐλθῃ, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of ἐρχομαι.

ἐλθών, οὔσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of ἐρχομαι.

Ἑλλάς, ἄδος, f. *Hellas*; (a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen; hence, that part of Thessaly called Phthiotis; hence) *Greece.*

Ἕλλην, ηνος, m. ("Hellen," the son of Deucalion; hence) 1. Sing.: ("A descendant of Hellen"; i.e.) *A Greek*; ch. 1, 7.

—2. Plur.: Ἕλλην-ες, ων, m.: a. Without the art.: *Greeks.*—b. With art.: *The Greeks*;—at ch. 1, 8, etc., of the Greek troops of Cyrus.—Hence, Ἕλλην-ικός, ἱκή, ἱκόν, adj. *Of, or belonging to, the Greeks*; Greek:—τὸ Ἑλληνικόν, *the Greek army, the Greeks.*

Ἕλληνες, ων; see Ἕλλην.

Ἕλληνικός, ή, όν; see Ἕλλην.

Ἕλλησι, dat. plur. of Ἕλληνες.

Ἑλήθ-ποντος, πόντου, m. [Ἑλθς, gen. of Ἑλθ, "Helle," the daughter of Athamas; πόντος, "sea"] ("The sea of Helle") *The Hellespont* (now *Dardanelles*); the narrow strait separating Europe from Asia

Minor. It derived its classic name from Hellē having been drowned in it.

ἐλόμενος, η, ον, P. 2. aor. mid. of αἰρέω.

ἐλπίζω, f. ἐλπῖσω, p. ἤλπικα, 1. aor. ἤλπισα, v. a. [for ἐλπίδ-σω; fr. ἐλπίς, ἐλπίδ-ος, "expectation"] To entertain an expectation of something; to expect;—at 5, 13 with Objective clause.

ἐλπ-ίς, ἴδος, f. [ἐλπ-ομαι, "to expect"] 1. Expectation.—2. Hope.

ἐμαυτόν, acc. masc. of ἐμαυτοῦ.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, -αυτῆς (only in sing. number), reflexive pron. of 1st person [ἐγώ, ἐμ-οῦ, "I"; αὐτοῦ, gen. of αὐτός, "self"] Of, etc., myself, or my own self;—sts. to be rendered, my own.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, p. -βέβηκα, 2. aor. (ἐν)-έβην, v. n. [for ἐν-βαίνω; fr. ἐν, "in"; βαίνω, "to go"] To go or step in:—εἰς πηλὸν ἐμβαίνων, going into the mud and continuing in it; 3, 11.

ἐμβαίνων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμείνα, 1. aor. ind. of μένω.

ἐμενον, imperf. ind. of μένω.

ἐμηχανάτο, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

ἐμοί, ἐμοῦ, dat. and gen. sing. of ἐγώ.

ἐμ-ός, ἡ, όν, pron. poss. [ἐγώ, ἐμ-οῦ, "I"] Of, or belonging to, me; mine, my.

ἐμπείρ-ως, adv. [ἐμπειρ-ος, "experienced in"] ("After the manner of the ἐμπειρος"; hence) With Gen.: In a state of experience respecting something:—τῶν ἐμπείρως αὐτοῦ ἐχόντων, (who had themselves—i.e. were—in a state of experience respecting him, i.e.) who had experience of his character, who knew him by experience; 6, 1.

ἐμπεπτωκώς, vĩa, ός, 1 pers. of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, 2. aor. (ἐν)-έπεσον, v. n. [for ἐν-πίπτω; fr. ἐν, "in"; πίπτω, "to fall"] 1. With Dat.: To fall in or among, to fall upon.—2. With εἰς: To fall into and be involved in; 3, 18.

ἐμ-ποιέω (-ποιῶ), f. -ποιήσω, 1. aor. (ἐν)-εποίησα, v. a. [for ἐν-ποιέω; fr. ἐν, "in"; ποιέω, "to make"] With Dat.: To make, create, or produce a feeling, etc., in a person; to inspire one with a feeling, etc.

ἐμποιήσαι, 1. aor. inf. of ἐμποιέω.

ἐμ-προσθεν, adv. [for ἐν-προσθεν; fr. ἐν, "in"; πρόσθεν, "before"] ("In the place before"; hence) 1. Of place: Before, in front.—2. Of time: Before, previously.

ἐμ-φαν-ής, ές, adj. [for ἐν-φαν-ής; fr. ἐν, "in"; φαν, root of φαίνω, "to show"; pass. "to appear"] ("That appears in" some places, etc.; hence, "visible"; hence) Open, public:—ἐν ἐμφανεί; see ἐν.

ἐν, prep. gov. dat. only: 1. In.—2. In the course of, during.—3. Of instrument, agency, etc.: By.—4. On, at:—ἐν ἀριστερᾷ, on the left hand; 4, 28.—To form adverbial expressions: ἐν ἐμφανεί, openly, publicly; 5, 35:—ἐν μέσῳ, between; hence, with definite article prefixed=intermediate; 4, 22; cf. article ό.

ἐν-δηλος, δηλον, adj. [ἐν, expressing "a modified degree"="somewhat"; δηλος, "manifest"] Somewhat, or tolerably, manifest or clear.

ἐν-δον, adv. [ἐν, "in"] Within, inside:—οἱ ἐνδον, those inside; see article ό.

ἐν-εἰμι, f. -έσομαι, v. n.

[ἐν, "in"; εἰμί, "to be"] *To be in.*

ἐνεῖσι, 3. pers. plur. pres. ind. of ἐνεῖμι.

ἐνεκα, adv.: With Gen.: *For the sake of, on account of*:—mostly put after its case; see 5, 14.

ἐνέτεινον, imperf. ind. of ἐντείνω.

ἐνετύγχανον, imperf. ind. of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐνῆν, imperf. ind. of ἐνεῖμι.

ἐνθα, adv.: 1.: Of place: *a. There.*—*b. Where*; 3, 19.—2. Of time: *Upon this, hereupon* [prob. Sans. *adha*, "there"].

ἐνθα-δε, adv. [ἐνθα, "there"; δε=πρός, "to"] ("To or towards there," i. e. that place; hence) 1. *Thither.*—2. *Hither.*

ἐνθεν, adv.: 1. *Thence, from that side*:—ἐνθεν . . . ἐνθεν, *from, or on, this side . . . from, or on, that side.*—2. *Whence*;—at 3, 6 supply ἐκείσε after ἀφουσιν in demonstr. clause [akin to ἐνθα; perhaps contr. fr. ἐνθα-θεν].

ἐν-θυμ-έομαι (-οῦμαι), f. ἤσομαι, v. mid. [ἐν, "in"; θυμός, "mind"] ("To have something in the mind"; hence) 1. *To think of, consider well, ponder upon.*—2. Without Object: *To ponder, etc.*

ἐνθυμούμενος, η, ον, contr. form of P. pres. of ἐνθυμέομαι

ἐνιαυτός, οὔ, m. *A year*;—at 6, 29 ἐνιαυτόν is acc. of duration of time.

ἐνίκησα, 1. aor. ind. of νικάω.

ἐνιοι, α, α, adj. plur. *Some.*

ἐνί-οτε, adv. [ἐνι-οι, "some"; οτε, "when"; cf. ἀλλ-οτε] ("Some" time "when"; hence) *Sometimes; from time to time.*

ἐννε-νή-κον-τα, num. adj. plur. [for ἐννε-ή-κον-τα; fr. ἐννέ-α, "nine"; (η) connecting vowel, (ν) epenthetic; κοντα, "provided with ten" (see πεντ-ή-

κοντα)] ("Provided with ten nines," i. e.) *Ninety.*

ἐννενοηκέναί, perf. inf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐν-νο-έω (-ῶ), f. ἤσω, p. (ἐν-νε-νό)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐν-ε-νό)-ησα, v. a. [ἐν, "in"; νό-ος, "mind"] ("To have in the mind"; hence) 1. With Acc.: *To think of, devise, contrive.*—2. With ὅτι: *To think, or imagine, that.*—3. Without Object: *To reflect, consider, etc.*

ἐννοήσας, ασα, αν, P. 1. aor. of ἐννοέω.

ἐν-οχλ-έω (-ῶ), f. ἤσω, p. (ἤν-ώχλ)-ηκα, v. n. [ἐν, "in"; ὄχλ-ος, "a crowd"; hence, "tumult," etc.; hence, "trouble"] ("To cause trouble in" one; hence) With Dat.: *To trouble, molest, etc.*

ἐνοχλοῦντα, acc. plur. neut. of ἐνοχλέων, ὦν, contr. P. pres. of ἐνοχλέω; 5, 13.

ἐνταῦθα, adv.: 1. Of place: *Here.*—2. Of time: *Thereupon, then.*

ἐν-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, p. -τέτακα, v. a. [ἐν, "at"; τεῖνω, "to stretch out"] *To stretch out at*:—πληγὰς ἐνέτεινον, (they stretched out blows at, i. e.) they inflicted blows upon.

ἐντερ-ον, ον, n. *An intestine.*—Plur.: *The intestines, entrails* [akin to Sans. *antr-a* for *antar-a*, "the intestines"; cf. also *anlara*, "the interior"].

ἐντεῦθεν, adv.: 1. Of place: *From this place, hence.*—2. Of time: *From this time, after this, afterwards.*

ἐντίμ-ως, adv. [ἐντίμ-ος, "honoured"] ("After the manner of the ἐντίμος"; hence) *In a state of honour*:—ἐντίμως ἔχειν, *to have one's self, i. e. be in a state of honour with some one, i. e.) to be held in honour by one*; 1, 7.

έν-τός, adv. [έν, "in"] 1. *Within, inside*.—2. With Gen.: *Within, enclosed by*.

έντυγχάνοιεν, 3. pers. plur. pres. opt. of έντυγχάνω.

έν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι, p. -τετύχηκα, v. n. [έν, "at"; τυγχάνω, "to be"] ("To be at"; hence) With Dat.: *To fall in with, meet with, etc.*

ένών, οὔσα, όν, P. pres. of έννειμι.

έξ; see εκ.

έξ, num. adj. indecl. *Six* [akin to Sans. *shash*, "six"].

έξ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, v. a. [έξ, "out"; αγγέλλω, "to send word"] *To send word out, to send out information*.

έξαιρεθείην, 1. aor. opt. pass. of εξαίρώ.

έξ-αιρέω (-ῶ), f. -αιρήσω, 2. aor. -εἶλον, p. pass. ήρημαι, 1. aor. pass. ήρθην, 2. aor. mid. -ειλόμην: 1. a. *To take out or away*;—at 1, 9 used of the removal of the entrails from victims offered in sacrifice.—b. *To remove, do away with, mistrust, etc.*—2. Mid.: ("To take out for one's self"; hence) *To choose, select, adopt a plan, etc.*

έξάκισ-χίλιοι, χίλια, num. adj. plur. [έξάκισ, "six times"; χίλιοι, "a thousand"] ("Six times a thousand," i.e.) *Six thousand*.

έξᾰπατάω, pres. inf. of εξαπατάω;—at 6, 21 τοῦ εξαπατῶν is used as a Gen., and at 5, 26 τῷ εξαπατῶν as a Dat. [§ 155, 1].

έξ-απατάω (-απατῶ), f. -απατήσω, 1. aor. -ηπάτησα, v. a. [έξ, in "intensive force"; απατάω, "to deceive"] *To deceive thoroughly, to cheat*.

έξ-αυαίνω, 1. aor. -ήνηνα, v. a. [έξ, in "intensive force"; αυαίνω, "to dry"] *To dry thoroughly, dry up*; as a tree, to

wither.—Pass.: έξ-αυαίνομαι, 1. aor. -ηνάνθην.

έξειν, fut. inf. of εχω.

έξέκοπτον, imperf. ind. of εκκόπτω.

έξελεγχθῶσι, 3. pers. plur. 1. aor. subj. pass. of εξελέγω.

έξ-ελέγγω, f. -ελέξω, v. a. [έξ, in "intensive force"; ελέγγω, "to prove"] *To prove thoroughly, to convict*.—Pass.: έξ-ελέγχομαι, 1. aor. -ηλέγθην.

έξελοίμην, 2. aor. opt. mid. of εξαίρώ.

έξέλοιμι, 2. aor. opt. of εξαίρώ.

έξεπλάγην, 2. aor. ind. pass. of εκπλήσσω.

έξέπλει, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of εκπλέω.

έξ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, p. -ελήλυθα, 2. aor. -ήλθον, v. mid. [έξ, "out or forth"; έρχομαι, "to come"] *To come out or forth*.

έξ-εσσι, v. n. impers. [έξ, in "intensive force"; εσσι, "it is possible"; see 1. ειμί] ("It is quite possible" for one; hence) 1. With Dat.: *It is allowed, permitted to one; it is in one's power*.—2. P. abs.: έξόν, *It being possible or in one's power*; 5, 22 6, 6, etc.

έξήγγελλον, imperf. ind. of εξαγγέλλω.

έξ-ή-κοντα, num. adj. indecl. [έξ, "six"; (η) connecting vowel; κοντα="ten"] ("Six-tens") *Sixty*.

έξήλθον, 2. aor. ind. of εξαίρω.

έξηρημένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of εξαίρώ.

έξηυαινόμην, imperf. ind. pass. of εξαυαίνω.

έξ-οπλίζω, 1. aor. -ώπλισα, v. a. [έξ, in "intensive force"; οπλίζω, "to arm"] *To arm completely*.—Mid.: έξ-οπλίζομαι,

1. aor. -ωπλίσάμην, p. pass. in mid. force, -ώπισμαι. *To arm one's self completely; to accoutre one's self for battle.*

ἐξοπλίσάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. mid. of ἐξοπλίζω.

1. ἐξω, fut. ind. of ἐχω.

2. ἐξ-ω, adv. [ἐξ, "out"] 1. *On the outside.*—2. With Gen.: *Outside of, i.e. out of the way of, removed or escaped from*; 6, 2.

εἶκα, inf. εἰκέναι, part. εἰκώς, Attic εἰκώς, perf. with force of pres. fr. obsol. εἰκω: 1. With Dat.: *To be, or seem, like to*; 1, 13, etc.—2. Alone: *To seem or appear; to have the appearance.*—Impers.: εἶκε, ἔ seemed or appeared; 2, 18, etc.—N.B. For part. see εἰκώς.

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, 1. aor. -ήγγελλα, v. a. [ἐπ-ί, "to"; ἀγγέλλω, "to carry a message"] ("To carry a message to" one; hence)

1. Act.: *To announce, tell, etc.*—2. Mid.: ἐπ-αγγέλλομαι, 1. aor. -ήγγελάμην, ("To announce on one's own part, etc."; hence) With Dat.: *To promise.*

ἐπ-αινέω (-αινῶ), f. -αινέσω, Attic -αινέσομαι, p. ἤνεκα, 1. aor. ἤνεσα, v. a. [ἐπ-ί; in "strengthening force"; αἰνέω, "to praise"] *To praise, commend.*

ἐπεβούλευον, imperf. ind. of ἐπιβουλεύω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω (-εγγελάω), f. -εγγελάσομαι, v. n. [ἐπ-ί, in "augmentative force"; ἔγγελάω, "to laugh at, ridicule"] ("To greatly ridicule"; hence) *To insult.*

ἐπεγγελάων, ὧν, ἀουσα ὦσα, ἀον ὦν, P. pres. of ἐπεγγελάω.

ἐπεθέμην, 2. aor. ind. mid. of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεθύμησα, 1. aor. ind. of ἐπιθυμέω.

ἔπει, adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.: *When.*—2. Conj.: *Since, inasmuch as, seeing that.*

ἐπειδ-άν, conj. [ἐπειδ-ή, "when"; ἄν, indef. particle] *Whenever.*

ἐπει-δή, adv. [ἐπεί, "when"; δή, used in "strengthening force"] Of time: *When, when that.*

ἐπ-εἰμι, f. -εσομαι, v. n. [ἐπ-ί, "upon"; εἰμί, "to be"] *To be upon, or on, something*;—at 4, 25 applied to a bridge over a river; supply αὐτῷ (=ποταμῷ) after ἐπῆν.

ἐπεί-περ, conj. [ἐπεί, "since"; enclitic περ, in "strengthening force"] *Since indeed, inasmuch as, seeing that.*

ἐπειράτο, 3. pers. sing. ind. mid. of πειράω.

ἔπεισα, 1. aor. ind. of πείθω. ἔπ-ειτα, adv. [ἐπ-ί, "in addition"; εἴτα, "then"] 1. Of time: *Then.*—2. With article: *The following or future*:—ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος, *future time or time to come.*—3. Of order, etc.: *In the next place.*—4. Interrog. when the question is founded on a supposition: *In such a case.*

ἐπεμψα, 1. aor. ind. of πέμπω.

ἐπεστάτει, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of ἐπιστάτω.

ἐπετάχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπέτρεψα, 1. aor. ind. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπεφάνην, 2. aor. ind. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω.

1. ἐπήκο-ος, ον, adj. [for ἐπάκο-ος; fr. ἐπακο-ύω, "to listen"; see ἀκούω] *Listening.*—As Subst.: ἐπήκο-ος, ον, m. *A listening place, a place within hearing.*

2. ἐπήκοος, ου; see 1. ἐπήκοος.

ἐπῆν, imperf. ind. of ἐπείμι.

ἐπί (before an aspirated vowel ἐφ'), prep.: 1. With Gen.: a. *Upon, on.*—b. With Personal

pron.: *By*:—ἐφ' αὐτῶν, *by themselves*.—*c.* Towards, in the direction of, *for*.—*d.* Of time: *In the time of, in the course of*.—*2.* With Dat.: *a.* Upon.—*b.* In.—*c.* Against.—*d.* In addition to, besides, over and above.—*e.* For.—*f.* Of time: *At, in, on*.—*g.* Of place: *At*.—*3.* With Acc.: *a.* On, upon, over.—*b.* Towards, to.—*c.* Against.

ἐπι-βουλεύω, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-εβούλευσα, v. n. [ἐπί, "against"; βουλεύω, "to plan"] With Dat.: *To plan, or plot, against*;—at 6, 20 supply αὐτῶν from preceding clause.

ἐπιβουλεύων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of ἐπιβουλεύω.

ἐπιβουλ-ή, ἥς, f. [ἐπιβουλεύω, "to plot against"] ("A plotting against" one; hence) *A plot, etc.*

ἐπιδεικνύμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπι-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, p. -δέδειχα, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-έδειξα, v. a. [ἐπί, in "intensive force"; δείκνυμι, "to show"] 1. Act.: *To show, exhibit, display, etc.*—*2.* Mid.: ἐπι-δείκνυμαι, *To show, prove, make evident, of or by one's self.*

ἐπιθέσθαι, 2. aor. inf. mid. of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπιθήσεται, 3. pers. sing. fut. ind. mid. of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπι-θυμ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (ἐπι-τεθύμ)-ηκα, (ἐπ-εθύμ)-ησα, v. a. [ἐπί, "upon"; θυμ-ός, "mind"] ("To set the mind upon"; hence) 1. With Gen.: *To desire eagerly, long for*.—*2.* With Inf.: *To be very desirous, or eager, to do, etc., to long to do, etc.*

ἐπιθυμέων ὦν, εἶσα οὔσα, εἶον οὖν, P. pres. of ἐπιθυμέω.

ἐπιθυμ-ῶ, ἰας, f. [ἐπιθυμ-έω, "to desire eagerly"] *An eager desire, longing, etc.*

ἐπιθυμοίην, Attic pres. opt. of ἐπιθυμέω.

ἐπιθώνταί, 3. pers. plur. 2. aor. subj. mid. of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπι-κίνδυν-ος, ον, adj. [ἐπι, in "strengthening force"; κίνδυνος, "danger"] ("Having danger"; hence) With Dat.: *Dangerous, perilous, hazardous, attended with danger, to.*

ἐπι-νοέω (-νῶ), f. -νοήσω, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-ενόησα, v. a. [ἐπί, "upon"; νοέω, "to think"] ("To think upon"; hence) 1. With Acc.: *To intend, purpose, a thing*.—*2.* With Inf.: *To intend, purpose, etc., to do; to think of doing.*

ἐπιορκ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (ἐπιώρκ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐπιώρκ)-ησα, v. n. [ἐπιορκ-ος, "perjured"] 1. *To become, or be, perjured; to perjure one's self, to swear falsely, forswear one's self*.—*2.* With Acc. of duty, etc., as acc. of Respect: *To swear falsely by.*

ἐπιορκέων ὦν, εἶσα οὔσα, εἶον οὖν, P. pres. of ἐπιορκέω.

ἐπιορκῆσαι, 1. aor. inf. of ἐπιορκέω.

ἐπιορκ-ῶ, ας, f. [ἐπιορκ-έω, "to perjure one's self"] *A perjuring one's self, perjury, false swearing.*

ἐπί-ορκ-ος, ον, adj. [ἐπί, "against"; ὅρκος, "an oath"] Of persons: *Acting against one's oath; perjured, forsworn.*

ἐπιορκουντας, acc. plur. masc. of ἐπιορκέων ὦν, P. pres. of ἐπιορκέω.

ἐπι-στῖ-τ-ίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Attic ἰούμαι, 1. aor. (ἐπ-εστῖ-τ)-ίσάμην, v. mid. [ἐπί, in "strengthening force"; σῖ-ος, "food"] *To procure, or get, food for one's self, etc.; to forage.*

ἐπιστῖτιζόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of ἐπιστιτίζομαι.

ἐπιστιτιούμεθα, 1. pers.

plur. fut. ind. mid. of ἐπισιτίζομαι.

ἐπι-σκοπέω (-σκοπῶ), f. -σκέψομαι, late -σκοπήσω, (ἐπ)-εσκαψάμην, late (ἐπ)-εσκόπησα, v. a. [ἐπί, "upon"; σκοπέω, "to look"] ("To look upon"; hence) Of troops: *To inspect*, etc.

ἐπί-στᾶ-μαι, f. ἐπι-στήσομαι, v. mid. ("To stand at or by"; hence) 1. With Gen.: *To be acquainted with, have a knowledge of, know*; 5, 9.—2. With ὅτι: *To know, etc., that*; 4, 3 [ἐπί, "at"; στα, akin to Sans. root STHĀ, "to stand"].

ἐπί-στᾶ-σις, σεως, f. ("A standing at" a place; hence) Of troops: *A halt* [id.].

ἐπιστάτ-ῳ (-ῶ), v. n. [ἐπιστάτης, "a chief, master, president" ("To be an ἐπιστάτης"; hence) *To exercise command or authority*.

ἐπιστή, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of ἐπίστυμι.

ἐπιστ-ήμων, ημων, adj. [ἐπιστ-αμαι, "to know"] With Gen.: *Acquainted with, knowing, skilled or well versed in, matters*; 1, 7.

ἐπιστήσας, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of ἐπίστυμι.

ἐπιστρατ-εῖα, εἰας, f. [ἐπιστρατεύω, "to take the field against"] *A taking the field against one; a hostile expedition*, etc.

ἐπι-στρατεύω, v. n. [ἐπί, "against"; στρατεύω, "to lead an army, go on an expedition"] *To lead an army, or go on an expedition, against one, to take the field against one*.

ἐπιστρατεύων, ονσα, ον, P. pres. of ἐπιστρατεύω.

ἐπι-τάσσω (Attic -τάττω), f. -τάξω, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-τάξα, v. a. [ἐπί, in "strengthening force"; τάσσω, "to order"] With Dat. of person: *To order, enjoin, com-*

mand, appoint. — Pass.: ἐπι-τάσσομαι (Attic -τάττομαι), p. -τάταμαι, pluperf. (ἐπ)-ετετάμην, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-ετάχην;—at 3, 6 ἐπετέτακτο has for its subject the clause ταῦτα πράττειν.

ἐπιτήδεια, ων; σοε ἐπιτήδειος.

ἐπιτήδ-ειος, ον, adj. [akin to ἐπιτηδ-ές (adv.), "serving the purpose"] ("Pertaining to ἐπιτηδ-ές"; hence) 1. *Serving for a purpose or end*; ἥ, convenient, suitable;—at 5, 18 with Inf.:—τὸν ἐπιτήδειον, *him that was a fit person for the punishment*; 3, 11.—2. *Serviceable, necessary*.—As Subst.: ἐπιτήδεια, ων, n. plur. *The necessities of life, i.e. provisions, food*.

ἐπιτιθέμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of ἐπιτιθῆμι.

ἐπιτίθεσθαι, pres. inf. mid. of ἐπιτιθῆμι.

ἐπι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, p. -θήσεια, v. a. [ἐπί, "upon"; τίθημι, "to put or place"] 1. Act.: *To put, or place, upon*.—2. Mid.: ἐπι-τίθεμαι, f. -θήσομαι, 2. aor. (ἐπ)-εθέμην, ("To put one's self upon"; hence) In a hostile sense: With Dat.: *To make an attack upon, set upon, attack*; 4, 16, etc.—3. Alone: *To make an attack*; 4, 19, etc.

ἐπι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, 1. aor. (ἐπ)-έτρεψα, v. a. [ἐπί, "to"; τρέπω, "to turn"] ("To turn to, or over to," another; hence) With Dat. of person and Inf.: *To give up to a person to do, etc.; to permit, or allow, a person, to do, etc.*

ἐπι-φαίνω, f. -φάω, v. a. [ἐπί, "to"; φαίνω, "to show"] ("To show to" one; hence, "to show forth, display") Mid.: ἐπι-φαίνομαι, 2. aor. pass. in mid. force, (ἐπ)-εφάην, *To*

show one's self, appear, come into view.

ἐπι-χαρ-ις, *i* (Gen. ἦτος), adj. [ἐπί, "to"; χαρ-ά, "joy"] ("Imparting joy to" one; hence) *Agreeable, pleasing*:—τὸ ἐπίχαρι, *agreeableness* of look and manner; *agreeable, or pleasing, manners*, etc.; see article ὁ.

ἐπι-χειρ-έω (-ῶ), 1. aor. (ἐπ-χειρ)-ησα, *v. n.* [ἐπί, "to"; χεῖρ, "hand"] ("To put the hand to" a thing; hence) With Inf.: *To endeavour, attempt, to do, etc.*

ἐπιχειρήσασαιμι, 1. aor. opt. of ἐπιχειρῶ.

ἐποίησα, ἐποίησάμην, 1. aor. ind. act. and mid. of ποίεω.

ἐποιοῦν, imperf. ind. of ποίεω.

ἐπ-ομαι, imperf. εἰπόμεν, *f.* ἐψομαι (=ἐπ-σομαι), *v. mid.* *To follow*;—at 2, 4 with Dat. of person;—at 6, 13 with Dat. of cause;—at 3, 17, alone [akin to Sans. root SACH, "to follow"; Lat. *sequor*].

ἐπόμενος, *η, ον*, P. pres. of ἔπομαι.

ἐπορεύθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of πορεύω.

ἐπράχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of πράσσω.

ἐπτά, num. adj. indecl. *Seven* [akin to Sans. *saptan*; cf. Lat. *septem*].

ἐπτα-κα(-δεκα, num. adj. indecl. [ἐπτά, "seven"; καί, "and"; δέκα, "ten"] ("Seven and ten") *Seventeen*.

ἐργ-άζομαι, *f.* -άσσομαι, *p.* (εἰργ)-ασμαι, *v. mid.* [ἐργ-ον, "work"] *To work* as husbandmen do.

ἐργασόμενος, *η, ον*, P. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργ-ον, *ον, n.* [root ἐργ, "to work"] 1. *A work*.—2. *Deed, act, action*.

ἐρημ-ία, *ίας, f.* [ἐρημ-ος, "lonely, desert"] ("The state, etc., of the ἐρημος"; hence) "loneliness, solitude"; hence) *A solitude, desert, wilderness*;—at 6, 9 ἐρημία has a neut. adj. (φοβερῶτατον) predicated of it. This mode of construction only holds good of a predicative adjective.

ἐρημος, *ον, adj.*: 1. Of places: *Lonely, desert, desolate*.—2. Of things: *Abandoned* by their owners; 1, 6 [prob. to be divided ἐ-ρη-μος, and to be referred to Sans. root RAH, "to leave"; past part. "abandoned"; so that ἐ will be a prefix, and *μος* a suffix].

ἐρμην-εύς, *έως, m.* [ἐρμην-εύω, "to interpret"] *An interpreter*.

ἐρομαι, *f.* ἐρήσομαι, 2. aor. ἠρόμην, *v. mid.* *To ask, enquire of*. ἐρῶντα, acc. sing. masc. of ἐρῶν, *p.* of ἐρῶ; see ἐρῶ.

ἐβρώμενος, *η, ον, adj.* [strictly part. perf. pass. of βρῶννυμι ("to strengthen"), in adjectival force] ("Strengthened"; hence) *Strong, stout, vigorous*, etc.

ἐρῶ-μα, *μάτος, n.* [ἐρύ-ω, "to draw";—in mid. "to draw to one's self"; hence, "to protect or defend"] ("That which protects or defends"; hence) *A defence, protection*, etc.

ἐρχ-ομαι, *f.* ἐλεύσομαι, 2. *p.* ἐλήλυθα, *Eplo* ἐιλήλουθα, 2. aor. ἤλυθον, *Attio* ἤλθον, *v. n. mid.* irreg.: 1. *To come, to go*.—2. *To come back, return* [Sans. *archchha*, (fr. root RICHH, or *ῤ*, "to go") =ἐρχομαι].

ἐρῶ, fut. of pres. εἶρω, which occurs, perhaps, only once. *I, etc., will tell*.

ἐρῶν, *ούσα, όν, P.* of ἐρῶ. ἐρ-ώς, *ωτος, m.* [ἐρ-αμαι, "to desire"] *Desire*.

ἔρωτάω (-ῶ), f. ἔρωτήσω, p. ἠρώτηκα, 1. aor. ἠρώτησα, v. a.: 1. To ask, enquire. — 2. With Acc. of person: To ask, or enquire, of.

ἔς, Attic for εἰς; 6, 80.

ἔσεσθαι, fut. inf. of 1. εἰμί.

ἐσθ(ω, f. ἐδομαι, p. ἐδήδοκα, v. a. To eat.

ἐσμέν, 1. pers. plur. pres. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἐσοίμην, fut. opt. of 1. εἰμί.

ἔσομαι, f. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἔσται, for ἔσεται, 3. pers. sing. of ἔσομαι; see ἔσομαι.

1. ἔσ-τε, conj. [for ἐς (=εἰς), ὅτε; εἰς, "up to"; ὅτε, "when"] ("Up to when," i.e.) Till, until: — ἔσ' ἂν, until whatever time.

2. ἐστέ, 2. pers. plur. pres. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἔστην, [2. aor. ind. of ἵστημι.

ἔστί(ν), 3. pers. sing. pres. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἐστράτευσα, 1. aor. ind. of στρατεύω.

ἐστρατοπεδευμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of στρατοπεδεύω.

ἔσχατος, η, ον, sup. adj. [perhaps akin to ἐκ, ἐξ, "out"] ("Outermost"; hence) Of sufferings, etc.: Uttermost, utmost, extreme. — As Subst.: ἔσχατα, ων, n. plur. (with art.) The uttermost things, i.e. punishment.

ἔσχατ-ως, adv. [ἐσχατος, "highest in degree"] ("After the manner of the ἔσχατος"; hence) In the highest degree, extremely.

ἐταράχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of ταραύσσω.

ἐτάχθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτελεύτησα, 1. aor. indic. of τελευτάω.

ἕτερος, α, ον, adj. Other of two. — As Subst.: ἕτερος, ον, m. Another person, another; — at 5, 23 Tissaphernes uses it

of himself in reference to the king.

ἐτετρώμην, 'pluperf. ind. pass. of τετρώσκω.

ἔτι, adv.: 1. Of time: a. Present: As yet, yet, still. — b. Past: Any longer, still. — 2. Further, moreover [akin to Sans. ati, "beyond"].

ἔτοιμ-ως, adv. [ἔτοιμος, "ready"] ("After the manner of the ἔτοιμος"; hence) [Readily.

ἔτος, εὖς οὖς, n. A year: — τριάκοντα ἔτη, acc. of time; 3, 12 [akin to Sanscrit vatsas, "a year"].

ἐτραπόμην, 2. aor. ind. pass. of τρέπω.

ἔτυχον, 2. aor. ind. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτῶν, gen. plur. of ἔτος.

εὖ, adv.: 1. Well. — 2. In composition: a. Good, excellent. — b. In "intensive force": Greatly, very much [like εὖς, "good," akin to Sans. su, which signifies both "good" and "well"].

εὐδαιμον-ία, ἰας, f. [εὐδαιμων, εὐδαιμον-ος, "prosperous"] ("The state or condition of the εὐδαιμων"; hence) Prosperity, good fortune, etc.

εὐδαιμον-ίζω, f. -ίσω, Attic ἰώ, 1. aor. (ἡδαιμων)-ἰσα, v. a. [id.] To deem prosperous or happy.

εὐδαιμονί-σαιμι, 1. aor. opt. of εὐδαιμονίζω.

εὐ-δαίμων, δαίμων, adj. [εὖ, "well"; δαίμων, "a tutelary genius"] ("Having a tutelary genius well disposed"; hence) Prosperous, fortunate, happy.

εὐ-εἰδ-ής, ἑς, adv. [εὖ, "well"; εἶδ-ος, "form, shape"] ("Having a good form"; hence) Well-formed, well-shaped, etc.; — at 3, 3 with Gen. of "thing distributed" after the superlative

εὐειδής (Comp.: εὐειδέσ-τερος); Sup.: εὐειδέσ-τατος.

εὐ-ελπίς, -ελπίς (Gen. -ἰδος), adj. [for εὐ-ελπίδ-ς; fr. εὖ, "well"; ἐλπίς, ἐλπίδ-ος, "hope"] *Having good hope, hopeful, etc.*

εὐεργεσία, σίας, f. [for εὐ-εργετ-σία; fr. εὐεργετ-έω, "to benefit"] ("A benefitting"; hence) *A benefit, service, kind act, etc.*

εὐεργετ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (εὐηργέτ)-ηκα, v. n. [εὐεργέτ-ης, "a benefactor"] ("To be an εὐεργέτης"; hence) *To show kindness, to benefit.*

εὐεργετέων, ὦν, εἶνσα οὔσα, εἶν οὖν, P. pres. of εὐ-εργετέω.

εὐ-εργ-έτης, έτου, m. [εὖ, "well"; obsol. ἐργ-ω, "to do"] ("He who does well" to another; hence) *A benefactor.*

εὐθύ-ς, adv. [εὐθύ-ς, "straight"] *Straightway, forthwith, immediately, at once.*

εὐθύωρ-ων, adv. [adverbial neut. of εὐθύωρ-ος, "in a straight line"] *In a straight line.*

εὐ-μεταχείρισ-τος, τον, adj. [for εὐ-μεταχειρίδ-τος; fr. εὖ, "well, easily"; μεταχειρίζω (= μεταχειρίδ-ω), "to manage"] *Easily managed, easy to get the better of.*

εὐνο-ία (trisyll.), ίας, f. [εὐνο-ος, "well-minded, well-disposed"] ("The condition, or quality, of the εὐνο-ος"; hence) *Good-will, kind feeling, kindness.*

εὐνο-ος, ον (Attic εὐ-νοῦς, νοῦν), adj. [εὖ, "well"; νό-ος, "mind"] ("Having the mind well, i.e. in a good, or kind, frame"; hence) With Dat.: *Well-minded, well-disposed, well-affected, to or towards.*

εὐ-οπλ-ος, ον, adj. [εὖ, "well"; ὅπλ-α (plur.), "arms"] ("Having arms well, i.e. in a good condition," etc.; hence)

Well-armed, well-equipped; — at 3, 3 the superl. is foll'd. by Gen. of "thing distributed."

εὐοπλ-ότερος; Sup.: εὐοπλ-ότατος.

εὐπετ-ὼς, adv. [εὐπετ-ής, "easy"] ("After the manner of the εὐπετής"; hence) *Easily.*

εὐ-πορ-ος, ον, adj. [for εὐ-περ-ος; fr. εὖ, "well, easily"; περ-άω, "to pass through"] *Easily passed through, readily traversed.*

εὐ-πρακ-τος, τον, adj. [for εὐ-πραγ-τος; fr. εὖ, "well, easily"; πραγ, root of πράσσω, "to do"] *Easily done, readily effected or brought about.* Comp.: εὐπρακτ-ότερος.

εὐρ-ημα, ἡμάτος, n. [εὐρ-ίσκω, "to find"] ("That which is found"; hence) 1. *An unexpected piece of good luck or good fortune.* — 2. *A gain, advantage, profit.*

εὐρ-ίσκω, f. -ήσω, p. -ηκα, 2. aor. (εὐρ)-ον, v. a. irreg. [root εὐρ] 1. Act.: a. *To find.* — b. *To find out, devise, contrive.* — 2. Mid.: εὐρ-ίσκομαι, f. -ήσομαι, 2. aor. -όμην, *To find for one's self, i.e. to obtain, procure, etc.*

εὐρ-ος, εος ους, n. [εὐρ-ύς, "wide"] *Width; — at 4, 12, εὐρος is the Acc. of the "Measure of Space" [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (2).*

εὐ-τακ-τος, τον, adj. [for εὐ-ταγ-τος; fr. εὖ, "well"; ταγ, root of τάσσω, "to order"] ("Well-ordered"; hence) *Well-disciplined.*

Εὐφράτης, ου, m. *The Euphrates (now El Frat); a river of Syria, which rises in Armenia, and joining itself to the Tigris falls into the Persian Gulf.*

ἐφ', for ἐπί, before a word beginning with an aspirated vowel.

ἔφαγον, 2. aor. without present. *To eat.*

ἐφάνην, 2. aor. ind. pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφάσαν, 3. perf. plur. 2. aor. indic. of φημί.

ἔφ-εδρ-ος, ον, m. [ἐπ-ί, "at or near" (see ἐπ-ί); ἔδρ-α, "a seat"] ("He who has a seat near"; hence) *An avenger*;—the name given to a third person who was stationed near two others engaged in combat, and who had to fight the conqueror.

ἐφειπόμεν, imperf. ind. of ἐφίπομαι.

ἐφ-έπομαι, imperf. -ειπόμεν, f. -έπομαι, v. mid. [ἐπ-ί, in "strengthening force" (see ἐπ-ί); ἔπομαι, "to follow"] *To follow after, pursue.*

Ἐφεσος, ον, f. *Ephesus*; a city of Asia Minor, celebrated in heathen times for the worship of Diana, and in Christian times as the seat of one of the Seven Churches of Asia.

ἐφήν, 2. aor. ind. of φημί.

ἐφίστάμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐφ-ίστημι, f. ἐπι-στήσω, 1. aor. ἐπ-ίστησα, p. ἐφ-ίστηκα, 2. aor. ἐπ-ίστην [ἐπ-ί, "at" (see ἐπ-ί); ἵστημι, "to cause to stand"] 1. Act.: a. In pres., imperf., fut. and 1. aor. as v. a. Of troops, etc.: *To make to halt, to halt*; 4, 25.—b. In perf. and 2. aor. as v. n. Of troops, etc.: *To come to a stop; to stop, halt.*—2. Mid.: ἐφ-ίσταμαι, 1. aor. ἐπ-έστησάμην, *To halt.*

ἐφοβείτο, 3. pers. sing. imperf. mid. of φοβέω.

ἐφ-οδος, οδου, f. [ἐπ-ί, "towards" (see ἐπ-ί); ὁδός, "a way"] ("A way towards"; hence) *An approach, a drawing near.*

Ἐφορ-ος, ον, m. [ἐφορ-άω, "to over-see"] ("An over-

seer") *An ephor*; one of a body of five Spartan magistrates, whose power was absolute and extended even over their kings.

ἐφράσα, 1. aor. ind. of φράζω.

ἐφύγον, 2. aor. ind. of φεύγω.

ἐχθρα, ας; see ἐχθρός.

ἐχθ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [ἐχθ-ω, "to hate"] In active force: *Hating, hostile*.—As Subst.: a. ἐχθρός, οὔ, m. *One who is hostile; an enemy*.—b. ἐχθρα, ας, f. *Hostility of feeling; hatred, hate, enmity.*

ἐχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. pass. of ἔχω.

ἐχρήτο, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of χράομαι.

ἐχρώντο, 3. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of χράομαι.

ἐχ-ῦρός, ὑρά, ὑρόν, adj. [ἐχ-ω, "to hold fast"] ("Holding fast"; hence) 1. *Strong, firm.*—2. *Safe, secure.*

ἔχ-ω, imperf. εἶχον, f. εἶω (=ἐχ-σω) and σήχω, p. ἔσχηκα, 2. aor. ἔσχον, v. a. and n. irreg.: 1. Act.: a. *To have, possess*;—for δίκην εἶχειν see δίκη.—b. *To hold.*—c. With Inf.: *To have the means or power to do, etc.; to be able to do, etc.*; 2, 11.—2. Neut.: ("To have one's self," i.e.) *To be in a certain state*; 1, 7; see ἐντίμως; cf. also, 6, 1, etc.—3. Pass.: ἔχ-ομαι, p. ἔσχημαι, 1. aor. ἔσχέθην, f. (late) σχεθήσομαι.—With Dat., of condition: *To be held fast by, i.e. to be involved in*; 5, 21 [akin to Sanscrit root SAH, "to sustain, support, etc.].

ἔχων, ονσα, ον, P. pres of ἔχω.

ἐψεύσθη, 1. aor. ind. pass. of ψεύδω.

ἐψ-ητός, ητή, ητόν, adj. [ἐψ-ω, "to boil"] ("Boiled"; hence) *Prepared, or obtained, by boiling; boiled down*; 3, 15.

ἔψω, f. ἤσω, 1. aor. (ἤψ)-ἤσα, v. a. *To boil, cook* [prob. akin to Sans. root PACH, "to cook"].

ἔψων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of ἔψω.

ἑώρακα, perf. ind. of ὁράω.

ἑωρώμεην, 1. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of ὁράω.

ἑώρων, 3. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of ὁράω; 3, 12.

1. ἕως, adv.: 1. *While, so long as*.—2. *Till, untill, until such time as*.

2. ἕως (Attic for ἡώς), οὐς οὐς, f. *The dawn, morning* [like ἡώς, akin to Sans. *ushas*, "the dawn"].

Ζάβᾱτος, ον, m. *The Zabatus* (also called by the ancient Greek geographers Λύκος, "Wolf"); a river of Asia Minor. Its modern name is the *Upper, or Great, Zab*.

ζάω, f. ζήσω and ζήσομαι, p. ζήκα, 1. aor. ζήσα, v. n. *To be alive, to live*.

ζεύγ-νύμι (-νύω), f. ζεύξω, p. (late) ζεύξα, 1. aor. ζεύξα, v. a. *To join, unite*.—Pass.: ζεύγ-νύμαι, p. ζεύγμαι, 1. aor. ζεύχθην [root ζυγ, akin to Sans. root युज, "to join or connect"].

ζητέω (-ώ), f. ζητήσω, p. ζήτηκα, 1. aor. ζήτησα, v. a. *To seek, enquire for, etc.*

ζών, ζώσα, ζών, contr. P. pres. of ζάω.

1. ἤ, conj.: 1. *Or — ἤ . . . ἤ, either . . . or; whether . . . or; — ἤ . . . ἤ . . . ἤ, whether . . . or . . . or*.—2. After words denoting comparison: a. *Than* — πλείους ἤ, *more than*: οὐδεν ἄλλο ἤ, *nothing else than*.—b. *That*:—πρόσθεν ἤ, *before that, sooner than*.

2. ἤ, adv.: 1. In strengthening, or confirming, force: *Truly,*

verily:—ἡ μὴν, *in very truth*, a formula introducing the actual words of an oath.—2. In direct questions, like the Lat. *num*, without corresponding English equivalent, and merely marking that a question is put.

3. ἡ, nom. sing. fem. of definite article ὁ.

4. ἡ, nom. sing. fem. of rel. pron. ὅς.

5. ἡ, dat. sing. fem. of rel. pron. ὅς.

6. ἡ, 3. pers. sing. pres. subj. of 1. εἰμί.

ἡγαλλόμην, imperf. ind. of ἀγαλλομαι.

ἡγγείλα, 1. aor. ind. of ἀγγέλλω.

ἡγε-μῶν, μόνος, m. [ἡγέομαι, "to lead"] ("One that leads"; hence) *A leader, guide*.

ἡγ-έομαι (-οὔμαι), f. ἡσομαι, p. -ημαι, v. mid.: 1.: a. Alone: *To lead, lead the way*.—b. With Dat. [§ 104]: *To lead the way for, i.e. to go before, precede, conduct, etc.*—c. *To be a leader, chief, commander, etc.*—2. *To deem, consider, think, hold, etc.* [fr. same root as ἄγω; see ἄγω].

ἡγησόμενος, η, ον, P. fut. of ἡγέομαι:—ὁ ἡγησόμενος, *he that will lead, i.e. the man that will be, or to be, a leader or guide*.

ἡγον, imperf. ind. of ἄγω.

ἡγούμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of ἡγέομαι:—τὸ ἡγούμενον, *the leading part, or division, of an army; the van*:—ὁ ἡγούμενος, *he that leads, i.e. the leader or commander*.

ἦδειν, pluperf. ind. of εἶδω.

ἦδη, adv.: 1. *Now, already*.—2. *Presently, forthwith* [akin to Sans. *adya*, "to-day, now"].

ἦδιστ-α, adv. [adverbial neut. plur. of ἡδιστ-ος, "most glad"] *Most gladly*; 5, 15.

ἡδ-ομαι, f. ἡσθήσομαι, 1. aor. ἡσθην, v. mid.: 1. With Dat.: *To please one's self in or with; to take delight in.*—2. Fold. by part. in concord with subject: *To be pleased at, or to with* English Inf. [akin to Sans. root SVAD, or SVĀD, "to please"].

ἡδ-ονή, onēs, f. [ἡδ-ομαι (in active force), "to please, delight"] ("That which pleases or delights"; hence) 1. *Pleasure.*—2. *Flavour, taste* [one of the meanings of the Sans. root SVAD, or SVĀD, is "to taste"; see ἡδομαι].

ἡδύς, εἰα, υ, adj.: 1.: a. *Sweet to the taste.*—b. *Sweet, pleasant, agreeable.*—2. *Delighted, well pleased, glad* [akin to Sans. svādū, "sweet"; cf. ἡδομαι].

ἡθελον, imperf. ind. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθοροίστην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of ἀθορίζω.

ἦκω, f. ἦξω, p. (late) ἦχα, v. n. *To have come or arrived; to be present, to be here; to arrive.*

Ἡλεῖος, ov, m. *An Elean; a man of Elis, a state of South-western Greece.*

ἡλεκτρον, ov, n. and ἡλεκτρος, ov, m. and f. ("The beaming or shining thing") *Electron, i.e. amber* [akin to Sans. root ARCH, "to beam or shine"].

ἡλθον, 2. aor. ind. of ἐρχομαι.

ἡλιθ-ιος, ia, ion, adj. [ἡλιθα, "in vain"] ("Pertaining to ἡλιθα"; hence) *Vain, silly, foolish*:—τὸ ἡλιθιον, *folly*; see article ὁ.

ἡλ-ιος, ion, m. *The sun* [akin to Sans. svar].

ἡμεῖς, ἡμῶν, plur. of ἐγώ.

ἡμέρα, as, f. *Day: ταύτην ἡμέραν, Acc. of duration of time; 1, 13; cf. also 1, 7; 3, 17:—ἀμὰ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ, together with the day, i.e. at daybreak, the dawn.*

ἡμ-έτερος, έτερα, έτερον, pron. poss. [ἡμ-είς, "we"] *Of, or belonging to, us; our, ours.*

ἡμῖν, dat. plur. of ἐγώ.

ἡμφιγνῶδον, imperf. ind. of ἀμφιγνῶω.

1. ἦν, conj. with Subjunctive [contr. fr. ἴαν, "if"] *If.*

2. ἦν, 1. and 3. persons sing. imperf. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

3. ἦν, fem. acc. sing. of ὅς.

ἦν-περ, conj. [ἦν, "if"; enclitic indefinite particle περ] *If indeed, if at least.*

ἦξιουν, imperf. ind. of ἀξιῶω.

ἦξω, fut. ind. of ἦκω.

ἦπερ, adv. [adverbial fem. dat. sing. of ὅσπερ, "who, etc., indeed"] *In the way which indeed, as indeed, just as indeed.*

ἦρεσκον, imperf. ind. of ἀρέσκω.

ἦρξάμην, 1. aor. ind. mid. of ἀρχω.

ἦρόμην, 2. aor. ind. of ἐρομαι.

ἦρουντο, 3. pers. plur. imperf. ind. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἦρώτα, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of ἐρωτάω.

ἦρώτησα, 1. aor. ind. of ἐρωτάω.

ἦσθιον, imperf. ind. of ἐσθίω.

ἦστην, for ἦτην, 3. pers. dual imperf. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἦσυχ-ια, ias, f. [ἦσυχ-ος, "quiet"] ("The condition of the ἦσυχος"; hence) *Quiet, peace:—καθ' ἡσυχίαν, quietly, at peace.*

ἦσχύνοθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of αἰσχύνω.

ἦσχύνομην, imperf. ind. mid. of αἰσχύνω.

ἦτε, ἦσαν, 2. and 3. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of 1. εἰμί.

ἦτούμην, imperf. ind. mid. of αἰτέω.

ἦττάομαι (-ώμαι), f. mid.

in pass. force *ἡττήσομαι*, f. pass. *ἡττηθήσομαι*, p. pass. *ἡττημαι*, v. pass. [akin to *ἡττων*, "less"] ("To be made or become less"; hence) 1. *To be worsted or overcome*.—2. *To be surpassed*;—at 8, 28 followed by Gen.

ἡττάσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of *ἡττάω*.

ἡττήσομαι, fut. ind. mid. in pass. force of *ἡττάω*.

ἡττον; see *ἡττων*.

ἡττώμεθα, contr. 1. pers. plur. pass. of *ἡττάω*.

ἡττώμενος, η, ον, contr. part. pres. pass. of *ἡττάω*;—at 4, 6 supply *ἡμών* with *ἡττωμένων*.

ἡττων, ον, comp. adj. *Less*:—neut. sing. *ἥττον* in adverbial force, in a less degree, less.

ἡύλιζόμενῃ, imperf. ind. of *αὐλίζομαι*.

ἡύτομόλησα, 1. aor. ind. of *αὐτομολέω*.

θάν-ἄτος, άτον, m. [*θαν*, root of *θνήσκω*, "to die"; see *θνήσκω*] *Death*.

θάνάτ-ός (-ὸς), f. -ώσω, 1. aor. (*ἐθανάτ-ωσα*, v. a. [*θανάτ-ος*, "death"] *To condemn to death*.—Pass.: *θανατόδομαι* (-οῦμαι), 1. aor. (*ἐθανατ-ώθην*, f. *θανατ-ωθήσομαι*).

Θαυρύπας, ον, m. *Thaurypas*; a Greek.

θαρράλ-ως, adv. [*θαρράλ-ος*, "bold, confident"] ("After the manner of the *θαρράλ-ος*"; hence) *In a state of boldness or confidence*;—*θαρράλ-ως ἔχειν*, (*to have one's self*, or *be, in a state of confidence*, i.e.) *the feeling, or being, confident*; 6, 14.

θαυμάζω, f. *θαυμάσω* and *θαυμάσομαι*, p. *τεθαυμάκα*, v. n. and a. [*for θαυμάτ-ω*; fr. *θαῦμα*, *θαύματ-ος*, "a wonder"] 1.

Neut.: *To wonder, marvel, be amazed*.—2. Act.: *To wonder at, etc.; to admire, etc.*

θαυμά-σιος, σια, σιον, adj. [*for θαυμάτ-σιος*; fr. *θαῦμα*, *θαύματ-ος*, "a wonder, marvel"] ("Of, or belonging to, *θαῦμα*"; hence) *Wonderous, wonderful, marvellous*;—at 8, 15 foll'd. by Acc. of "Respect".

θαυμασ-τός, τή, τόν, adj. [*for θαυμαδ-τός*; fr. *θαυμάζω* (= *θαυμάδ-ω*), "to wonder at"] ("Wondered at"; hence) *Wonderous, wonderful, marvellous*.

θέλω, f. *θελήσω*, 1. aor. *ἐθέλησα*, v. n. *To be willing, to wish*.

θεμενος, η, ον, P. 2. aor. mid. of *τίθημι*.

Θε-ό-πομπ-ος, ου, m. [*for Θε-ό-πομπ-ος*; fr. *θε-ός*, "a god"; (ο) connecting vowel; *πέμπ-ω*, "to send"] ("One sent by the gods") *Theopompus*, an Athenian; one of the generals of the Greek forces of Cyrus.

θεός, οὔ, m. *A god, a deity* [akin to Sans. *deva*; cf. Lat. *deus*].

θεοσεβ-εῖα, εἰας, f. [*θεοσεβ-ής*, "god-worshipping"] ("The quality of the *θεοσεβ-ής*"; hence) *Worship of a god, etc., reverence for a deity, etc.*

θεραπ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p. (*τε-θεράπ*)-ευκα, 1. aor. (*ἐ-θεράπ*)-ευσα, v. a. [*θεράψ* = *θεράπ-ς*, "an attendant," etc.] ("To be an attendant to"; hence) *To pay court to, flatter, etc.*—Pass.: *θεραπ-εύομαι*, p. (*τε-θεράπ*)-ευναι, 1. aor. (*ἐ-θεραπ*)-εὔθην, f. -εὔθήσομαι.

Θεττᾶλός, οὔ, m. *A Thessalian*; a man of Thessaly, a country of northern Greece.

θέω, f. *θεύσομαι*, v. n. *To run* [akin to Sans. root *DHAV*, "to run"].

θεωρ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, p.

(τε-θεώρ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-θεώρ)-ησα, v. a. [θεωρ-ός, "a spectator"] ("To be a θεωρός of"; hence) *To look at, observe.*

θεωροῦντα, acc. sing. masc. of θεωρέω, ὦν, contr. P. pres. of θεωρέω.

Θηβαῖ-ος, ου, m. [Θηβαί-ος, "Of, or belonging to, Thebes";—the chief city of Boeotia, a country of northern Greece] *A man of Thebes, a Theban.*

θνήσκω, f. θανοῦμαι, θνήσκειμαι, τεθνήκειμαι, p. τέθνηκα, 2. aor. θῆαον, v. n. irreg. *To die, be dying*:—Perf. ("To have died," i.e.) *To be dead* [root θαν, akin to Sans. root HAN, "to strike, to kill"].

θόρυβος, ου, m. *Tumult, clamour, uproar.*

Θράξ, ἄκος, m. *A Thracian.*

Θραξί(ν), dat. plur. of Θράξ.

θρόνος, νου, m. ("The bearing or supporting thing"; hence, "a seat, chair"; hence) *A throne, as being a seat or chair of state* [akin to Sans. root DHRI, "to bear"].

θύγ-άτηρ, ἀτέρος ἀρτός, f. *A daughter* [akin to Sans. dūtīrī, "a daughter"; fr. root DUH, "to milk," and so, "a milk-er"].

θυμ-όω (-ω), 1. aor. ἐ-θύμωσα, v. a. [θυμ-ός, "mind"; hence, as an affection of the mind, "rage, wrath"] *To enrage, exasperate, etc.*—Pass.: θυμ-όομαι (-οῦμαι), p. τε-θύμ-ωμαι, 1. aor. ἐ-θύμ-ωθην, f. θυμ-ωθήσομαι.

θύρα, ας, f. *A door* [akin to Sans. dvāra, "a door," "a gate"].

θύ-ω, f. θύσω, p. τέθυκα, 1. aor. ἐθύσα, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To sacrifice, offer in sacrifice, slay, etc.*—2. Mid.: θύομαι, f. θύσομαι, 1. aor. ἐθυάμην, *To offer sacrifices for one's self; to*

have a victim slain for one's self; to consult or take the auspices.

θωράκ-ιζω, 1. aor. (ἐ-θωράκ)-ισα, v. a. [θώραξ, θωράκος, "a breast-plate"] ("To put a breast-plate, etc., on" a person; hence) *To arm or equip another with a breast-plate, etc.*—2. Mid.: θωράκ-ιζομαι, *To put a breast-plate on one's self; to put on, or arm one's self with, a breast-plate.*—3. Pass.: θωράκ-ιζομαι, p. (τε-θωράκ)-ισμαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-θωράκ)-ισθην. *To be armed or equipped with a breast-plate, etc.*

ἰδεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of εἶδω.

ἰδί-ότης, ὀητος, f. [ιδί-ος, "one's own"; hence, "peculiar"] ("The quality of the ιδίος"; hence) *Peculiarity, peculiar nature or flavour.*

ἰδοι, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. opt. of εἶδω.

ἰέναι, inf. pres. of 2. εἰμι.

ἱερά, ὦν; see ἱερός.

ἱερός, ἰ, ὦν, adj. *Sacred, consecrated, hallowed.*—As Subst.: ἱερά, ὦν, n. plur. ("Sacred things"; hence) a. *Sacrifices, offerings, etc.*—b. *The entrails of a victim, etc.*—c. *Auspices.*

ἱκ-άνος, ἀνή, ἄνόν, adj. [usually referred to ἱκ, root of ἱκ-άνω, and ἱκ-έρομαι, "to come"] ("Becoming, befitting"; hence) With Inf.: *Competent, or able, to do, etc.; capable of doing, etc.*;—at 5, 11 in Superl. with Inf. and Gen. of thing distributed. 133 (Comp.: ἱκανώτερος; Sup.: ἱκανώτατος.

ἵνα, conj. *That, in order that.*

ἵππα-σία, σίας, f. [for ἵππαδ-σία; fr. ἵππαδ-ομαι (=ἵππαδ-ομαι, "to ride")] *A riding, or galloping, about.*

ἵππ-εύς, ἑως, m. [ἵππ-ος, "a

horse"] 1. *A horseman.* — 2. Plur.: *Horse-soldiers, cavalry.*

ἴσθμι, *To know*; — a present used only in 1st and 3rd persons, and in the Doric form ἴσᾱμι, ἴσᾱτι; plur. ἴσᾱμεν, ἴσᾱσι or ἴσαντι.

ἴσασι; see ἴσθμι.

ἴσθι, imperat. of οἶδα; see εἶδω: — εἰ ἴσθι, *know well*, i.e. *be well assured*; 5, 22.

ἰσθμός, σθμοῦ, m. [εἶμι, "to go," through root ι] ("That which goes," e.g. from the open sea to the mainland) *An isthmus*; — at 6, 8 the isthmus mentioned is that of Corinth, which was at no great distance from Sparta.

ἴσμεν, 1. pers. plur. of οἶδα.

ἴσον, adv. [adverbial neut. of ἴσος, "equal"] *Equally, in an equal or like degree.*

ἰ-στη-μι, ἰ-στή-σω, 1. aor. ἰ-στη-σα; — p. ἰ-στη-κα, 2. aor. ἰ-στη-ν, v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: Pres. imperf. fut. and 1. aor.: *To make to stand; to set, place, etc.* — 2. Neut.: Perf., pluperf., 2. aor.: *To stand* [akin to Sans. root *sthā*, "to stand"; cf. Lat. *sto* (= *sta-o*)].

ἰσχυρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [ἰσχυ-ω, "to be strong"] *That is strong; strong, powerful, mighty.*

ἰσχυρ-ώς, adv. [ἰσχυρ-ός, "strong"] 1. *Strongly, mightily, vigorously*; 5, 30. — 2. *Severely, with severity*; 6, 9. — 3. *Exceedingly, excessively.*

ἰών, οὔσα, όν, P. pres. of 2. εἶμι.

ἰωνία, ας, f. *Ionía*; a country of Asia Minor.

ἴσως, adv. [ἴσος, "equal"] 1. *Equally.* — 2. *Probably, perhaps.*

καθ'; see κατά.

κάθ' ἑλύν, Attic fut. inf. of καθίζω.

κάθ-ιζω, f. -ίζω, Attic ἰώ, 1. aor. (ἐ-καθ-)ῖσα, v. a. [κατ-ά, "down" (see κατά); ἵζω, "to make to sit"] *To make a person to sit down; to seat a person*; see article εἰς, no. 1.

καθίστάναι, pres. inf. of καθίστημι.

καθ-ίστημι, f. καταστήσω, 1. aor. κατέστησα, p. καθέστηκα, 2. aor. κατίστην, v. a. and n. [for κατ-ίστημι, fr. κατ-ά, "down"; ἴστημι, "to cause to stand"] 1. Act.: Of soldiers: in pres., imperf., fut., 1. aor.: *To set, arrange, station.* — 2. Neut.: in perf., pluperf., and 2. aor.: *To set one's self down, to settle, to be set, etc.*

καί, conj.: 1. *And, also*: — καί . . . καί, *both . . . and*: — καί γε, *and indeed*, used to introduce something more emphatic: — καί γάρ, an elliptical mode of expression where καί reiterates, as it were, what has preceded, while γάρ assigns the reason in what follows; e.g. *and* (such and such is the case, or I say so) *for*; hence, commonly rendered, *and truly, for indeed, for of a surety*: — καί ταῦτα; see οὗτος. — 2. To make a word or statement emphatic: *Also*; see καί τὸ ἀρχεῖν; 1, 4. — 3. *Even*: — καί αὐτὰ τὰ ξύλα, *even the very timbers or wood-work.*

Καίναϊ, ών, f. plur. *Cenae*; a large and wealthy town near the Tigris; 4, 28.

καί-περ, conj. [καί, "and"; enclitic particle περ] *And though indeed, although.*

καιρός, οὔ, m. Of time: *The right time or season* [akin to Sans. *kaiya* (for *kriya*), "ready"].

κάκ-ο-νοῦς, νοῦν, adj. [κακ-ός, "bad"; (ο) connecting vowel; νοῦς, "mind"] ("Having a bad, or evil, mind"; hence)

With Dat. : *Evil-minded* or *ill-disposed*, towards ; — at 5, 16 *κακονους* is the Nom. sing. ; and at 5, 27 the Acc. plur.

κακός, ἡ, ὄν, adj. *Bad* : 1. *Bad* of its kind ; *evil*, etc.—Sup. with Gen. of “the thing distributed” ; see 5, 89 [§ 112] ; cf. Primer, § 180.—As Subst. : *κακόν*, οὔ, n. (“A bad thing” ; hence) a. *An evil*, a *misfortune*. — b. *A hurt*, *mischievous*. — 2. *Cowardly*, *faint-hearted*, *dastardly*. (Comp. : *κακίων*) ; Sup. : *κάκιστος*.

κακ-ώς, adv. [*κακός*, “bad”] *In a bad way*, *badly*, *ill* ; for *κακῶς ποιεῖν*, see *ποιέω*.

κἀλέσας, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of *καλέω*.

κἀλέω (-ῶ), f. *καλέσω*, Attic *καλῶ*, p. *κέκληκα*, 1. aor. *ἐκέλεσα*, v. a. : Act. : *To call*.—Pass. : *καλέομαι* (-οῦμαι), p. *κέκλημαι*, 1. aor. *ἐκλήθην*, f. *κληθήσομαι*. *To be called* or *named* ; *to receive a name*.

κἀλλί-ον, adv. [adverbial neut. of *καλλίων*, “more honourable”] *In a more honourable way*, *more honourably*.

κἀλλιστος, ἡ, ον ; *κἀλλίων*, ον, superl. and comp. of *καλός*.

κἀλ-λος, *λεος* *λους*, n. [*καλός*, “beautiful”] *Beauty*.—N.B. For the reduplication of, cf. *καλλίων*, *καλλίστος*.

καλός, ἡ, ὄν, adj. : 1. *Beautiful*, *fair*.—2. *Honourable*, *excellent*, etc.—As Subst. : *καλός*, οὔ, m. *An honourable*, etc., *man* :—*καλὸς κἀγαθός*, (an *honourable* and *good man*, i.e.) in its original application a *noble* or *gentleman*, but later a *perfect man*, a *man as he should be* ;—at 6, 19 it is used in the former of these two meanings.—3. *Good*, *right*, *becoming* :—*τὸ καλόν*, *good* or *virtuous conduct*, *moral ex-*

cellence.—4. *Favourable*, *propitious*, *auspicious*. (Comp. : *καλ-λίω* ; Sup. : *κἀλλιστος* [akin to Sans. *chār-u*, “beautiful”]).

καλοῦμενος, ἡ, ον, contr. P. pres. pass. of *καλέω*.

καλ-ώς, adv. [*καλός*, “beautiful, honourable”] (“After the manner of the *καλός*” ; hence) 1. *Beautifully*.—2. *Honourably*.

καμνήχανα, contr. fr. *καὶ ἀμήχανα*.

καπ-νός, οὔ, m. [perhaps *καπ-νώ*, “to breathe forth”] (“That which breathes forth” ; hence) *Smoke*.

κάπρος, ον, m. *A wild-boar*.

καρδ-ία, *ίας*, f. *The heart* [akin to Sans. *hṛid*, “the heart” ; cf. Lat. *cor*, *cord-is*].

καρπ-ός, οὔ, m. [by some referred to *ἀρπ*, root of *ἀρπ-άζω*, “to seize,” etc., with *κ* as compensation for the aspirate ; cf. Lat. *carpo* ; and so, “that which is seized” or “plucked” ;—acc. to others akin to Sans. root *ṣṛā*, “to ripen” ; and so, “that which is ripened” ; hence] Of the produce of the earth or trees : *Fruit*, as being plucked, gathered in, etc.

κατά (before an aspirated vowel *καθ’*), prep. : 1. With Gen. : a. *Down from*.—b. *Down upon* or *over*.—c. *Down into*.—d. *Down upon* or *towards*.—e. *Against*.—f. Of oaths, etc. : *By*.—g. *Upon*, *in respect of*, *concerning*.—2. With Acc. : a. *Down along* or *with*.—b. Of space : (a) *On*, *over*, *throughout*.—(b) *By*.—c. *Opposite*, *over against*.—d. *Distributively* or of time : *By*.—e. Of purpose, etc. : *For*, *after*, *according to*.—f. *According to*, *in accordance with*.—g. *Throughout*, *during*.—h. *Against*.—j. With abstract subst. to form an adverbial ex-

pression: καθ' ἡσυχίαν, *quietly, leisurely*.

κατὰ-βαίνω, *1. -βήσομαι, p. -βέθηκα, 2. aor. (κατ)-έβην, v. n. [κατά, "down"; βαίνω, "to go"] ("To go down"; hence) 1. To go or come down, to descend, from the interior of a country, especially of Asia, to the coast; opp. to ἀναβαίνω. — 2. To dismount from a chariot, etc.*

καταβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, *P. 2. aor. of καταβαίνω.*

καταβήναι, *2. aor. inf. of καταβαίνω.*

κατ-αγγέλλω, *p. -ήγγελα, 1. aor. -ήγγειλα, v. a. [κατά, "against"; ἀγγέλλω, "to report"] ("To report against"; hence) To disclose, reveal, denounce, give information concerning.*

καταγελάσας, ἄσα, ἄν, *P. 1. aor. of καταγελάω.*

κατα-γελάω (-γελῶ), *f. -γελάσομαι, late -γελάσω, 1. aor. -εγέλασα, v. n. [κατά, "against"; γελάω, "to laugh"] To laugh against or at; to laugh to scorn; to ridicule, deride;—at 6, 23 with follg. Gen.*

κατὰγελῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, *contr. P. pres. of κατὰγελάω.*

κατὰ-δαπανᾶν (-δαπανῶ), *f. -δαπανήσω, 1. aor. (κατ)-εδαπάνησα, v. a. [κατά, in "intensive force"; δαπανᾶν, "to expend"] ("To entirely expend"; hence) To make utterly waste, to consume.*

κατὰ-καίω, *f. -καύσω, 1. aor. (κατ)-έκαυσα, v. a. [κατά, in "intensive force"; καίω, "to burn"] To burn completely, burn up, consume by fire.*

κατακαύσας, ἄσα, ἄν, *P. 1. aor. of κατακαίω.*

κατὰκηρύξας, ἄσα, ἄν, *P. 1. aor. of κατακηρύσσω.*

κατὰ-κηρύσσω), *1. aor. κατ-εκήρυξα, v. a. [κατά, in "in-*

tensive force"; κηρύσσω, "to announce as a herald, to proclaim"] To proclaim aloud, to call aloud for.

κατα-κόπτω, *f. -κόψω, v. a. [κατά, "down"; κόπτω, "to cut"] ("To cut down, fell," trees, etc.; hence) Of persons, etc.: To cut down, cut to pieces. — Pass.: κατὰ-κόπτομαι,*

p. -κέκομμαι, 2. aor. (κατ)-εκόπην. κατακτείναιμι, 1. aor. opt. of κατακτείνω.

κατακτείνας, ἄσα, ἄν, *P. 1. aor. of κατακτείνω.*

κατὰ-κτείνω, *f. -κτενῶ, 1. aor. (κατ)-έκτεινα, v. a. [κατά, in "intensive force"; κτείνω, "to kill"] To kill, slay, slaughter.*

κατὰλᾶβεῖν, *2. aor. inf. of καταλαμβάνω.*

κατὰ-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι, 2. aor. (κατ)-έλάβον, v. a. [κατά, in "strengthening force"; λαμβάνω, "to take"] To take hold of, overtake, catch, come up with.*

κατὰ-λέγω, *f. -λέξω, 1. aor. (κατ)-έλεξα, v. a. [κατά, in "strengthening force"; λέγω, "to reckon"] ("To reckon up"; hence) To account, deem, reckon.*

κατὰμαθεῖν, *2. aor. inf. of καταμαθάνω.*

κατὰ-μανθάνω, *f. -μαθήσω, p. -μεμάθηκα, 2. aor. (κατ)-έμαθον, v. a. [κατά, in "intensive force"; μαθάνω, "to learn"] To learn, or observe, well or thoroughly.*

κατα-σκηνῶ (-σκηνῶ), *f. -σκηνώσω, 1. aor. (κατ)-εσκήνωσα, v. n. [κατά, in "strengthening force"; σκηνῶ, "to pitch a tent," etc.] To pitch a tent or tents; to encamp; to take up one's quarters:—εις τὰς ἐγγυτάτας κώμας κατεσκήνωσεν, went into the nearest villages and there took up*

his quarters, 2, 16; see article eis.

κἀτᾶ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, p. -τέτακα, v. n. [κατά, in "intensive force"; τείνω, "to stretch"] ("To stretch one's self"; hence) *To exert one's self, strive, earnestly endeavour.*

κατα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ, 2. aor. (κατ)-έτάμον, p. pass. -τέτμημαι, pluperf. pass. (κατ)-ετέτμημην [κατά, "down"; τέμνω, "to cut"] *To cut down, or away from.*

κατα-τίθῃμι, f. -θήσω, p. -τέθηκα, v. a. [κατά, "down"; τίθῃμι, "to put"] *To put or lay down.*—Mid.: κατα-τίθεμαι, f. -θήσομαι, 2. aor. (κατ)-εθέμην, ("To put, or lay, down for one's self"; hence) *To lay up in store, to deposit*;—at 5, 8 used figuratively of friendship.

κἀτᾶ-φαίν-ής, ές, adj. [κατά, in "augmentative force"; φαίν, root of φαίνω, "to show"; pass. "to appear, be seen"] *Thoroughly or plainly seen; visible.*

κατεθέμην, 2. aor. ind. mid. of κατατίθῃμι.

κατεκόπην, 2. aor. ind. pass. of κατακόπτω.

κἀτ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσομαι, 1. aor. -εργάσαμην, v. mid. [κατά, in "strengthening force"; εργάζομαι, "to work"] *To work out, achieve, effect*;—at 6, 22, after κατηγοράζεσθαι supply ταῦτα.

κατέστησα, 1. aor. ind. of καθίστημι.

κατετέμνηντο, 3. pers. plur. pluperf. ind. pass. of κατατέμνω.

κατεχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. pass. of κατέχω.

κατ-έχω, imperf. κατείχων, f. καθέξω, κατασχίσω, 2. aor. κατέσχον, v. a. [κατά, in "intensive force"; έχω, "to have" or "hold"] *To hold fast, hold*

possession of, etc.—Pass.: κατ-έχομαι.

κατήγγελλα, 1. aor. ind. of καταγγέλλω.

κεί-μαι, f. -σομαι, v. mid. *To lie or be laid* [akin to Sans. root cf, "to lie, lie down"].

κείμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of κείμαι.

κελεύσω, ονσα, ον, P. fut. of κελεύω.

κελ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p. (κε-κέλ)-ευκα, 1. aor. (ί-κέλ)-ευσα, v. a. ("To urge on, compel"; hence) *To bid, urge, enjoin, command* [like κέλ-ομαι, κέλ-λω, "to urge on," etc.; akin to Sans. root KAL, "to impel"].

κεν-ός, ή, όν, adj. ("Empty"; hence) *Groundless, without cause* [prob. akin to Sans. cānya, "empty"].

κέρ-ας, ατος, Attic αος, contr. ως, n. ("A horn" of an animal; hence) *As a wind-instrument: A horn, trumpet* [prob. akin to Sans. śṛṅga, "a horn"].

κερδ-αίνω, f. -ανῶ, p. (κε-κέρδ)-ηκα and -αγκα (late), v. a. and n. [κέρδ-ος, "gain"] 1. Act.: *To gain, acquire.*—2. Neut.: *To gain or get advantage, to be benefited.*

κεφαλ-αλγ-ής, ές, adj. [κεφαλ-ή, "head"; αλγ-ος, "pain"] *Causing pain in the head, productive of headache.*

κεφαλ-ή, ής, f. *The head* [akin to Sanscrit karḍi-ai, "a head"].

κήρυξ, υκος, m. *A herald.*

κηρύσσω (Attic -ττω), f. κηρύξω, p. κηκήρυχα, 1. aor. ἐκήρυξα, v. a. *To proclaim, announce, as a herald does.*—Pass.: κηρύσσομαι (Attic -ττομαι), p. κηκήρυγμαi, 1. aor. ἐκηρύχθη, f. κηρυχθήσομαι.

κίνδυνος, ον, m. *Danger*;—at 5, 17 with Inf.

Κλεῖνωνρ, ορος, m. *Cleanor*; a Greek general in the army of Cyrus.

Κλέαρχος, ου, m. *Clearchus*, a Lacedæmonian; one of the five Greek generals who were treacherously seized by Tissaphernes; see 5, 31.

κοι-μῶ (-μῶ), f. -μήσω, v. a.: 1. Act. in causative force: *To put or lull to sleep*.—2. Pass.: κοι-μῶμαι (-μῶμαι), p. (κε-κοίμ-)ημαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-κοίμ-)ηθην, f. -ηθήσομαι, ("To be made to sleep"; hence) *To take one's rest in sleep, to sleep* [akin to Sans. root *qī*, "to lie down," whence also κ-ί-μαι, "to lie down"].

κολάζω, f. κολᾶσω, f. mid. κολάσσομαι, 1. aor. ἐκόλασα, v. a. *To punish, chastise*.

κολάσσομαι, fut. ind. mid. of κολάζω.

κόπτ-ω, f. κόψω, p. κέκοφα, v. a. (κοπ- κοπ-, "to beat") 1. *To beat or strike*.—2. *To kill, slaughter*.

κρατ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (κε-κράτ-)ηκα, v. n. (κράτ-ος, "strength") ("To have strength"; hence) 1. With Gen.: *To have strength or power over; to rule, be lord of, etc.*—2. Alone: *To prevail, get the upper hand; to be conqueror or victorious*.

κράτ-ιστος, ἰστη, ἰστον, adj. [κράτ-ος, "strength"; with superlative suffix ἰστος] 1. *Strongest, mightiest*.—2. *Most powerful, principal*;—at 2, 8 with Gen. of "thing distributed" (§ 112); cf. Primer, § 130. ⁸³ Used as irregular superlative of ἀγαθός.

κραυγ-ή, ἥς, f. ("A crying out"; hence) *Clamour, outcry* [prob. akin to Sans. root *krug*, "to cry, cry out"].

κρέας, κρέατος, Attic καῖως

(Acc. plur. κρέα, 1, 6). *Flesh raw flesh* [akin to Sans. *kravya*].

κρείττω, contr. acc. sing. (masc. and) fem. of κρείττων; see 2, 10.

κρείττω-ων, ον, comp. adj. [akin to κράτιστος] 1. *Stronger, more powerful*;—at 5, 19 with Gen. of thing compared.—2. *Better*. ⁸³ Used as irregular comp. of ἀγαθός.

κρίος, οὔ, m. *A ram*.

κτάομαι (-ῶμαι), f. κτήσομαι, 1. aor. ἐκτησάμην, p. pass. in mid. force κέκτημαι, v. mid. 1. In present tenses: *To acquire, get, etc.*—2. In perfect tenses: *To have acquired, i.e. to possess* [akin to Sans. root *kṣhī*, "to possess"].

κτάσθαι, pres. inf. of κτάομαι.

κτείνω, f. κτενῶ, p. ἐκτάκα, 1. aor. ἐκτεινα. *To kill, slay, slaughter* [akin to Sans. root *kṣhān*, "to wound"].

κτη-μα, μάτος, n. [κτη, a root of κτάομαι; see κτάομαι] ("That which has been acquired, or is possessed"; hence) *A piece of property*.—Plur.: *Possessions, property*.

κτήσασθαι, 1. aor. inf. of κτάομαι.

κτήσεσθαι, fut. inf. of κτάομαι.

Κύρ-ος, ου, m. *Cyrus*; a son of Darius Hystaspes and Parysatis, and a brother of Artaxerxes Mnémon, against whom he rebelled. He is usually called *Cyrus the Younger*, in order to distinguish him from Cyrus, the founder of the Persian monarchy [Persian *Kurush*, (Hebr. *Korash*), prob. "Sun or Fire"].

κωλύω, f. κωλύσω, p. κωλύκα, 1. aor. ἐκώλυσα, v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: *To prevent, hinder, present an obstacle to*;—at 5, 7 with Objective clause.—2. Neut.:

To offer, or be, a hindrance; to be an obstacle.

κωλύων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of κωλύω: — κωλύόντων πολεμίων, Gen. Abs. [§ 118]; cf. Primer, § 125.

κώ-μῃ, μῆς, f. ("A thing—or place—for lying down or sleeping"; hence) *A village*, as a dwelling place [akin to Sans. root of, "to lie down, to sleep"; cf. κοιμάω].

λαβεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβοιμι, 2. aor. opt. of λαμβάνω.

λαβόν, οὔσα, ὄν, P. 2. aor. of λαμβάνω.

Λακεδαιμόνιος, ου, m. [Λακεδαιμόνιος, "Of, or belonging to, Lacedæmon"; otherwise Sparta (now Mistra), the chief city of Laconia, in the Peloponnesus (now The Morea)] *A man of Lacedæmon; a Lacedæmonian.*

Λάκων, ωνος, m. *A Laconian; a man of Laconia*: see Λακεδαιμόνιος.

λα(μ)β-άνω, f. λήψομαι, p. εἴληφα, 2. aor. ἔλαβον, v. a. irreg.: 1. *To take*.—2. *To seize, lay hold of*.—3. *To come upon, find, catch, etc.*—Pass.: λα(μ)β-άνομαι, p. εἴλημμαι, 1. aor. εἰλήφθην, f. ληφθήσομαι [strengthened fr. root λαβ, akin to Sans. root LABH, "to obtain"].

λέγω, f. λέξω, p. λέλεχα, 1. aor. ἔλεξα, v. a.: 1. Act.: a. *To speak, say, etc.*;—at 2, 2; 5, 15, etc., without immediate Object.—b. *To tell, declare, make known, etc.*—2. Pass.: λέγομαι, p. λέλεγμαι, 1. aor. ἐλέχθην, 1. f. λεχθήσομαι: a. With Inf.: *To be said or reported to be*.—b. *To be told, declared, etc., make known.*

λέγων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of λέγω.

Λ(ε)ῖπ-ω, f. λείψω, 2. perf. λέλοιπα, pluperf. ἐλελοίπειν, 1. aor. ἔλειψα, 2. aor. ἔλιπον, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To leave*.—2. Pass.: λείπ-ομαι, p. λέλειμαι, pluperf. ἐλελείμην, 1. aor. ἐλείφθην, 1. fut. λειφθήσομαι, 3. fut. λελείψομαι, *To be left, to be left behind, to remain*; 4, 5 [root λιπ; akin to Sans. root RICH, "to leave"].

λελείψομαι, 3. fut. pass. of λείπω.

λελυμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of λύω.

Λεόντιν-ος, ου, m. [Λεοντίνιοι, "Leontini" (now "Lentine"); an ancient town in the east of Sicily] *A man of Leontini; a Leontine.*

ληφθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 1. aor. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λήψομαι, fut. ind. of λαμβάνω.

λιμός, ου, m. *Famine.*

λογ-ίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Attic λούμαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-)λογ-ίσάμην, v. mid. [λόγ-ος, "a word; a calculation"] *To form a calculation about; to calculate, reckon.*

λόγ-ος, ου, m. [for λέγ-ος; fr. λέγ-ω, "to say or speak"] ("That which is said or spoken"; hence) 1.: a. *A word*.—b. Plur.: *Words, i.e. language, talk*.—2. *A story, narrative*.—3. Plur.: *A conference, interview.*

λόγχη, ης, f.: 1. *A spear-head*.—2. *A spear, lance.*

Λ(ο)ιπ-ός, η, ὄν, adj. [strengthened fr. λιπ, root of λ(ε)ίπ-ω, "to leave"] *Left, remaining*.—Adverbial expression: τὸ λοιπόν, (*for the remaining time, i.e.*) *thenceforward*.

λόχ-αυ-ος, ου, m. [for λόχ-ηγ-ος; fr. λόχ-ος, "a company or band of soldiers"; ἡγ-έομαι,

"to lead" ("Company-, or band-, leader"; hence) *A captain.*

ΛΥΚ-ΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, m. *A wolf* [acc. to some, akin to Sans. root LUP, "to destroy," and so, "the destroyer"; acc. to others, akin to Sans. *vṛka*, "a wolf"; fr. root VRAÇCH, "to tear," and so "the tearer"; cf. Lat. *lupus*].

ΛΥΠ-έω (-ῶ), ἴ, ἴσω, p. (λε-λύπ)-ηκα. v. a. [λύπ-η, "grief"] 1. *To cause grief to, to grieve.*—2. *Of troops, etc.: To harass, annoy.*

ΛΥΠΗ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [lengthened fr. *λύπε-ρός*; fr. *λυπέ-ω*, "to grieve," etc.] With Dat.: *Causing grief or annoyance to; troublesome to.*


ΛΥΠΟΐην, Attic form of pres. opt. of *λυπέω*.

ΛΥΣΑΙ, 1. aor. inf. of *λύω*.

ΛΥΩ, ἴ. λύσω, p. λέλυκα, 1. aor. ἔλυσα, v. a.: 1. *To loose, loosen, unfasten.*—2. *Of a treaty, etc.: To dissolve, break.*—3. *To break up, break down, demolish.*—Pass.: *Λύομαι, p. λέλυμαι, 1. aor. ἐλύθην, ἴ. λυθήσομαι* [akin to Sans. root LŪ, "to cut"].

ΜΕΘΗΣ, μέθῃ, 2. and 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. subj. of *μανθάνω*.

ΜΑΙΝΟΜΑΙ, ἴ. μανήσομαι and μανούμαι, p. μέμνηα, 2. aor. pass. ἤμαρην, v. n. *To be mad or frenzied; to be out of one's mind, to be beside one's self.*

ΜΑΚ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. *Long*;—at 2, 11 supply ὁδόν with *μακροτέρων*, which is the Acc. of "measure of space" [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (2).  Comp.: *μακροτέρος*; Sup.: *μακροτάτος* [akin to Sans. root MAH, originally MAGH, "to be great"].

ΜΑΛ-α, adv. *Very, very much, exceedingly.*—Comp.: *μάλ-λον, More, in a higher degree*—Sup.: *μάλ-ιστα, Most, in the highest degree, exceedingly, chiefly, etc.*

[acc. to some, akin to Sans. *var-as*, "remarkable"; acc. to others, akin to Sans. root MAH; see *μακρός*].

ΜΑΛΙΣΤΑ, μᾶλλον; see *μάλα*.

ΜΑΝΕΙΣ, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 2. aor. pass. of *μαίνομαι*.

ΜΑ(Ν)Θ-άνω, ἴ. μαθήσω (late) and μαθήσομαι, p. μεμάθηκα, 2. aor. ἔμαθον, v. a. *To learn, ascertain* [root *μαθ*, akin to Sans. root MATH, "to churn," and so, "to agitate" in the mind].

ΜΑΧ-ομαι, ἴ. μαχέσομαι, μαχήσομαι, μαχοῦμαι, p. μεμάχημαι, μεμάχημαι, v. mid. irreg. *To fight* [root *μαχ*, akin to Sans. *makh-a*, "a warrior"].

ΜΑΧ-η, ης, ἴ. [μάχ-ομαι, "to fight"] 1. *A fight, battle.*—2. *A battle-field.*


ΜΑΧΟΜΑΙ, fut. ind. of *μάχομαι*.

ΜΕΓΆΛΑ, neut. nom. and acc. plur. of *μέγας*.

ΜΕΓΆΛΗ, fem. dat. sing. of *μέγας*.

ΜΕΓΆΛΟΥ, masc. and neut. gen. sing. of *μέγας*.

ΜΕΓ-ας, ἄλη, α, adj. *Great*, in the fullest sense of the power.

 Comp.: *μέζων, μείζων*; Sup.: *μέγ-ιστος* [fr. same root as *μακρός*; see *μακρός*].

ΜΕΓ-εθος, έθεος, έθους, n. [μέγ-ας, "great"] *Greatness, magnitude, large size.*

ΜΕΓΙΣΤ-ον, adv. [adverbial neut. of *μέγιστος*; see *μέγας*] 1. *In the greatest degree, most.*—2. *Chiefly, principally.*

ΜΕΓΙΣΤΟΣ, η, ον; see *μέγας* = *chief, principal*; 5, 23.

ΜΕΘ'; see *μετά*.

ΜΕΘ-ίστημι, ἴ. (μετα)-στήσω, 1. aor. (μετ)-έστησα, p. (μεθ)-έστηκα, 2. aor. (μετ)-έστην [μετ-ά, "back"; ἵστημι, "to cause to stand"; cf. ἵστημι] v. a. and n.

1. : a. Act. : Pres., imperf., fut., 1. aor. *To cause to stand back, remove, etc.*—b. Neut. : Perf., pluperf., 2. aor. *To stand back, stand aside.*—2. Mid. : μεθίσταμαι, 1. aor. (μετ-εστησάμην, “*To cause to stand back for one’s self*”; hence) *To cause to stand back, or remove, from one’s self, etc.*

μει-ον, adv. [adverbial neut. of μεί-ων, “less”; see μικρός] *Less.*

μειρακ-ιον, ιον, n. dim. [μείραξ, μείρακ-ος, “a boy, young person”] *A stripling; a lad, boy.*

μείων, ον; see μικρός.

μείλινη, ης, f. : 1. *Millet.*—2. Plur. : *Millet-fields, millet-grounds.*

μέλλω, imperf. ἐμελλον and ἤμελλον, f. μελήσω, 1. aor. ἐμέλλησα and ἠμέλλησα, v. n. With inf. : *To be on the point of doing, etc.; to be about to do, etc.; to design, intend, purpose*;—at δ, δ supply πράξει or ποιήσει after μέλλοντες.

μέμφομαι, f. μέψομαι, 1. aor. ἐμεψάμην, v. mid. *To blame, find fault with, censure.*

μέν, conj. : 1. *Indeed, on the one hand*;—μὲν . . . δέ, *on the one hand . . . on the other hand.*—2. *To mark an objection, etc.*: *Yet, however, still, nevertheless.*

μενεῖτε, 2. pers. plur. fut. ind. of μένω.

μενόντων, Attic for μενέ-ωσαν, 3. pers. plur. imperat. pres. of μένω.

μένουσι, dat. plur. of μένων, part. pres. of μένω.

μέν-τοι, adv. [μέν, “indeed”; τοι, enclitic particle used in “strengthening force”] *In truth indeed, at any rate, however*;—μέντοιγε, *However indeed.*

μέντοι-γε; see μέντοι.

μένω, f. μενῶ, p. μεμένηκα, 1. aor. ἔμεινα, v. n. and a. : 1. Neut. : a. *To remain, wait.*—b. *To continue, etc.*—c. Of a truce : *To remain in force, stand good*, 3, 24.—2. Act. : *To wait or tarry for; to expect.*

1. μένων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of μένω.

2. Μένων, ωνος, m. *Menon*; one of the five Greek generals who were treacherously seized by Tissaphernes; see δ, 31.

μέσ-ος, η, ον, adj. : 1. *Middle.*—As Subst. : μέσον, ον, n. *The middle, the space between.*

—2. Where a thing is in the middle, i.e. the middle of that denoted by the subst. to which it is in attribution [akin to Sanscrit madh-yas, “middle”; whence also Lat. med-tus].

μεσ-τός, τή, τόν, adj. *Filled, full*;—at δ, 9 with Gen. [§ 108]; cf. Primer, § 119, δ.

μετ’; see μετά.

μετά (before a vowel μετ’; before an aspirated vowel μεθ’), prep. : 1. With Gen. : *With.*—2. With Acc. : a. *Among.*—b. *After.*

μετα-γινώσκω, f. -γνώσσομαι, 2. aor. (μετ-)έγνων, v. n. [μετά, denoting “change”; γινώσκω, “to know; to form an opinion”] (“*To form a different opinion*”; hence) *To change, or alter, one’s mind.*

μεταγνούς, οὔσα, ον, P. 2. aor. of μεταγινώσκω.

μετα-μέλει, f. -μελήσει, 1. aor. (μετ-)εμέλησε, v. n. impers. [μετά, denoting “change”; μέλει, “there is a care” to one, etc.] (“*There is a change of care*” to one; hence) With Dat.. *It repents one, etc.*

μεταμέλειν, pres. inf. of μεταμέλει.

μεταστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, P. 2. aor. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστησάμενος, P. 1
aor. mid. of μεσίστημι.

μέτρι-ως, adv. [μέτριος,
"moderate"] ("After the man-
ner of the μέτριος"; hence) 1.
Moderately.—2. *With moderation*
of language, etc. *temperately*.

μέχρι (μέχρις), adv.: 1. Of
time: *Until*:—μέχρις οὗ, *until*
such time as, till that; 6, 5.—2.
Of place: With Gen.: *Up to, as*
far as:—μέχρι τῆς μάχης, *up to*
the battle-field.

μέχρις; see μέχρι.

μή, adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.:
a. *Not*:—εἰ μή, (*if not, i.e.*) (a)
Except; 1, 12.—(b) *Else*; 2, 1.—
b. Added to verbs denoting pro-
hibition, doubt, denial, etc., to in-
crease their negative power.—c.
In combination with οὐ joined to
the Inf. after words involving a
negative notion, strengthening
the proceeding negative idea:—
ὥστε πᾶσιν αἰσχύνῃν εἶναι μὴ
οὐ συσπρουδάξεν, *so that all*
might be ashamed not to co-operate
zealously.—2. Conj.: a. *Lest*.—
b. After verbs of fearing: *That*.
μη-δέ, conj. [μή, "not";
δέ, "and"] *And not, nor*:—μηδέ
. . . μηδέ, *neither . . . nor*.

μηδ-είς, μηδε-μία, μηδ-έν,
num. adj. [μηδ-έ, "not even";
είς, "one"] *Not even one, not a*
single, none or no whatever;—
With Gen. of thing distributed
[§ 112]; cf. Primer, § 130; cf. 3,
8; 5, 20, etc.

μηδεμία, nom. sing. fem. of
μηδείς.

Μηδ-ία, ἰας, f. [Μῆδ-οι,
"the Medes"] *The country of the*
Medes, Media:—τὸ Μηδίας τεῖχ-
ος, *the wall of Media*, now called
Khalu, or *Sidd*, *Nimrud*, i.e.
"the wall, or embankment, of
Nimrod."

μήκ-ος, εος ους, n. ("Great-
ness"; hence) *Length* [fr. same
root as μακρός; see μακρός].

μήν, a particle: *In good*
truth, verily, truly, indeed; see
2. ἦ.

μηνύω, f. μηνύσω, 1. aor.
ἐμήνυσα, v. a. *To disclose, make*
known, give information about.

μή-τε, conj. [μή, "not";
τε, "and"] *And not, nor*:—
μήτε . . . μήτε, *neither . . . nor*:
—μήτε . . . τέ, *both not . . .*
and.

μή-τηρ, τέρος contr. τρός, f.
A mother [akin to Sans. *mā-trī*;
fr. root *mā*, in meaning of "to
produce"; and so, "a produc-
er"; cf. Lat. *ma-ter*].

μηχαν-δομαι (-ῶμαι), f.
-ήσομαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-μῆχαν)-ησά-
μην, v. mid. [μηχάν-η, "contriv-
ance"] *To contrive, or effect, for*
one's self.

μία, nom. sing. fem. of εἷς.
Μιθριδάτης, ου, m. *Mith-*
ridates; a Persian noble, one of
the adherents of Cyrus.

μικρ-όν; see μικρός.
μικρός, ὁ, ὅν, adj. *Small*,
little;—adverbial neut.: μικρόν,
a little way, short distance.
Comp.: μικρ-ότερος and μείων;
Sup.: μικρ-ότατος and μείστος.

Μιλτοκύθης, ου, m. *Milto-*
cythes; a Thracian, holding a
command in the Greek army,
who deserted to the king; 2, 7.

μισθοδο-σία, σίας, f. [for
μισθοδο-σία; fr. μισθοδο-έω,
"to pay wages"] *A paying of*
wages, a giving of pay.

μισθός, ου, m.: 1. *Wages*,
pay, hire.—2. *Recompense, re-*
ward.

μνησικακ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω,
v. n. [μνησικᾶκ-ος, "remember-
ing evils, to bear ill will"] *To re-*
member (past) evils or injuries;
to bear ill will or malice:—οὐ μνη-
σικακήσειν βασιλέα αὐτοῖς, (*that*
the king will bear no ill will to
them, i.e.) will grant them an
amnesty.

μνησικακήσειν, fut. inf. of μνησικακέω.

μόλ, dat. sing. of ἰγώ.

μόν-ος, adv. [μόν-ος, "alone"] *Only, merely.*

μόν-ος, η, ον, adj.: 1. *Only, alone.*—2. *The only one that.*

μυρί-ος, α, ον (mostly plur.), adj. Of number: *Numberless, infinite.*—2. As a definite numeral: Plur.: *Ten thousand.*

Μυσοί, ὧν, m. plur. *The Mysi or Mystians; the people of Mysia in Asia Minor. Their country was divided into Lesser Mysia on the Hellespont, and Greater Mysia on the Aegean Sea.*

ναυσ-ί-πορ-ος, ον, adj. [for ναυσ-ί-περ-ος; fr. ναῦς, "a ship"; (ι) connecting vowel; περ-ῶν, "to pass through, cross over"] *Passed through, or crossed over, by ships; navigable.*

νεανί-σκος, σκού, m. dim. (only in form) [νεανί-ας, ον, "a young man"] *A young man; a youth.*

νέμω, f. νέμω, and (late) νευήσω, p. νευέμεθα, 1. aor. ἐνεύμα, v. a.: 1. Of herdsmen, etc., as subjects: *To drive afield or to pasture; to graze, pasture, tend, etc.*—2. Mid.: νέμ-ομαι, f. -οῦμαι, later -ήσομαι: Of cattle as subjects: *To go to pasture, to be pasturing; to feed or graze.*

νη-σός, σου, f. An island [akin to Sans. root *anā*, "to bathe"; as "that which is bathed or washed" by the sea, etc.].

Νίκ-αρχ-ος, ον, m. [νίκ-η, "victory"; αρχ-ω, "to begin"] ("Beginner of Victory") *Nicarchus; a Greek who was severely wounded by the Persian cavalry when the Greek generals were treacherously seized by Tissaphernes, but who escaped, and gave intelligence to his*

countrymen of what had occurred.

νίκ-ᾶω (-ᾶ), f. ἦσω, p. (εν-νί-κ)-ηκα, v. a. and n. [νίκ-η, "victory"] 1. Act.: Of persons as Object: *To vanquish, conquer.*—2. Neut.: a. *To be victorious, to be conqueror.*—b. With Acc. of "battle" as "Acc. of respect": *To be victorious, or prove conqueror, in:*—this is, also, at times expressed by Dative, e.g. μάχῃ, in Euripides.—N.B. The present is often used as a perf., *To have conquered;* cf. 1, 1.

νικῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, contr. P. pres. of νικάω.

νόθος, η, ον (Attic νόθος, ον), adj. *Illegitimate.*

νομίζειν, Attic fut. inf. of νομίζω.

νομίζω, f. νομῖσω (Attic νομῖω), p. νενόμικα, 1. aor. ἐνόμιστα, v. a. [νόμ-ος, "a custom"] 1. *To hold, or observe, as a custom.*—2. With Objective clause: *To deem, hold, consider, think, etc., that something will be, etc.*

νομίζων, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of νομίζω.

νομίστας, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of νομίζω.

νόος νοῦς, νόου νοῦ, m. *Mind.*

νῦν, adv. *Now* [akin to Sans. *nu* or *nā*, "now"].

νύξ, νυκτός, f. *Night*;—at 2, 1, and 4, 16, τῆς νυκτός is the Gen. of time, "when" [§ 112, Obs. 3]; cf. Primer, § 120; cf. also, 6, 7;—but at 2, 19 ποιούσης τῆς νυκτός is the Gen. Abs. [§ 118]; cf. Primer, § 125;—at 2, 8 in plur. [akin to Sans. *niṣa*, "night"; *naktam*, "by night"].

Ξεν-ικός, ἱκή, ἱκόν, adj. [ξέν-ος, "a mercenary"] ("Of, or

belonging to, a ξένος"; hence) Of Soldiers: *Mercenary, hired.*—As Subst.: ξενικόν, οὐ, n. *A mercenary, or hired, force; a body of mercenaries.*

Ξένος, οὐ, m.: 1. *A guest, friend.*—2. *A foreigner.*—3. *A hired soldier, a mercenary.*

Ξενοφών, ὦντος, m. *Xenophon*, the son of Gryllus, was born at Athens about B.C. 444. In early life he was the friend and pupil of Socrates. In B.C. 401 he joined the expeditionary force under Cyrus, and was banished from his country on this account. In B.C. 396 he served under Agesilaus in his Asiatic campaign, and fought against his countrymen at the battle of Coronea, B.C. 394. Subsequently he resided for many years at Scyllus, near Olympia, on an estate given him by the Lacedæmonians; and on being expelled from it by the Eleans on their making war with Sparta, he retired to Corinth, where he died in about the 90th year of his age. The writings of Xenophon are not few; the best known of them being the "Anabasis," in which he describes the "Retreat of the Ten Thousand," in which he himself bore so distinguished a part.

ξηρ-αίνω, f. -αῖνω, 1. aor. (ξηρ)-άνα, v. a. [ξηρ-ός, "dry"] *To dry.*

ξηραίνων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of ξηραίνω.

ξύφος, εος ους, n. *A sword.*

ξύλ-ιζομαι, v. mid. [ξύλ-ον, "wood"] *To fetch, or collect, wood.*

ξύλιζόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of ξυλίζομαι.

ξύλ-ινος, ίνη, ινον, adj. [ξύλ-ον, "wood"] *Of, or belonging to, wood; wooden, wood.*

ξύ-λον, λου, n. [ξύ-ω, "to

scrape or plane"] ("That which is scraped or planed"; hence) 1. *Timber for buildings.*—2. *Wood.*

1. ὁ, ἡ, τό, definite article. *The*: 1. With Subst.: a.: (a) To point out some person, thing, etc., before mentioned:—οἱ κήρυκες, *the heralds*, at 1, 9 points to κήρυκες, *heralds*, at 1, 7.—(b) To denote something belonging to one;—at 3, 11 τὸ δορύ, *the spear* (of Clearchus), *his spear*.—(c) To denote some particular or especial thing:—εἰς τὸν πηλὸν ἐμβαίνων, *going into the mud*, i.e. *the mud in which the soldiers were at work*; 3, 11.—b. With Personal names of individuals: To point out the person (a) As the one just before spoken of:—λέγει Ἀρταῖος, 5, 38; ὁ δὲ Ἀρταῖος εἶπε, 6, 40.—(b) As well known or famous:—Δαμάρατος, ὁ Δάκων, 1, 3.—(c) As distinguished from others of the same name:—Πρόξενος, ὁ Βοιωτίας, 6, 16; Μένων, ὁ Θερραλός, 6, 21.—c. With names of countries or cities: (a) Referring to a previous mention of them.—(b) To mark them as well known and famous:—ἡ Σπάρτη, 6, 4.—2. The neut. art. sing. in combination with a neut. adj. sing. represents an abstract noun:—τὸ στυγνόν, (*the gloomy or morose*, i.e.) *gloominess or moroseness*; τὸ χαλεπόν, (*the hard*, i.e.) *hardness or severity of character*.—3. With adj. plur. used as subst. to denote the whole of the class specified by such word:—οἱ ὅσιοι, (*the pious or religious*, i.e.) *all who are pious or religious*; 6, 25.—4. The neut. art. sing. is joined to an infinitive mood to form a verbal noun:—τὸ ἀπεχθάνεσθαι, *the being hated*; 1, 19; τῷ δύνασθαι, *in*

the being able; 6, 26; ἐκ τοῦ εἶναι, *from the being*; 6, 9.—5. The masc. (or fem.) art. used with Gen. of the name of a person denotes the son (or daughter) of such a person:—ὁ Ταμῶ, *the son of Tamos*; 1, 3.—6. With participles = Lat. *is qui, he, etc., who; one, etc., who*:—τὸν καλῶς ποιοῦντα, *him who acted honourably*; 6, 20; τὸν ἀδικοῦντα, *him who acted unjustly, etc.*; 6, 20; τῷ ἡγουμένῳ, *him who leads, i.e. the leader*; 2, 4.—7. With cardinal adjectives to mark a number decisively:—τὰ πενήκοντα ἔτη, *fifty years (of age)*; 6, 15.—8. With Adverbs forms: a. An adjectival expression:—ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος, *future time*; ἐν τῷ ἐμπροσθεν λόγῳ, *in the foregoing account or statement*.—b. A complex noun:—οἱ ἐνδον, *those who were inside*; 6, 33; τῶν τότε ἱκανώτατος, *most able of the men of that time*; 6, 11.—9. Masc. art. plur.: a. With σύν and Dat. of the name of a person, or a pron. referring to a person, denotes that person's followers, attendants, etc.:—οἱ σύν αὐτῷ, *(the ones with him, viz. Ariæus; i.e.) his followers, etc.*; cf. 2, 14.—b. With περί and Acc. of person, or pron. referring to a person, denotes that person's followers, sometimes taking also within its meaning the person himself:—οἱ περί τὸν Ἀριαῖον, *(the ones about Ariæus; i.e.) Ariæus and his followers*.—10. Neut. art. plur. joined to prep. and its case: *The things*:—τὰ παρὰ βασιλέως, *the things from the king*; 6, 36; ἐπιστήμων τῶν περὶ τὰς τάξεις, *skilled in the things concerning the drawings up in order, i.e. in tactics*; 1, 7 [akin to Sans. *sa*, "one"; and *ta*, "he, she, it"].

Xen. II.

2. δ, ἡ, τό, demonstr. pron. *He, she, it*:—ὁ μὲν . . . ὁ δέ, *the one . . . the other*; see, also, μὲν:—οἱ μὲν . . . Κλέαρχος δέ, *they on the one hand . . . Clearchus on the other*; 1, 6; cf. also, 2, 1.

δ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, pron. demonstr. [old demonstr. pron. δ, "this"; enclitic δέ] *This person or thing*.—As Subst. of all genders and numbers: *He, she, it; these, these things*.

ὁδ-ός, οὐ, f. ("That which approaches, or forms an approach," to a place; hence) 1. *A way, road, path*.—2. *A way, mode, method*.—3. *A march, expedition* [akin to Sans. root *SAD*, "to approach"].

δ-θεν, adv. [δ-ς, "who, which"; *θεν*, inseparable particle denoting "from"] ("From which"; hence) *Whence*:—ὁθενπερ, *whence indeed*.

οἶδα; see εἶδω.

οἶε, 2. pers. sing. pres. ind. of οἶμαι.

οἶκ-ᾶ-δε, adj. [οἶκ-ος, "a house, home"; (a); δε, enclitic particle=πρός, "towards"] *Towards one's house or home; homewards*;—at 3, 23 it means "towards Greece."

οἶκ-εἶος, εἶα, εἶον, adj. [οἶκ-ος, "a house"] ("Of, or belonging to, οἶκος"; hence, "pertaining to a household, domestic"; hence) *Intimate, friendly, on intimate terms, etc.* ¹³⁵ (Comp.: οἶκει-ότερος); Sup.: οἶκει-ότατος.

οἶκειότατος, η, ον; see οἶκειος.

οἶκ-έτης, έτου, m. [οἶκ-ος, "a house"] ("One made for οἶκος"; hence) *A servant, domestic, etc.*

οἶκ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (ῶκ)-ηκα, v. n. and a. [οἶκ-ος, "a house"] 1. Neut.: ("To

H

possess, etc., a house"; hence) *To dwell, live.*—2. Act.: ("To possess, etc., a house in or at a place"; hence) *To inhabit.*—Pass.: οἰκ-έσμαι (-οῦμαι), p. (ῥκ)-ημαι, 1. aor. (ῥκ)-ήθην, f. mid. as pass. -ήσομαι: ("To be inhabited"; hence) Of cities: *To be placed or situated.*

οἰκ-ία, ιας, f. [οἰκ-έω, "to inhabit"] ("An inhabiting," in abstract force; hence, Concrete) *A habitation, dwelling-house.*

οἰκ-ο-δομ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, 1. aor. (ῥκ-ο-δού)-ησα, v. a. [for οἰκ-ο-δεμ-έω; fr. οἰκ-ος, "a house"; (ο) connecting vowel; δέμ-ω, "to build"] ("To build a house"; hence) *To build, raise, erect, construct, etc.*—Pass.: οἰκ-ο-δομ-έομαι (-οῦμαι), p. (ῥκ-ο-δού)-ημαι, fut. -ηθήσομαι.

οἰκ-ος, ου, m. ("That which is inhabited"; hence) *A house*: —εις οἶκον, *homewards* [akin to Sans. *eti-a*, "a house"; fr. root *vis*, "to sit down"; cf. Lat. "vic-us").

οἰκοῦσι, dat. plur. masc. of οἰκέων ὧν, P. pres. of οἰκέω.

οἰκῶν, οὔσα, οὖν, contr. P. pres. of οἰκέω.

οἶμαι; see οἶσμαι.

οἶνος, ου, m. *Wine.*

οἶ-ομαι (οἶμαι), imperf. ῥόμην, f. οἶήσομαι (later οἶηθήσομαι), 1. aor. ῥήθην: *To think, imagine, suppose, etc.* [akin to Sans. root *i*, "to go," which with prefix *ava* (here represented by ὀ), viz. *AVA-I*, has the force of "to consider, believe"].

οἷος, α, ου, adj.: 1.: *a. Such as, of such sort or kind as.*—(a) As Subst.: οἷα, ων, n. plur. *Such things as.*—(b) Phrase οἷον τε, *Possible.*—b. With Inf.: ("Such as for to" do, etc., i.e.) *Fit, suitable, adapted, proper for doing or to do, etc.*—2. *Of what sort or kind.*

οἶσθα, 2. pers. sing. of οἶδα; see εἶδω.

οἶ-στος (Attic οἶ-στος), στου, m. [obsol. οἶ-ω, "to carry"] ("That which is borne or carried" from a bow; hence) *An arrow.*

οἶσω, irreg. fut. ind. of φέρω.

οἷτινες, masc. nom. plur. of ὅστις.

οἶχομαι, f. οἶχήσομαι, p. ῥχωκα and ῥχημαι, v. mid. irreg. 1. *To be gone, to have departed.*—2. With Part. to denote something rapidly done:—ῥχετο ἀπελαύνων, (*riding away he was gone*, i.e.) *he rode off immediately*; 4, 24:—ῥχετο πλέων, (*sailing he was gone*, i.e.) *he sailed quickly away*; 6, 3.

ὀκν-έω (-ῶ), f. ῥήσω, 1. aor. (ῥκν)-ησα, v. n. [ὀκν-ος, "hesitation, cowardice"] ("To be in a state of ὀκνος"; hence) 1. *To shrink from doing, etc.; to hesitate to do, etc.*—2. *To be alarmed or afraid.*

ὀκνῶν, οὔσα, οὖν, contr. P. pres. of ὀκνέω.

ὀκτώ, num. adj. indecl. *Eight* [akin to Sans. *ashṭan*, "eight"].

ὀλίγος, η, ου, adj. Of number: *Small*:—ὀλίγον στράτευμα, *a small army*; 2, 12.

ὅλος, η, ου, adj.: 1. *Whole, entire, complete.*—2. In adverbial force: *Wholly, altogether, etc.* [akin to Sans. *sarva*, "all; whole, entire"].

ὀμνῶμι, f. ὀμοῦμαι later ὀμόσω, p. ὀμώμοκα, 1. aor. ὤμοσα, v. a. *To swear.*

ὀμολογ-έω (-ῶ), f. ῥήσω, p. (ὤμολόγ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ὤμολόγ)-ησα, v. a. [ὀμόλογ-ος, "assenting"] ("To be ὀμόλογος"; hence) *To allow, admit, confess.*

ὀμολογουμένως, adv. [ὀμολογούμενος "allowed, con-

fessed"] ("After the manner of the *ὁμολογούμενος*"; hence) *Allovedly, confessedly, by general or common consent*; 6, 1.

ὁμόσαι, 1. aor. inf. of *ὁμῶμι*.

ὁμόσας, ἄσα, αἶν, P. 1. aor. of *ὁμῶμι*.

ὁμῶς, adv. [*ὁμῶς*, "equal"] 1. *Equally*.—2. *For all that, nevertheless, still, however*.

ὁνομα, ἄτος, n. [for *ὀνομα*; fr. root *γνο*, short form of *γνω*, whence *γι-γνώσκω*, "to know," with *ὀ* as prefix; cf. Lat. *no-men* for *gno-men*] ("The thing which serves for knowing" an object by; hence) 1. *A name*:—*ὀνομα*, as to or by name; 4, 28, Acc. of "Respect" [§ 98]; cf. Primer, § 100.—2. *Name, fame, reputation, renown*; 6, 17.

ὄνος, ον, m. and f. *An ass*.
ὄντες, οὔσαι, ὄντα, etc., plur. of *ὄν*, οὔσα, ὄν.

ὄντος, ὄντι; see *ὄν*, οὔσα, ὄν.

ὀξ-ος, εος ονς, n. [*ὀξ-ύς*, "sharp"] ("That which is *ὀξ-ύς*"; hence) *Sharp, or sour, wine*.

ὀπη, adv.: 1. *Where*.—2. *In what way* [either an adverbial dat. of obsol. pron. *ὀπός*=obsol. *πός*, akin to Sans. *kā*, "who?"; or lengthened fr. *πῆ*].

ὀπισθοφυλακ-έω (-ῶ), v. n. [*ὀπισθοφυλαξ*, *ὀπισθοφύλαξ*, "one of the rear-guard"] ("To be an *ὀπισθοφύλαξ*"; hence) 1. *To guard the rear*.—2. *To command the rear*.

ὀπλ-ίζω, p. (*ὥπλ*)-ιζα, 1. aor. (*ὥπλ*)-ισα, v. a. [*ὥπλ-ον*, "a weapon"] 1. Act.: *To furnish with weapons, to arm*.—2. Pass.: p. (*ὥπλ*)-ισμαι, 1. aor. (*ὥπλ*)-ισθην: *To be furnished with weapons, to be armed*.—3. Mid.: *ὀπλ-ίζομαι*, f. -ισο-

μαι, late -*τοῦμαι*, 1. aor. (*ὥπλ*)-ισάμην, *To arm one's self, put on armour, equip one's self*.

ὀπλῖ-σις, σεως, f. [for *ὀπλιδ-σις*; fr. *ὀπλίζω* (= *ὀπλιδ-σω*)], "to arm" 1. *An arming for war*.—2. *Equipments for war; arms, armour*.

ὀπλ-ο-μάχ-ια, ιας, f. [*ὀπλ-α*, "arms"; (o) connecting vowel; *μάχ-ομαι*, "to fight"] *A fighting with (heavy) arms*.

ὀπ-λον, λου, n.: 1. *An implement of war; an offensive weapon*.—2. Plur.: a. *Weapons in general, arms*.—b. *The place of arms*.

ὀπόθεν, rel. adv. [either for obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); (o) connecting vowel; *θεν* (= *ἐκ*), "from"; or a lengthened form of *πόθεν*, "whence"] ("From which"; hence) *Whence*;—at 4, 5 before *ὀπόθεν* supply *τόπον παρέξει*.

ὀποι, adv. [either old dat. form of obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); or a lengthened form of *ποί*, "whither"] *To which place, whither*.

ὀποῖος, α, ον, adj. [either fr. obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); or lengthened fr. *ποῖος*] *Of what sort, or kind*.

ὀπόσος, η, ον, adj. [either fr. obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); or lengthened fr. *πόσος*] *As many as, how many*;—at 5, 18 with Gen. of thing distributed [§ 112]; cf. Primer, § 130.

ὀπότ-αν, conj. [*ὀπότ-ε*, "when"; αἶν, in "indefinite force"] *Whenever, whensoever*.

ὀπότε, adv. [either fr. obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); or lengthened fr. *πότε*] *When*.

ὀπου, adv. [either fr. obsol. *ὀπός* (see *ὀπῆ*); or lengthened fr. *πού*] *Where*:—*ὀπου αἶν*, *wherever*.

ὀπτ-ός, ή, όν, adj. [*ὀπτ-άω*,

"to bake"] Of bricks: *Baked*, *burned*.

ὅπως, adv. [either fr. obsol. ὁπός (see ὁπή); or lengthened fr. πώς] *In what way, in what manner; how*.—2. *That, in order that*.—3. *That, but that*:—οὐκ ἔστιν ὅπως οὐκ, *It is impossible that not, or but that*; see 4, 3.

ὁρᾶν, pres. inf. of ὁράω.

ὁράω (-ᾶ), f. ὁψομαι, p. ἐοράκα, later ἐωράκα, v. a.: 1. Act.: a. *To see, behold, etc.*—b. With part. in concord with object: *To see a person, etc., doing or being something; to see that a person, etc., does or is, etc.*—c. *To perceive, observe, etc.*—2. Pass.: ὁράομαι (-ᾶμαι), p. ἐωράμαι (more Attic ὠμαι), 1. aor. ἐωράσθην, irreg. ὠφθην, 1. f. ὁφθήσομαι, late ὁραθήσομαι, *To be seen, etc.*

ὀργή, ἥς, f. [ὀργ-ᾶω, "to be eager"] ("Eagerness"; hence)

1. *The character or disposition resulting from natural impulse*.—2. *Wrath, passion, rage, anger*.

ὀρη, plur. of ὄρος.

ὀρθός, ῆ, ὄν, adj. *Standing erect, upright*.

ὀρθρός, θρου, m. [ὀρ-νυμι, in sense of "to rise"] ("The rising time"; hence) *Day-break, dawn, early morning*.

ὀρθ-ῶς, adv. [ὀρθ-ός, "right"] ("After the manner of the ὀρθός"; hence) *Rightly*:—οὐκ ὀρθῶς, *not rightly, i.e. wrongly*.

ὀρκ-ος, ου, m. [for *ἑργ-ος*; fr. *ἑργ-ω*=*εἰρ-γω*, "to shut in, restrain"] ("That which restrains"; hence, morally) *An oath*, as restraining a person from doing, etc., something;—at 5, 7 with Objective Gen.

ὀρμ-ᾶω (-ᾶ), f. -ήσω, p. (ὠρμ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ὠρμ)-ησα, v. n. and a. [ὀρμ-ή "a start, setting out"] 1.: a. Neut.:

("To make ὀρμή"; hence) *To start off, etc.*—b. Act.: *To cause to start off, i.e. to set in motion, urge on*.—2. Pass.: ὀρμ-ᾶομαι (-ᾶμαι), p. (ὠρμ)-ημαι, 1. aor. (ὠρμ)-ήσθην, f. mid. -ήσομαι. In neut. force: *To start off, make a start, set out or forth*; 1, 3.

ὀρ-μή, μῆς, f. ("A going"; hence) *A setting out, a starting, point of starting, start* [akin to Sans. root *smi*, "to go"].

Ορόντας, ου, m. *Orontas*; a Persian noble, son-in-law of Artaxerxes.

ὄρος, εος ους, n. *A mountain*.

Ὀρχομένιος, ου, m. [Ὀρχομένης, "of, or belonging to, Orchomenus," a city of Boeotia in Northern Greece] *A man of Orchomenus; an Orchomenian*.

ὀρώντες, nom. masc. plur. of ὀρᾶν, ὠσα, ὦν, contr. P. pres. of ὁράω.

ὅς, ῆ, ὅ, pron. rel. *Who, which*:—οὗ (sc. τόπου), as adverbial Gen. of place, *where*; cf. [§ 112, Obs. 3]:—ἐν ᾧ, (supply χρόνῳ, in the time in which, i.e.) *while, whilst* [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (2);—for ὅς ἂν see 2. ἂν, no. 2;—at 2, 6 ἦν is acc. of measure of space;—at 5, 27 with Gen. of thing distributed, οἱ ἂν τῶν Ἑλλήνων, "whoever of the Greeks" [§ 112]; cf. Primer, § 180].—Particular constructions: a. The demonstrative pron. is frequently omitted before the relative, especially when in the same case:—*συσκευασαμένοις, ἃ εἶχον* for *συσκευασαμένους ἐκεῖνα* (sc. σκεύη), ἃ εἶχον.—b. Sometimes the relative takes the case of the omitted demonstrative: *περὶ ὧν λέγεις* for *περὶ τούτων*, ἃ λέγεις, 1, 16; *ἐδήλωσε τοῦτο οἷς ἐπαρτε* for *ἐδήλωσε τοῦτο τούτοις*, ἃ ἐπαρτε, 3, 18.—c. Sometimes the relative takes the

case of the antecedent by attraction: τῆς χάριτος, ἥτε . . . ἔχοιμεν, for ἥν, δ, 14.

ῥόλος, α, ον, adj. Of persons: *Religious, devout, pious*;—for οἱ ῥόλοι see article ὁ, no. 3.

ῥος, η, ον, adj.: 1. Of size: *As great as; how great*.—2. Of number, etc.: *As many as, as much as; how many, how much*:—τοσούτοι . . . ὅσοι, *so many . . . as*.—As Subst.: ῥα, ων, n. plur. *How many things*;—at δ, 23 as Acc. of "Respect" after χρήσιμοι [§ 98]; cf. Primer, § 100.

ῥος-περ, ἥ-περ, ὅ-περ, pron. rel. [ῥς, "who, which"; enclitic indefinite particle περ] *Who indeed, which indeed*;—at 1, 22 supply δοκεῖ with ἄπερ;—at δ, 29 ὅπερ takes the gender of the word θάνατος, instead of being in the neut. (ὅπερ) in concord with preceding sentence as a neut. subst.

ῥος-τις, ἥ-τις, ὅ-τι, pron. [ῥς, "who"; τις, "any"] 1. Indefinite: ("Any one who, any thing which," i.e.) *Whoever, whatever person or thing*.—2. Relative: Referring to a definite person, but with a certain general notion attaching to it: *Who*.

ῥτε, adv. *When*.—Adverbial expression:—ἐσθ' ῥτε, (*there is* a time) *when, i.e. sometimes*; cf. Lat. *est ubi*.

1. ῥτι, adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.: *That*.—2. Conj.: *Because*.

2. ῥτι (or ῥτι), nom. and acc. neut. sing. of ῥστις.

ῥτου, ῥτω, Attic for οὔτινος, ῥτινι, gen. and dat. sing. of ῥστις.

1. οὐ before a consonant, οὐκ before a soft vowel, οὐχ before an aspirated vowel, adv. *Not*.

2. οὐ; see ὅς.

οὐδᾶμ-ὅ-θεν, adv. [οὐδᾶμ-ός, "not even one, none, no";

(ο) connecting vowel; *θεν=ἐκ*; Of place: *From no place, or quarter, whatever; from no side*;—after a preceding negative: *from any quarter, etc.*; see 4, 23.

οὐδᾶμ-οὔ, adv. [οὐδᾶμ-ός; see οὐδᾶμότεν] *No where*;—after a preceding negative, *any where*; see 2, 18.

οὐ-δέ, conj. [οὐ, "not"; δέ, "but, and"] 1. *But not*.—2. *And not, nor*:—οὐδέ . . . οὐδέ, *neither . . . nor*; οὐκ . . . οὐδέ, *not . . . nor*; οὐδ' εἰ, *not even if*.—3. To strengthen a negation: *Not even*:—οὐδ' εἰ, *not even if*.

οὐδ-εἷς, οὐδε-μία, οὐδ-έν, adj. [οὐδ' εἰ, "not even"; εἷς, "one"] *Not even one, not one*: a. As Subst.: (a) Masc. and Fem.: *No one, nobody*.—(b) Neut.: *Nothing*;—after a negative, *anything*; 2, 11.—b. In adverbial force: οὐδέν, *Not at all, in no respect, etc.*; 8, 15, etc.

οὐδέμια; see οὐδεῖς.

οὐδέν, as adv.; see οὐδεῖς.

οὐδέ-ποτε (before a vowel οὐδέποτε), adv. [οὐδέ, "not even"; ποτέ, "at any time"] *Not even at any time, never at any time; never*.

οὐθ'; see οὐτε.

οὐκ; see οὐ.

οὐκ-έτι, adj. [οὐκ, "not"; ἐτι, "any longer"] *No longer, no more*.

οὐκ-οὐν, adv. [οὐκ, "not"; οὐν, "therefore"] *Not therefore, not then*.

οὐν, adv.: 1. *Then*.—2. *Therefore, consequently*.

οὐ-ποτε, adv. [οὐ, "not"; ποτέ, "at any time"] *Not at any time, never*.

οὐσης, gen. sing. fem. of ὤν; see ὤν.

οὐσι, masc. and neut. dat. plur. of ὤν, part. pres. of εἰμί.

οὐ-τε (before an aspirated vowel οὐθ), conj. [οὐ, "not";

τε, "and"] *And not*:—οὔτε ... οὔτε, *neither ... nor*;—after a preceding negative, *either ... or*.

οὗτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο, pron. dem. *This*;—Plur.: *These*.—As Subst.: a. οὗτος, etc., m. *This man or person*;—Dual: *These two*; 6, 30;—Plur.: *These men or persons; these*.—b. τοῦτο, etc., n. *This thing, this*.—Plur.: *These things*.—Phrases: (a) καὶ ταῦτα, an expression used to heighten the force of what has just been stated: (*And these things; or*) *and that, and that too*; 4, 15, etc.—(b) ἐν τούτῳ, *In the mean time, meanwhile*; 1, 15; 4, 8, etc.—(c) ἐκ τούτου: (a) *After this*.—(β) *Thereupon*.—(d) ἀπὸ τούτου, *From this time, after this*; 6, 5.—(·) ταύτη, *In this way*. See also article ὅς.

οὕτως (before a consonant οὕτ-ω), adv. [οὗτος, "this"] *In this way or manner, thus, so*.

οὕχ'; see οὐ.

ὀφείλω, f. ὀφειλήσω, p. ὀφείληκα, 2. aor. ὀφελον and ὀφελον, v. a.: 1. *To owe*.—2. With Inf.: (*I, etc.*) *ought*.—3. In 2. aor. (followed by Inf.), to express a wish that cannot be realized: *O! how I wish that*; equivalent to the Lat. "utinam."

ὀφελ-ος, eos ους, n. [ὀφελ-ω, "to help"] (*"Help"*; hence) *Benefit, advantage, profit*.

ὀχ-ετός, ετού, m. [ὀχ-έω, "to bear or carry"] (*"A bearing or conveying"*; hence, "a means of bearing," etc.; hence) For conveying water for irrigation: *A channel, gutter, etc., in fields*.

ὄχλος, ου, m. *A disorderly mob; a crowd, multitude*.

ὄψε, adv. *Late in the day, at even*.

ὄψις, εως, f. [for ὄπ-σις; fr. obsol. ὄπ-τόμαι, "to see";

whence ὄψομαι (= ὄπ-σομαι); see ὄρᾶν] (*"A seeing, sight"*; hence) *Appearance, look*.

παθεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of πάσχω.

παιδ-ικὰ, κῶν, n. plur. [παιδικ-ός, "pertaining to a païs"] (*"Things pertaining to a païs"*; hence) Of one person: *A favourite*.

παῖς, παιδός, comm. gen. *A child, whether boy or girl*.

παίω, f. παίω and παήσω, p. πέπαικα, 1. aor. ἔπαισα, v. a. *To strike, smite, inflict blows upon*.

πάλιν, adv.: 1. *Back, backwards*.—2. *On the other hand, on the contrary*.—3. *Again, a second time*.—4. *Again, back again* [akin to Sans. pard, "back"].

πάμ-πολύς, πόλλη, πολυ, adj. [for πάντ-πολύς; fi. pās, παντός, "all"; πολὺς, "great" in number] (*"All-great"*; hence) *Very great in number, very numerous*.

παν-οὔργ-ος, ου, adj. [contr. fr. παν-έργ-ος; fr. pān, "every thing"; έργ-ω, a root connected with obsol. έργ-ω, "to do"] (*"Doing every thing"*; hence) In bad sense: *Crafty, villainous, rascally, treacherous*.—As Subst.: m. *A villain, rogue*. (Comp.: πανουργ-ότερος); Sup.: πανουργ-ότατος.

παντά-πᾶσι (before a vowel πᾶσιν), adv. [prob. acc. and dat. plur. of pās, "all"] (*"All things in or to all things"*; hence) *All in all, altogether, wholly, entirely*.

παντ-ᾶχῃ, adv. [pās, παντός, "all"] 1. *Everywhere, in all places*.—2. *By all means, in every respect, entirely, absolutely*.

παντ-ᾶχού, adv. [id.] *Everywhere, in all places*.

πάντ-η, adv. [id.] 1. *Every-*

where, on all sides.—2. In every way, in all respects.

παντ-οῖος, οἴα, οἶον, adj. [id.] ("Pertaining to πᾶς"; hence) *Of all sorts or kinds.*

πᾶν-ύ, adv. [πᾶν, neut. of πᾶς, "all"] ("In all respects," etc.; hence) 1. *Altogether*.—2. With Adj. or Adv.: *Exceedingly, very*; see 2, 3; 5, 27, etc.

παρ; see παρά.

παρά (before a vowel παρ'), prep.: 1. With Gen.: *From*.—2. With Dat.: *With, near, at*.—3. With Acc.: a. *At*.—b. *With*.—c. *During*.—d. *Beside, near*.—e. *Beyond, above*.—f. *To, towards*.—g. *Contrary to, against*.—h. *Of time: During* [akin to Sans. *pard*, "away"].

παρ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, 1. aor. -ήγγειλα, v. a. [παρ-ά, "from"; ἀγγέλλω, "to convey a message"] ("To convey a message from" one to another; hence) *Military term*: 1. *To pass word, etc., along the line*.—2. *To order, command, by passing word*.—Pass.: παρ-αγγέλλομαι, p. -ήγγελμαι, 1. aor. -ήγγελην:—τὰ παρηγγελμένα, (the things that had been ordered, i.e.) *the instructions previously given*.

παράδεισος, ου, m. *A park, pleasure grounds* [a Persian word; hence Eng. "Paradise"].

παράδιδόναι, pres. inf. of παραδίδωμι.

παρᾶ-διδωμι, f. -δώσω, 1. aor. (παρ)-έδωκα, v. a. [παρά, "to"; δίδωμι, "to give"] ("To give to" another; hence) 1. *To give up, surrender*.—2. *To betray*.

παράδοιεν, 3. pers. plur. 2. aor. opt. of παραδίδωμι.

παράδοθαι, 2. aor. inf. of παραδίδωμι.

παράδοῦς, δοῦσα, δόν, P. 2. aor. opt. of παραδίδωμι.

παρᾶ-θαρρύνω, v. a. [παρ-ά,

in "strengthening force"; θαρρύνω, "to embolden"] *To embolden greatly; to encourage, inspire with confidence.*

παρᾶ-θαρρύνων, ουσα, ου, P. pres. of παραθαρρύνω.

παρᾶ-κἀλέω (-καλῶ), f. -καλῶ, later -κἀλέσω, 1. aor. (παρ)-εκάλεσα, v. a. [παρ-ά, "to"; καλέω, "to call"] ("To call to" one; hence) 1. *To send for, summon*.—2. *To invite*.—Pass.: παρα-καλέομαι (-καλοῦμαι), 1. aor. (παρ)-εκληθην.

παρᾶ-λῦπέω (-λῦπῶ), 1. aor. (παρ)-ελύπησα, v. a. [παρά, in "strengthening force"; λυπέω, "to grieve"] *To grieve much, to annoy*.

παρᾶ-λῦπῶν, οὔσα, οὖν, contr. P. pres. of παραλύπέω.

παρᾶ-μέλειω (-μελῶ), p. -ημέληκα, v. n. [παρ-ά, in "strengthening force"; ἀμελείω, "to neglect"] ("To neglect greatly or altogether"; hence) With Gen.: *To disregard, despise, make light of*.

παρημεληκῶς, νῖα, ὅς, P. perf. of παραμελέω.

παρᾶ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, 1. aor. (παρ)-έμεινα, v. n. [παρά, "beside, near"; μένω, "to remain"] ("To remain beside or near"; hence) *To remain or continue with a person, etc.*

παρᾶ-σάγγης, ου, m. *A parasang*; a Persian measure of length equal to about 80 Greek stadia, or about 8½ English miles. According to this computation the distance from Ionia to the battle-field at Cunaxa was a fraction over 2,005 miles; see 2, 6 [a Persian word, "Farsang"].

παρᾶ-σκευάζω, f. -σκευᾶσω, 1. aor. (παρ)-εσκεύασα, v. a. [παρά, in "strengthening force"; σκευάζω, "to prepare"] *To prepare, provide, procure, secure.*

παρασχεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of παρέχω.

παρέστησαν, 3. pers. plur. pres. opt. of πάρεμι.

πάρ-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, v. n. [παρ-ά, "by the side of"; εἰμί, "to be"] *To be by the side of; to be near, to be present.*

παρεῖχον, imperf. ind. of παρέχω.

παρεκλήθην, 1. aor. ind. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρέμεινα, 1. aor. ind. of παραμένω.

παρέξω, fut. ind. of παρέχω.

παρ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, p. -εληλύθα, 2. aor. -ἦλθον, v. mid. irreg. [παρ-ά, "by"; ἔρχομαι, "to go or come"] *To go, or come, by or past; to pass by.*

πάρερχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of παρέρχομαι.

παρέσσειθαι, fut. inf. of πάρεμι.

παρ-έχω, f. -έξω and (παρ)-σχῆσω, p. -έσχηκα, 2. aor. -εσχον, v. a. [παρ-ά, "beside or near"; ἔχω, "to have or hold"] ("To have, or hold, beside or near"; hence) 1. *To furnish, supply, provide.*—2. *To cause, produce, occasion, give rise to.*—3. *To offer or present for a purpose.*—4. With second Acc.: *To make, or render, some object that which is denoted by the second Acc.* [§ 97]; cf. Primer, § 99.—Mid.: παρ-έχομαι, f. -έξομαι and (παρ)-σχῆσομαι, p. pass. in mid. force, -έσχημαι:—With second Acc.: *To make, or render, for one's self; cf. no. 4 above.*

παρήγγελα, 1. aor. ind. of παραγγέλλω.

παρηγγελμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of παραγγέλλω.

παρήλθον, 2. aor. ind. of παρέρχομαι.

παρημεληκώς, νῖα, ός, P. perf. of παραμελέω.

παρῆν, 1. and 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. of πάρεμι.

πάρ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσομαι, p. -ψηκα and -ψημαι, v. mid. [παρ-ά, "by, past"; οίχομαι, "to be gone; to have gone"] *To be gone, or have gone, by or past.*

πάρτοιχόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. of παρτοιχομαι.—As Subst.: παρτοιχόμενα, ων, n. plur.: *In time: Things gone by or past; bygone things.*

παρούση, dat. sing. fem. of παρών; see παρών.

παρούσι, dat. plur. masc. and neut. of παρών; see παρών.

Παρύσατις, ἱός, f. *Parysatis*; the daughter of Artaxerxes I., or Longimānus. She married her brother's illegitimate son, Darius II., called also Ochus and Nothus, and was the mother of Artaxerxes Mnemon and Cyrus.

παρών, οὔσα, όν, P. pres. of πάρεμι:—ἐν τῷ παρόντι (supply χρόνῳ), *at the present time; 5, 8.*

πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν, adj. *All, every.*—As Subst.: a. πάντες, ων, m. plur. *All persons, all:*—οἱ πάντες, *the whole of a certain number; cf. 5, 35.*—b. πᾶν, παντός, n. *Every thing:*—περί παντός, *beyond every thing, of the utmost importance or consequence.*—c. πάντα, πάντων, n. plur.: *All things*—Adverbial expression: τὰ πάντα, (as to all the things, i.e.) *Wholly, altogether, completely, entirely;*—at 3, 7 supply ὅτι εἰσιντο σπονδαί with πᾶσιν.

πά-σχω, f. πέσομαι, 2. p. πέπονθα, 2. aor. ἐπάθον, v. irreg. [for πάθ-σχω; fr. root παθ] *To suffer an injury, etc.*

παύσαι, 1. aor. inf. of παύω.

παύω, f. παύσω, p. πέπαυκα, v. a.: 1. *To make a thing to cease*

to stop, check, put a stop or end to.

—2. With Part. pres. in concord with Object: *To stop a person, etc., from doing, etc.*—3. Pass.: *παύομαι*, *π. π. παύμαι* and *πέπαυμαι*, 1. aor. *ἔπαυθην* and *ἐπαύσθην*, 1. f. *παυθήσομαι* and *παυσθήσομαι*, *To be made to cease; to be checked, stopped, put an end to, etc.*

πέδ-ον, *ον*, n. [akin to *πέδ-ον*, "the ground"] *A plain.*

πέζ-ος, *η*, *όν*, adj. [*πέζ-α*, "the foot"] ("Of, or pertaining to, *πέζ-α*"; hence) Of soldiers: *Serving, etc., on foot, foot.*—As Subst.: *πεζοί*, *ων*, m. plur. *Foot-soldiers, infantry.*

πειθόμενος, *η*, *ον*, P. pres. mid. of *πειθω*.

πείθ-ω, f. *πείσω*, p. *πέπεικα*, 1. aor. *ἔπεισα*, v. a. [root *πιθ*] 1. Act.: *To persuade, induce, etc.*—2. Mid.: *πειθομαι*, f. *πεισομαι*: *To obey, be obedient to, etc.*;—sometimes with Dat. [§ 102, (4)]; cf. Primer, § 106, (4).—3. Pass.: *πειθομαι*, p. *πέπεισμαι*, 1. aor. *ἔπεισθην*, f. *πεισθήσομαι*, *To be persuaded, prevailed on.*

πειράσομαι, fut. ind. mid. of *πειράω*.

πειρ-άω (-ά), f. -άσω, p. (*πε-πειρ*)-άκα, 1. aor. (*ἐ-πειρ*)-ασα, v. a. [*πειρ-α*, "an attempt"] *To try, attempt, endeavour.*

πειρώμενον, acc. sing. masc. of *πειρώμενος*, contr. part. pres. mid. of *πειράω*; see § 4.

πείσαι, 1. aor. inf. of *πείθω*. *πείσας*, *ασα*, av, P. 1. aor. of *πείθω*.

πεισ-τέον, n. verbal adj. [for *πειθ-τέον*; fr. *πείθ-ω*, in mid. force, "to obey"] With some tense of *εἶμι*; with Dat.: ("It must be obeyed" to, i.e.) *Obedience must be paid to a person;—or taking the Dat. for an English Nom., A person must be obeyed.*

πέλτη, *ης*, f. *A small shield of leather, without a rim, originally used by the Thracians.*

πέμπω, f. *πέμψω*, p. *πέπομφα*, 1. aor. *ἔπεμψα*, v. a. *To send*;—at 2, 16 the verb (*ἔπεμψε*), though it has a compound subject (*Ἀριαιὸς καὶ Ἀρτάος*), is in the sing. This mode of construction occurs at times when particular prominence is to be given to the subject standing nearest to the verb.—So in Latin: *Ego et Cicero meus flagitabit*, Cic. Ep. ad Att. 4, 17.—Pass.: *πέμπομαι*, p. *πέπεμμαι*, 1. aor. *ἐπέμφθην*, f. *πεμφθήσομαι*. *πεμφθεῖς*, *είσα*, *έν*, P. 1. aor. pass. of *πέμπω*.

πέμψατε, 2. pers. plur. 1. aor. imperat. of *πέμπω*.

πεντ-α-κόσ-ιοι, *ιαί*, *ια*, num. ordinal adj. plur. *Five hundred* [*πέντ-ε*, "five"; (ā) connecting vowel: for *κόστ-οι*, see *τρια-κόσιοι*; literally, "consisting of five hundreds"].

πέντε, num. adj. indecl. *Five* [akin to Sans. *pañchan*, "five"].

πεντε-καί-δεκα, num. adj. indecl. [*πέντε*, "five"; *καί*, "and"; *δέκα*, "ten"] ("Five and ten," i.e.) *Fifteen*.

πεντ-ή-κοντα, num. adj. indecl. *Fifty* [*πέντ-ε*, "five"; (η) connecting vowel; *κον*(= *σαν*, in Sans. *daśan*), "ten"; *τα* suffix, like Lat. *tus*, "provided with"; and so, literally, "provided with five tens"].

πεποιηκώς, *υῖα*, *ός*, P. perf. of *ποιέω*.

πεπτωκώς, *υῖα*, *ός*, P. perf. of *πίπτω*.

περᾶν, adv. [lengthened fr. *πέρᾱ*, "beyond"] 1. *Beyond, across, on the other side*; 4, 20.—With Gen.: *Beyond, across, on the other side of*; 2, 28.

περί, prep.: 1. With Gen.:

a. *Around, about*.—b. *Near*.—c. *Concerning, about*.—d. *Beyond, above, before*:—περὶ παντός, *above every thing*; 4, 3.—2. With Dat.: a. *Around, round about*.—b. *Hard by, near*.—c. *For, on account of*.—3. With Acc.: a. *Around, about*.—b. *Near, by*.—c. *With regard to*.—d. Of time: *About* [akin to Sans. *pari*, “around”].

περιγενέσθαι, 2. aor. inf. of περιγίγνομαι.

περι-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, 2. aor. -γενόμεν, v. mid. [περὶ, “beyond, above”; γίγνομαι, “to be”] (“To be beyond, or above,” something; hence) With Gen.: *To get the advantage of, prevail over, overcome*; 1, 13.

περιέμενον, imperf. ind. of περιμένω.

περιμένει(ν), 3. pers. sing. of περιμένειν, Attic form of περιμέναιμι, 1. aor. opt. of περιμένω.

περι-μένω, 1. aor. -έμεινα, v. a. and u. [περὶ, in “strengthening” force; μένω (act.), “to wait for”; (neut.) “to remain”] 1. Act.: *To wait for, await*; 4, 1, etc.—2. Neut.: *To remain, wait, stay or stop any where*.

Πέρινθος, ου, f. *Perinthus* (now *Ereklí*); a city of Thrace, on the Propontis.

περίξ, adv. [strengthened fr. περί (adv.), “around”] *Around, round about*.

περί-πᾶ-τος, ου, m. [περὶ-πᾶ-τω, “to walk about”] (“A walking about”; hence) *A place for walking about*.

Πέρσης, ου, m. *A Persian*;—at 4, 26 by ὁ Ἠέρσης, the Persian, is meant the illegitimate brother of Cyrus and Artaxerxes.

πεφευγώς, νῖα, ὅς, P. perf. of φεύγω.

πεφυλαγμέν-ως, adv. [πεφυλαγμέν-ος, “guarded,” P.

perf. pass. of φυλάσσω] (“After the manner of the πεφυλαγμέν-ος”; hence) *Guardedly, cautiously, in a guarded or cautious manner*.

πηλός, ου, m. *Clay, mire, mud, etc.*

πί(π)τω, f. πεσοῦμαι, p. πέπτωκα, 2. aor. ἔπεσον, v. n. irreg. *To fall* [reduplicated fr. root πετ, akin to Sans. root PAT, “to fly,” also “to fall down”].

Πίσιδαι, ὄν, m. plur. *The Pisidæ or Pisidians*; the inhabitants of Pisidia, a country of Asia Minor, on the borders of Phrygia;—at 5, 18 supply λυπηρὺς ὄντας with Πισίδας.

πιστ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p. (πε-πίστ)-ευνκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-πίστ)-ευνσα, v. n. [πίστ-ις, “trust”] With Dat. [§ 103, (3)]; cf. Primer, § 108, (3). *To trust, put trust or faith in*.

πισ-τός, ή, ὄν, adj. [for πιθ-τός; fr. πιθ, root of πείθω, “to persuade”; Pass., “to be persuaded, to trust”] Of persons: *Trusty, faithful* [sometimes with Dat. § 102, (8)]; cf. Primer, § 108, (3).—2. Of things: *To be trusted, trustworthy*.—As Subst.: πιστόν, ου, n. *A pledge, security*. Comp.: πιστ-ότερος; Sup.: πιστ-ότατος.

πιστό-τάτος, η, ου; see πιστός.

πλάσασθαι, 1. aor. inf. mid. of πλάσσω;—at 6, 26 for τῷ πλάσασθαι, see [§ 155, 1] and article ὁ.

πλάσσω (Attic πλάττω), f. πλάσω, p. ἐπλάκα, 1. aor. ἐπλάσα, v. a. (“To mould, form”; hence) *To fabricate, forge, make up*.—Mid. πλάσσομαι (Attic πλάττομαι), f. πλάσσομαι, 1. aor. ἐπλάσάμην, p. pass. in mid. force, ἐπλάσμαι, in same meaning as active voice.

πλέθρον, ου, n. As a measure of length: *A plethrum*, the sixth part of a stade (στάδιον), and equal to 100 Greek (101 English) feet.

πλείους, contr. fr. πλείονας, acc. masc. and fem. plur. of πλείων; see 4, 1.

πλείστον, adv. [adverbial neut. of πλείστος, "most"] *Most*:—ὡς πλείστον, ("as most"; i.e.) *as far as possible*.

πλείω, contr. fr. πλείονα; see πολύς.

πλείων, πλείον, comp. of πολύς.

πλείστος, η, ου; sup. of πολύς.

πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι and πλευσούμαι, p. πέπλευκα, 1. aor. ἐπλευσα, v. n. ("To swim about"; hence) *To sail, set sail*.

πλέων, οὔσα, ου, P. pres. of πλέω [akin to Sans. root *PLU*, "to swim"].

πληγ-ή, ἥς, f. [πληγ, a root of πλήσσω, "to strike"] ("A striking"; hence) *A stroke, blow, stripe*, etc.

πληθ-ος, εος ους, n. [πλήθω, "to fill"] ("A filling; concrete, that which fills"; hence) *A great number, a multitude*.

πλή-θω, 2. p. πέπληθα, v. n. *To be full* [akin to Sans. root *PLA*, "to fill"].

πλην, adv. *Except*;—at 4, 27 with Gen.

πλή-ρης, ρες, adj. With Gen. [§ 108]; cf. Primer, § 119, δ: *Full of, filled* with [fr. same root as πλήθω; see πλήθω].

πλησί-ον, adv. [adverbial neut. of πλησί-ος, "near"] *Near*:—ἐν τῷ πλησίον παραδείσῳ, *in the neighbouring park*; see article δ.

πλίνθος, ου, f. *A brick*:—πλίνθοι ὀπταί, *baked bricks*; 4, 12.

πλοῖον, ου, n. [i.e. πλό-ιον

for πλέ-ιον, fr. πλέ-ω, "to swim or float"] ("The swimming or floating thing"; hence) *A vessel, ship*, etc.

πλουτ-έω (-ὼ), f. -ήσω, p. (πε-πλούτ)-ηκα, v. n. [πλούτος, "wealth"] ("To have πλούτος"; hence) *To be wealthy, rich*, etc.

ποδῶν, gen. plur. of πούς.

ποιέω (-ὼ), f. ποιήσω, p. ποιήκα, 1. aor. ἐποίησα, v. a. and n.: 1. Act.: a.: (a) *To make* in the widest meaning of the word.—(b) With second Acc.: *To make* an object that which is denoted by the second acc. [§ 97]; cf. Primer, 99.—(c) With Objective clause: *To cause, bring about, effect* that something take place, etc.—b.: (a) *To do a thing*.—(b) With Acc. of person and Acc. of thing: *To do something to one*.—(c) With εἰς or κακῶς, and folld. by Acc. of nearer Object either expressed or understood: (a) *To do good to, benefit, bestow or confer a benefit, etc., upon*.—(β) *To do hurt or injury to; to hurt, injure, inflict injury upon*.—2. Neut.: *To be doing or acting, to do, or act*, in any way:—καλῶς ποιεῖν, *to act honourably*.

—3. Mid.: ποιέομαι (-οῦμαι), f. ποιήσομαι, 1. aor. ἐποίησάμην, p. pass. in mid. force, πεποιήμαι: a. *To make* for one's self or on one's own part.—b. *To reckon, deem, hold, regard*.—c. With second Acc.: *To make* an object that which is denoted by the second acc., for one's self, etc.

ποιέων (-ὼν), έουσα (-οῦσα), έον (-οῦν), P. pres. of ποιέω.

ποιήσαιτο, 8. pers. sing. 1. aor. mid. of ποιέω.

ποιήσασθαι, 1. aor. inf. mid. of ποιέω.

ποιήσοι, 3. pers. sing. fut. opt. of ποιέω.

ποιησόμενος, η, ον, P. fut. mid. of ποιέω.

ποιός, α, ον, adj. *Of what sort or kind; what kind of, etc.*

ποιούντων, gen. plur. masc. and neut. of ποιέω; see ποιέω; — ποιούντων ἡμῶν, Gen. Abs. (§ 118); cf. Primer, § 125.

πόλεις, nom. plur. of πόλις.

πολεμ-έω (-ῶ), f. ἤσω, p. (πε-πολέμ)-ηκα, v. n. [πόλεμος, "war"] 1. *To war, wage war.*—2. *With Dat.: To wage war against; to make war with.*

πολεμήσων, οὔσα, ον, P. fut. of πολεμέω.

πολεμ-ικός, ἱκή, ἱκόν, adj. [πόλεμος, "war"] *Of, or belonging to, war; warlike.*

1. πολέμ-ιος, ἱα, ἱον, adj. [id.] *Of, or belonging to, war; hostile.*—As Subst.: πολέμιος, ον, m. *An enemy in war; a foe-man, etc.* ¹³⁵ Comp.: πολεμι-ώτερος; Sup.: πολεμι-ώτατος.

2. πολέμιος, ον; see 1. πολέμιος.

3. πολέμ-ιος, ἱα, ἱον, adj. [πόλεμος, "an enemy"] 1. *Of, or belonging to, the enemy.*—2. *Hostile.*

πόλ-εμος, έμου, m. [prob. for πάλ-εμος; fr. παλ, root of πάλ-ω, "to brandish, hurl," etc.] ("A brandishing or hurling" of weapons; hence) *War.*

πόλι-ς, ος (Attic πόλι-ες), f.: 1. *A city.*—2. *The people of a city, citizens;* 6, 2; 6, 18 [akin to Sans. *pura*, "a town or city"].

πολλά, πολλὰ; see πολύς. πολύ, adv. [adverbial neut. of πολύς, "much"] 1. *Of degree: Much;—πολύ μᾶλλον, much more.*—2. *Of space: A great way or distance, far.*

πολ-υ-άνθρωπος, ον, adj. [πολ-ύς, "much, many"; (v) connecting vowel; ἄνθρωπος, "a

person"] *Having, or containing, many persons; populous.*

πολύς, πολλή, πολύ, adj.:

1. Pos.: a. *Of number or quantity: Much, many, numerous:*

(a) As Subst.: πολλοί, ὦν, m. plur. *Many persons, many;—οἱ πολλοί, the many, the majority.*—(b) As Subst.: πολλὰ, ὦν, n. plur. *Many things.*—b. *Of degree, value, etc.: Much, great, high:—οὐ πολλῷ ὕστερον, not later by much, not much later;* 5, 32; where πολλῷ is dat. of "measure" (§ 106); cf. Primer, § 118.

—c. *Of time: Long.*—d. *Of size: Great, large, extensive.*—2. Comp.: πλείων, ον. *More, etc., in number, value, etc.:—πλείονος ἀξιοί, worth more, more valuable.*—As Subst.: πλείονα (-οα -ῶ), ὄνων, n. plur. *More things.*—3. Sup.: πλείστος, η, ον: a. *Of number: Most; most, or very; numerous; very many:—οἱ πλείστοι, the most, the greatest part.*—As Subst.: πλείστα, ὦν, n. plur. *Very many things, most things.*—b. *Of value, etc.: Most, highest, etc.:—πλείστου ἀξιοί, worth most, most valuable.* ¹³⁵ Comp.: πλείων; Sup.: πλείστος [akin to Sans. *purus*, "much, many"].

πον-έω (-ῶ), f. ἤσω, p. (πε-πόν)-ηκα, v. n. [πόνος, "labour"] *To labour, toil.*

πονη-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj. [lengthened fr. πονε-ρός; fr. πονέω, "to feel pain"] ("Feeling pain"; hence, "painful"; hence, "in sorry plight, bad"; hence) *Morally: Bad, wicked.*

πόνος, ον, m. [for πένος; fr. πέν-ομαι, "to labour"] *Labour, toil.*

πορ-εία, είας, f. *A march* [πορ-εύω, in mid. force; see πορεύω].

πορευόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of πορεύω.

πορ-εία, είας, f. *A march* [πορ-εύω, in mid. force; see πορεύω].

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πορ-εία, είας, f. *A march* [πορ-εύω, in mid. force; see πορεύω].

πορεύ-τέος, *τέα, τέον*, verbal adj. [*πορεύ-ομαι*, "to march"] 1. With Dat. of person [§§ 105; 161, 1]: *To be marched over, traversed*; 5, 18.—2. Neut. sing. as impersonal verb: With Dat. of person and Acc. of thing marched over [§ 161, 2]: *One, etc., must march over*; 2, 12.

πορ-εύω, *φ. -εύω*, 1. aor. (*ἰ-πόρ*)-εὔσα, *ν. α. [πόρ-ος, "a way," "pathway," etc.]* 1. Act.: *To make, or cause, to go*.—2. Mid.: πορ-εύομαι, *φ. -εύσομαι*, 1. aor. (*ἑπορ*)-ευσάμην, 1. aor. pass. in mid. force, (*ἑ-πορ*)-εὔθην, *To make one's self to go; to go, proceed, march*:—οὐτ' ἐπορευόμεθα, *nor did we begin our march or set out on our march*; 3, 21; observe the employment of the imperf. tense to denote a continuing point.

πορ-έζω, *φ. -ίζω*, *π. (πε-πόρ)-ικα*, 1. aor. (*ἰ-πόρ*)-ισα, *ν. α.:* 1. Act.: *To provide, furnish, supply*.—2. Mid.: πορ-έζομαι, *φ. -ιούμαι*, late -*ισομαι*, 1. aor. (*ἑ-πορ*)-ισάμην, *To provide, etc., for one's self*, etc. [either fr. *πόρ-ος*, "a way," and so "to make a way for"; or else to be referred directly to same Sans. root as *πόρος*; see *πόρος*].

πορ(ί)σας, *ἄσα, αν*, *π. 1. aor. of πορίζω*.

πόρ-ος, *ον*, *μ.* ("A way, track," etc.; hence) Plur.: *Ways, resources, means*, etc. [akin to Sans. root *prī*, "to bring over"; and so, "that which brings over"].

πόσ-ος, *η, ον*, adj.: 1. Of size: *How great? of what size?*—2. Of quantity: *How much?* [akin to Sans. *kas*, "who?" cf. Ionic and Æolic form *κο-σός*].

ποτ-ἄμός, *αμοῦ*, *μ.* [*ποτ-όν*, "drink"] ("That which pertains to drink"; hence) *A river*, as being drinkable water.

1. πό-τε, interrog. particle, *At what time? when?* [akin to Sans. *ka-s*, "who?" cf. Ionic form *κό-τε*].

2. πο-τέ, enclitic particle, *At some time, at any time, once* [id.].

πότερα, πότερον; see πότερος.

πό-τερος, *τερα, τερον*, adj. *Whether of the two*.—Neut. Sing. and Plur. as Adv.: πότερον, πότερα, *Whether*:—πότερον (*ποτέρα*) . . . ἢ, *whether . . . or whether*;—πότερον (*ποτέρα*) ἢ . . . ἢ, *whether . . . or whether* [fr. same root as 1. πότε; see 1. πότε].

πο-τόν, *τοῦ*, *ν.* ("That which is drunk"; hence) *Drink*.—Plur.: *Drinkables*; see σίτος [root *πο*, akin to Sans. root *pā*, "to drink"].

πό-τος, *του*, *μ.* ("A drinking"; hence) *A drinking bout; a carousal* [id.].

1. ποῦ, interrog. adv. *Where?* [fr. same root as πό-σος, πό-τε; cf. these words].

2. ποῦ, enclitic adv. *Some-where* [id.].

πούς, ποδ-ός, *μ.* ("The going thing"; hence) *A foot*, whether as a member of the body, or as a measure of length [for ποδ-ε; akin to Sans. *pād*, or *pad*, "a foot," fr. root *pād*, "to go"; cf. Lat. *pes*, *pēd-is*; also, English *foot*].

πράγ-μα, *μάτος*, *ν.* [*πράγ*, root of *πράσ-σω*, "to do"] 1. *That which is done; a deed, act, etc.*—2. *A thing; a matter, an affair*.—3. In bad sense: *A troublesome affair, or business, annoyance, trouble*.

πράξις, *ιος*, Attic *ews*, *φ.* [for *πράγ-σις*; fr. root *πράγ*; see *πράγ-μα*] ("A doing"; hence) *An action, act, transaction*, etc.

πράσ-σω (*πράτ-τω*), *φ.*

πράξω, p. πεπράχα, pluperf. ἐπεπράχειν, 1. aor. ἐπράξα, v. a. [for πράγ-σω; fr. root πρᾶγ] 1. To bring about, do, effect, etc.—2. Pass.: πρᾶσσομαι (πράττομαι), p. πέπραγμαi, 1. aor. ἐπράχθην, 1. f. πρᾶχθήσομαι, 3. f. πεπράξομαι, To be made or done.

πρεσβ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p. {πε-πρέσβ}-ευκα, v. n. [πρέσβ-υς, "an ambassador"] To be, or come as, an ambassador.

πρεσβυών, οὔσα, ον, P. pres. of πρεσβύων.

πρέσβυς, υός and εως, m. An old man. Hence are formed the comparative and superlative adjectives, πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβίων, older, πρεσβυτάτος, πρέσβιστος, oldest [prob. to be divided πρέσ-βυ-ς; of which the parts are respectively akin to Sans. adv. *puras*, "forward," and root BHU, "to be"; and so, "he that is forward, or more advanced," in age].

πρεσβυτάτος, η, ον, sup. adj. Oldest, senior; see πρέσβυς.

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, comp. adj. Older, elder, senior:—οι πρεσβύτεροι, the elder men, the seniors; 3, 12; cf. Lat. *seniores*; see πρέσβυς.

πρίν, adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.: a. Before.—b. Before that.—2. Conj.: Before that, sooner or rather than.

πρό, prep. and adv.: 1. Prep. with Gen.: Before, in front of.—2. Adv.: Before, previously.—3. In composition: a. Before, forwards.—b. In intensive force: Increase.

προ-αγορεύω, f. -αγορεύσω, p. -ηγόρευκα, 1. aor. -ηγόρευσα, v. a. [πρό, "before"; ἀγορεύω, "to proclaim"] ("To proclaim before" others; hence) To proclaim, or announce, publicly; to give public notice.

προ-άρχω, 1. aor. -ἡρξα, v. a. [πρό, "first"; ἄρχω, "to begin"] To begin first;—so, also, in Mid.: προ-ἄρχομαι, 1. aor. -ἡρξάμην.

πρό-βᾶ-τα, των (Dat. irreg. προ-βάσι), n. plur. [πρό, "forwards"; βα, root of βα-ίνω, "to go or walk"] ("Things going or walking forwards"; and so, animals that walk as opposed to those that fly, creep, etc.; hence, esp.) Of small cattle: Sheep.

προδεδωκώς, υῖα, ός, P. perf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, p. -δέδωκα, 2. aor. -έδων, v. a. [πρό, "forth"; δίδωμι, "to give"] ("To give forth"; hence) 1. To betray.—2. To abandon, forsake, etc.

προ-δότης, του, m. [πρό, "forth"; δο a root of δίδωμι, "to give"] ("He who gives forth" some person or thing to others"; hence) A betrayer, traitor; a false or treacherous person.

προδοῦναι, 2. aor. inf. of προδίδωμι.

προδούς, οὔσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of προδίδωμι.

προδῶσω, fut. ind. of προδίδωμι.

πρό-εἰμι, v. n. [πρό, "before"; εἶμι, "to go"] ("To go before"; hence) 1. To go forward, advance.—2. Of time: To go on, advance.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, p. -εληλύθα, 2. aor. -ἤλθον, v. mid. [πρό, "forwards"; ἔρχομαι, "to come or go"] To come, or go, forwards; to advance.

προῆλθον, 2. aor. ind. of προέρχομαι.

προηρχόμεν, imperf. ind. mid. of προάρχω.

προθύμ-έομαι (-οῦμαι), f. -ησομαι, v. mid. [πρόθυμ-ος,

"ready, desirous," etc.] With Inf.: *To be ready, desirous, etc., to do, etc.*

προϊέναι, pres. inf. of προ-
εμι.

προϊοῦσι, masc. dat. plur.
of προϊών.

προϊών, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres. of
πρόεμι.

προκαταλαβών, οὔσα, ὄν,
P. 2. aor. of προκαταλαμβάνω.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f.
-καταλήσμαι, 2. aor. -κατέλαβ-
ον, v. a. [πρό, "before"; κατα-
λαμβάνω, "to seize or take
possession of"] *To seize, or take
possession of, before or before-
hand.*

Προκλής, ὄντος, m. *Procles:*
the governor of Teuthrania.

Πρόξενος, οὐ, m. [πρόξενος,
"a public ξένος," or "guest-
friend"] *Proxenus*; a Theban,
one of the generals treacherously
seized by Tissaphernes; see δ,
81.

προ-πέμπω, f. πέμψω,
1. aor. (πρού)-πεμψα, v. a.
[πρό, "before, in advance";
πέμπω, "to send"] *To send be-
fore or onwards; to send in ad-
vance.* — Pass.: προ-πέμπο-
μαι, p. -πέπεμμαι, 1. aor. (πρού)-
πέμψην.

προπεμφθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, P.
1. aor. pass. of προπέμπω.

πρός, prep.: 1. With Gen.:
a. *From, by.*—b. In oaths: *By:*
—πρὸς θεῶν, 1, 17.—c. *Before, in
the presence of:*—πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς
ἀνθρώπων, δ, 20.—d. *Towards.*
—2. With Dat.: a. *Added to,*
with.—b. *Near, close to.*—3.
With Acc.: a. *To.*—b. *With re-
lation to, in reference to.*—c. *For
an object or purpose.*—d. *To,*
in reply to.

πρόσ-εἰμι, v. n. [πρός,
"to"; εἰμι, "to go"] ("To go
to, or up to"; hence) *To come
up.*

προσελθεῖν, 2. aor. inf. of
προσέρχομαι.

προσελθών, οὔσα, ὄν, P.
2. aor. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεῖσο-
μαι, p. -ελήλυθα, 2. aor. -ἤλθον,
v. mid. [πρός, "to"; έρχομαι, "to
come"] ("To come to"; hence)
To come up.

προσ-έχω, f. -έξω, 2. aor.
-εσχον, v. a. [πρός, "to"; έχω,
"to have"] *Of the mind, etc.:
To have the mind directed towards;
to give heed to, pay attention or
regard to, etc.*

προσέχων, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres.
of προσέχω.

πρόσ-θεν, adv.: 1. *Of place:*
Before, in front:—εἰς τὸ πρόσ-
θεν, (to that which is before, i.e.
to the front, or) *in a forward di-
rection, forwards; see article δ.*

—2. *Of time:* a. *Before:*—ἡ
πρόσθεν ἡμέρα, *the day before,*
the previous day; ἐν τῷ πρόσθεν
χρονῷ, in the preceding time, i.e.
previously; see article δ.—b.
Formerly, in time past.—3. *Soon-
er, rather:*—ὅτι πρόσθεν ἂν ἀπο-
θάνοιεν, ἢ, *that they would sooner*
die than; 1, 10.

προσθών, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres.
of πρόσθαιμι.

προσ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψο-
μαι, 2. aor. -έλαβον, v. a. [πρός,
"to"; λαμβάνω, "to take"]
("To take to" one's self; hence)
To take part in a thing.

προσ-δυνῶμι, 1. aor. -ώμο-
σα, v. a. [πρός, "in addition";
δυνῶμι, "to swear"] *To swear
in addition or further;—at 2, 8*
observe the difference between
ώμοσαν and προσώμοσαν.

προσ-ποιέω (-ποιῶ), f.
-ποιήσω, 1. aor. -εποίησα, v. a.
[πρός, "to"; ποίεω, "to make"]
("To make" something to be-
long "to," etc.; hence) 1. Act.:
To make over to, etc.—2. Mid.:
προσ-ποιέομαι (-ποιεῖθ-

ματ), 1. aor. -εποιησάμην, ("To make over to one's self"; hence) *To lay claim to, pretend to, assume, etc.*

πρό-σω, adv. [πρό, "before"] 1. *Further on, forwards.*—2. *Far off, at a distance*:—οὐ πρόσω, *not far off.*

προσώμοσα, 1. aor. ind. of προσμυμι.

πρόσ-ωπ-ον, ου, n. [for πρόσ-ει-ον; fr. πρόσ, "towards"; root οπ (whence ὄψομαι=ὀπ-σομαι), "to see"; for the lengthening of the vowel, cf. ὤψ=ὤπ-ς, from same root] ("That which looks towards" one; hence) *A face, countenance.*

προτεραία, ας; see προ-τεραίος.

προτερ-αῖος, αῖα, αῖον, adj. [πρότερ-ος, "before, previous"] ("Of, or belonging to, the πρότερος"; hence) *On the day before.*—As Subst.: προτεραία, ας, f. (sc. ἡμέρα), *The day before*:—τῇ προτεραίᾳ, *on the previous day, or day before*: Dat. of time "When" [§ 106, (5)]; cf. Primer, § 120.

προ-φαίνω, 1. aor. (προῦ)-φῆνα, v. a. [πρό, "forth"; φαίνω, "to show"] 1. Act.: *To show forth, manifest, etc.*—2. Pass.: προ-φαίνομαι, 2. aor. (προῦ)-φαιην, ("To be shown forth"; hence) *To appear, or be seen, beforehand, etc.*

πρόφύ-σις, σεις, f. [for πρόφαν-σις; fr. προφαίνω, "to show forth"; through root προφαν] ("A showing forth"; hence) 1. In a good sense: *A reason, cause, etc.*—2. In a bad sense: *A pretext, pretence, excuse.*

προ-φύλαξ, φύλακος, m. [πρό, "before, in front"; φύλαξ, "a guard"] ("A guard before or in front"; hence) *An advanced guard*:—οἱ προφύλακες, *the outposts*; 8, 2.

πρωτ, adv. [akin to πρω, "before"] *Early in the morning, at dawn or day-break.*

πρωτ-εύω, v. n. [πρωτ-ος, "first"] *To be first, to hold the first place.*

πρωτ-ον, sup. adv. [adverbial neut. sing. of πρωτ-ος, "first"] 1. *In the first place, first of all, first.*—2. *For the first time, first.*

πρωτος, η, ον, superl. adj. [contracted fr. πρώτος, syncopated fr. πρώτατος; fr. πρό, "before," in time; with superl. suffix τας] ("Most before" in place, rank, etc.; hence) 1. *First, foremost*:—οἱ πρωτοι, *the first men*, i.e. at 2, 17; *those who first arrived*; but at 6, 17; 6, 26, *the chief, or principal, men.*—2. *The first that; the first to do, etc., a thing*; see 3, 19. **Comp.**: πρότερος.

πυκ-νός, νή, νόν, adj. [πύκα, "thickly"] ("Pertaining to πύκα"; hence) *Thick, close, compact.*

πυ(ν)θ-άνομαι, f. πύσομαι, p. πέψομαι, 2. aor. ἐπυθόμην, v. mid. irreg. *To hear, learn, understand* [root πυθ, akin to Sans. root BUDH, "to understand"].

πῦρ, πυρός, n. ("The purifying thing"; hence) *Fire* [akin to Sans. root PṠ, "to purify"].

1. πῶς, interrog. adv. *In what way? how?* [akin to Sans. kas, "who?" see πόσος].

2. πῶς, enclitic adv.: 1. *In some way, somehow, by some means, by any means.*—2. *Somehow or other, for some reason or other.*

ῥαθυμ-έω (-ῶ), v. n. [ῥαθυμος, "idle, lazy"] *To be idle, lazy, indolent, etc.*

ῥαθυμ-ία, ιας, f. [id.] ("The

quality of the *πάθυμος*"; hence)
Idleness, laziness, indolence, etc.

ῥῆστος, η, ον, superl. adj.
Easiest, most easy. (Pos.:
ῥῆδιος; Comp.: *ῥάων*).

σᾶφ-ῶς, adv. [*σαφ-ής*,
"clear, distinct"] ("After the
manner of the *σαφής*"; hence)
*Clearly, distinctly, certainly, sure-
ly.*

σέ, σοί, acc. and dat. sing. of
σύ.

σε-αυτοῦ, *αυτῆς*, *αυτοῦ* (only
in sing. number), reflexive pron.
of 2nd person [*σύ*, "thou or
you"; *αυτοῦ*, etc., gen. of *αὐτός*,
"self"] *Of thyself, of yourself,*
etc.

σεαυτῷ, masc. dat. sing. of
σεαυτον.

σημαίνω, *ἰ. σημάνω*, *p.*
(late) *σεσήμαγκα*, *1. aor. ἰσή-
μηνα*, *v. a. and n.* [akin to *σήμα*,
"a sign, signal"] *1. Act.:* ("To
show by a sign"; hence) *To point
out, declare*; *1, 2.—2. Neut.:* *a.*
*To give a sign or signal.—b. Im-
pers. but having the subject*
(viz. *σαλπικτής*) *implied in the*
*verb, it being the customary em-
ployment of the σαλπικτής to*
give the signal: The signal is,
etc., given; i.e. the trumpeter
gives, etc., the signal; see 2, 4.

σημανών, *οὔσα, οὖν*, *P. fut.*
of σημαίνω.

σημείον, *ον*, *n.* [akin to
σημα; cf. *σημαίνω*] *A sign,*
signal.

σημήνη, *3. pers. sing. 1. aor.*
subj. of σημαίνω; see σημαίνω,
no. 2. b.

σιγή, *ῆς*, *f. Silence.*

σίτα, *ων*; see *σίτος*.

Σιτάκη, *f. Siace*; conjectured by some to be identical with *Ακδαρα*, on the old course of the Tigris.

σίτος, *ον*, *m.* (irreg. plur.

Σεν. II.

σίτα, *ων*, *n.*) *1. Wheat, corn, grain.—2. Food, victuals, provisions:—σίτα καὶ ποτά, meat and drink, eatables and drinkables; 3, 27.*

σκήν-ῶω (-ῶ), *ἰ. ῶσω*, *1. aor.*
(*ἰ-σκήν*)-*ωσα*, *v. n.* [*σκήν-ῆ*, "a tent"] *To pitch a tent or tents; to encamp.*

σκήνω-μα, ματος, *n.* [lengthened fr. *σκήνο-μα*, fr. *σκήν-ῶω*, "to encamp"] ("The encamping thing"; hence) *1. Sing.: A tent.—2. Plur.: Cantonments, quarters; cf. Lat. castra.*

σκοπ-έω (-ῶ), in best writers used only in pres. and imperf.; later *f. ῆσω*, *1. aor. (ἰ-σκόπ)-ῆσα*: *1. To see, behold, etc.—2. To consider* [akin to Sans. root *SPAQ*, the original form of *PAQ*, "to see, behold," etc.].

σκοπ-ός, *οὔ*, *m.* [*σκοπ-έω*, "to see," etc.] ("One who sees, beholds, surveys," etc.; hence) *A spy, scout.*

σκοπών, *οὔσα, οὖν*, contr. *P. pres. of σκοπέω.*

σκοτ-αῖος, *αἶα, αἶον*, adj. [*σκότ-ος*, "darkness"] ("Pertaining to *σκότος*"; hence) *In the dark, at night, after night-fall.*

σκότ-ος, *εὐς ους*, *n.* ("The covering, or concealing, thing"; hence) *Darkness, gloom* [akin to Sans. root *SKAD* or *CHAD*, "to cover, conceal"].

Σούσα, *ων*, *n. plur. Susa* (the *Shushan* of Scripture); a city of ancient Persia, on the banks of the Eulæus or Choaspes (the Ulai of Scripture). Susa was the winter and spring residence of the Persian king, and is said to have obtained its name from the lilies (*σοῦσον*), a word of Oriental origin), which grew abundantly in the neighbouring river.

Σοφάινετος, *ον*, *m. Sophan-*

deus; a Greek who accompanied Cleonor to his meeting with Arisæus and others, who came with a message from Tissaphernes after the treacherous seizure of the Greek generals.

σπᾶνλει, 3. pers. sing. Attic fut. indic. of σπᾶνίζω.

σπᾶν-ίζω, f. -ίσω, Attic -ιῶ, v. n. [σπᾶν-ός, "wanting, lacking"] With Gen. [§ 108]; cf. Primer, § 119, b: *To be wanting in, or in want of, etc.*

Σπάρτη, ης, f. *Sparta*; the chief city of Laconia.

σπενδοίμην, pres. mid. opt. of σπένδω.

σπένδω, f. σπείσω, p. ἔσπεικα, 1. aor. ἔσπεισα, v. n.: 1. Nent.: *To pour out a libation to a deity*.—2. Mid.: σπένδομαι, f. σπείσομαι, 1. aor. ἔσπεισάμην: ("To pour out a libation to a deity" for one's self—in connection with another; hence) *To make a treaty, truce, etc.* [prob. akin to Sans. root CHHAND, "to please"; also, "to wait on; to present"].

σπεύδω, f. σπεύσω, p. ἔσπευκα, 1. aor. ἔσπευσα, v. n. *To make haste; to haste, hasten, speed* [akin to Sans. root CHUD, "to speed, impel"].

σπονδ-ή, ἥς, f. [for σπενδ-ή; fr. σπένδ-ω, "to pour out a libation"] 1. *A drink-offering or libation*.—2. Plur.: *A treaty, a truce*: because libations were poured out on their being concluded.

σπουδ-άξω, f. -άσομαι, late -άσω, p. (ἔ-σπούδ)-άκα, 1. aor. (ἔ-σπούδ)-άσα, v. n. [σπουδ-ή, "haste, eagerness"] *To make haste; to be eager or zealous*.

στάδιοι, ων; see στάδιον.

στάδι-ον, ου, n. (Irreg. plur. στάδι-οι, ων, m.) [στάδι-ος, "standing firm"] ("That which stands firm"; hence) *As a fixed standard of length: A stadium*

or *stade*=606 Greek feet, or a fraction over 606 English feet.

σταθ-μός, μου, m. ("That which serves for standing; a standing place"; hence) 1. *Quarters, halting ground, encampment for soldiers, etc.*—2. In Persia: *A station or resting-place, at which the king halted in travelling*.—3. *A day's journey or march, usually of 5 parasangs*.

στασι-άξω, f. -άσω, 1. aor. (ἔ-στασι)-άσα, v. n. [στάσις, "a standing"; hence, "a party"; hence, "faction, sedition"] 1. *To be factious or seditious; to revolt, rebel*.—2. *To quarrel, dispute, be antagonistic*.

στασιάζων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of στασιάζω.

στεργώ, f. στέργω, p. ἔστοργα, 1. aor. ἔστεργα, v. a. *To have an affection for; to love, be fond of*.

στεργών, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of στεργώ.

στερέω (-ῶ), f. στερήσω, Attic στερῶ, p. ἔστερηκα, 1. aor. ἔστερησα: With Gen. [§ 107]; cf. Primer, § 123: *To deprive of*.—Pass.: στερέομαι (-οὔμαι), p. ἔστερημαι, 1. aor. ἔστερήθην, f. στερηθήσομαι.

στερηθῆναι, 1. aor. inf. pass. of στερέω.

στερησάμην, 1. aor. opt. of στερέω.

στόλ-ος, ου, m. [for στέλ-ος; fr. στέλ-ω, "to equip"] ("That which is equipped"; hence) 1. *An expedition*.—2. *A journey, course, route, etc.*—3. *An army, force, etc.*

στράτευ-μα, μάτος, n. [στρατεύ-ω, "to take the field"] ("That which takes the field"; hence) *An army*.

στρατευσάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. mid. of στρατεύω.

στοατ-εύω, f. -εύσω, p.

(ἐστράτ)-ευκα, v. n. [στρατ-ός, "an army"] 1. Neut.: *To serve in, or join, the army; to take the field, march, etc.*—2. Mid.: στρατ-εύομαι, f. -εύσομαι, p. (ἐ-στρατ)-ευσάμην, p. pass. in mid. force, (ἐ-στράτ)-ευναι: *To take the field for one's own self; to serve as a soldier, etc.*

στρατηγ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (ἐ-στρατήγ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-στρατήγ)-ησα, v. n. [στρατηγ-ός, "a leader of an army, a general"] 1. *To be, or prove to be, a leader of an army or general.*—2. With Gen.: *To be a general of, to have the command of;* 6, 28.

στράτηγ-ία, ias, f. [id.] ("The quality, etc., of a στρατηγ-ός"; hence) *Generalship.*

στρατ-ηγ-ός, οὔ, m. [for στρατ-αγ-ός; fr. στρατ-ός, "an army"; ἄγ-ω, "to lead"] *A leader or commander of an army; a general.*

στράτ-ιά, ias, f. [another form of στρατ-ός, "an army"] *A collected army or force; a host, etc.*

στράτι-ώτης, ώτου, m. [στράτι-ά, "an army"] ("One made for an army"; hence) *A soldier.*

στράτοπεδ-εύομαι, p. pass. in mid. force (ἐ-στρατοπέδ)-ευναι, v. mid. [στρατόπεδ-ον, "a camping ground, a camp"] *To encamp.*

στρατ-ό-πεδον, πέδον, n. [στρατ-ός, "an army"; (o) connecting vowel; πέδον, "ground"] ("Ground belonging to an army"; hence) *A camping ground, camp, encampment.*

στυγ-νός, νή, νόν, adj. [στυγ-έω, "to hate"] 1. *Hated, hateful.*—2. *Gloomy, morose, etc.*;—at 6, 9 fold. by Inf.:—τὸ στυγ-νόν, *gloominess or moroseness*; see article ὁ.

1. Στυμφῶλ-ιος, ias, iον, adj. [Στύμφαλ-ος, "Stymphal-

us"; a district of Arcadia in Southern Greece, with a town, mountain, and lake of the same name] *Of, or belonging to, Stymphalus; Stymphalian.*—As Subst.: Στυμφάλιος, ον, m. *A man of Stymphalus; a Stymphalian.*

2. Στυμφάλιος, ον; see 1. Στυμφάλιος.

σύ, σοῦ (plur. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν), pron. pers. *Thou, you*;—the gen. dat. and acc. sing. are used also enclitically [akin to Sans. *yu-shmaḍ*].

συγγεννημένος, η, ον, P. perf. of συγγίνομαι.

συγγενέσθαι, 2. aor. inf. of συγγίνομαι.

συγ-γίνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, 2. aor. (συν)-εγενόμην, v. mid. [for συν-γίνομαι; fr. σύν, "with"; γίνομαι, "to be"] 1. *To be with.*—2. *To have an interview with, to meet.*

συγκαλέσας, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of συγκαλέω,

συγ-καλέω (-καλῶ), f. -καλέσω, p. -κέκληκα, 1. aor. (συν)-εκάλεσα, v. a. [for συν-καλέω; fr. σύν, "together"; καλέω, "to call"] *To call together, assemble.*

συγ-καταστρέφω, v. a. [for συν-καταστρέφω; fr. σύν, "together"; καταστρέφω, "to overthrow"] 1. Act.: *To overthrow together.*—2. Mid.: συγ-καταστρέφομαι, 1. aor. συν-κατ-εστρεψάμην, *To assist (of one's own self) in overthrowing, to aid in reducing, a country, etc.*

συγκατεστρέψαιντο, 3. pers. plur. 1. aor. opt. mid. of συγκαταστρέφω.

συλ-λαμβάνω, f. -ληψομαι, p. (συν)-είληφα, v. a. [for συν-λαμβάνω; fr. σύν, in "augmentative force"; λαμβάνω, "to take"] ("To take thoroughly"; hence) *To lay hold of, seize, ar-*

rest, etc. — Pass.: συλ-λαμ-βάνομαι, p. (συν)-είλημμαι, f. -ληφθήσομαι.

συλ-λέγω, f. -λέξω, p. (συν)-είλοχα, 1. aor. (συν)-έλεξα, v. a. [for συν-λέγω; fr. σύν, "together"; λέγω, "to gather"] *To gather together, collect.*

συλλέγων, ουσα, ον, P. pres. of συλλέγω.

συλλέξας, ασα, αν, P. 1. aor. of συλλέγω.

συμ-βουλεύω, f. -βουλεύσω, p. -βεβούλευκα, 1. aor. (συν)-εβούλευσα, v. n. and a. [for συν-βουλεύω; fr. σύν, "with"; βουλεύω; "to counsel"] ("To counsel with" another; hence) 1. Neut.: a. With Dat. of person: *To counsel, advise, give counsel, etc.*—b. With Inf.: *To advise one to do, etc.*—2. Act.: With Acc. of thing, or Objective clause: *To recommend, etc.*—3. Mid.: συμ-βουλεύομαι, 1. aor. (συν)-εβουλευσάμην, ("To counsel for one's self with" another; hence) a. With Dat. of person: *To consult, ask the advice of.*—b. Alone: *To ask advice or counsel.*

σύμμαχχα, ων; see σύμ-μαχος.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. μαχοῦμαι, v. mid. [for συν-μάχομαι; fr. σύν, "with"; μάχομαι, "to fight"] ("To fight with or together with" another; hence) *To be an ally, confederate, etc.*

σύμμαχ-ος, ον, adj. [συμ-μάχ-ομαι, "to be an ally"] *Allied, confederate, auxiliary; fighting together with one, or on one's side;*—sometimes with Dat. [§ 102, (3)]; cf. Primer, § 106, (3).

—As Subst.: a. σύμμαχος, ου, m. *An ally, confederate.*—b. σύμμαχχα, ων, n. plur. *Things that aid or co-operate with one.*

συμ-μίσγνυμι (or -μειγνύω), f. -μίξω, p. -μέμικχα, 1. aor. (συν)-έμιξα, v. n. [for συν-μίσγνυμι;

fr. σύν, "with"; μίγνυμι, "to mix"] ("To mix with"; hence) With Dat. [§ 103]; cf. Primer, § 106, a: *To effect a junction with, join.*

συμμίξειαν, Att. for συμ-μίξαιεν, 3. pers. plur. 1. aor. opt. of συμμίσγνυμι.

συμ-φέρω, f. συν-οίσω, p. συν-ενήνοχα, v. n. [for συν-φέρω; fr. σύν, "together"; φέρω, "to bring"] ("To bring together, collect," etc.; hence) With Dat. [§ 103]; cf. Primer, § 106, (a): *To be of use to; to be profitable or advantageous to.*

σύν, prep. with dat. only:

1. *With; together or along with.*—2. *In connexion, or conjunction, with.*

σύν-ᾄδικέω (-αδικῶ), v. n. [σύν, "in conjunction with"; ᾄδικέω, "to do wrong"] With Dat. [§ 103]; cf. Primer, § 106, a: *To do wrong in conjunction with another; to join another in doing wrong, etc.*;—at 6, 27 τοῦ σὺν-ᾄδικεῖν is a substantival inf. of Gen. case dependent on ἐκ [§ 155, 1]; see, also, article δ.

σύν-ἁκολουθεῖω (-ἁκολου-ουθῶ), f. -ακολουθήσω, p. -ηκολούθηκα, 1. aor. -ηκολούθησα, v. n. [σύν, "together"; ἀκολουθεῖω, "to follow"] ("To follow together"; hence) *To accompany.*

συν-ἀπτεῖμι, v. n. [σύν, "together"; ἀπτεῖμι, "to depart"] *To depart, or go away, together with another; to depart at the same time.*

σύνδᾱπνῆναι, pres. inf. of συνᾱπτεῖμι.

σύνδειπν-ος, ον, m. [σύν-δειπν-ος, "dining together with"] ("One dining together with" another; hence) *A guest, etc.*

συνγεγενόμην, 2. aor. ind. of συγγίγνομαι.

σύνειδέναι, inf. of σύννοια; see σύννοια.

σύν-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, v. n. [σύν, "with"; εἰμι, "to be"]
To be with one.

συνελαμβανόμεν, imperf. ind. pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθών, οὔσα, ὄν, P. 2. aor. of συνέρχομαι.

συνέμιξα, 1. aor. ind. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύν-έρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, p. -ελήλυθα, 2. aor. -ἦλθον, v. mid. [σύν, "together"; έρχομαι, "to come"] 1. To come together, assemble.—2. To meet, have an interview, etc.

συνεστρατοπεδεύομεν, imperf. ind. of συστρατοπεδεύομαι.

συνηκολούθησα, συν-ηκολούθουν, 1. aor. and imperf. ind. of συνακολουθέω.

συνῆλθον, 2. aor. ind. of συνέρχομαι.

συνθέμενος, η, ον, P. 2. aor. mid. of συντίθημι.

σύν-οἶδα, perf. ind. of obsol. συνεῖδω (see εἶδω), and used as a pres.; v. n. [σύν, "with"; οἶδα, "to know"] ("To know with" one's self; hence) With Dat. of reflexive pron.: To be conscious in one's self; 5, 7.

συνου-σία, σίας, f. [for συνόντ-σια; fr. συνών, συνόντος, part. pres.; σύνιμι, "to be with"] ("A being with" another or others; hence) A meeting for any purpose; a conference, interview, etc.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, p. -τέθεικα, v. a. [σύν, "together"; τίθημι, "to put"] 1. Act.: To put together.—2. Mid.: συν-τίθεμαι, 1. aor. συν-εθηκάμην, 2. aor. -εθέμην, ("To put together for one's self"; hence) To agree on, conclude.

σύντομ-ος, ον, adj. [for σύντεμ-ος; fr. συντεμ, root of συντέμνω, "to cut short"] ("Cut short"; hence) Of a

method, etc.: Concise, direct, etc. ~~ΕΓΓ~~ (Comp.: συντομ-ώτερος), Sup.: συντομ-ώτατος, 6, 22.

συνών, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres. of σύνιμι.

συ-σκευάζω, f. -σκεύασω, 1. aor. (συν)-εσκεύασα, v. a. [for συν-σκευάζω; fr. σύν, "together"; σκευάζω, "to prepare or make ready"] ("To prepare, or make ready, by putting together"; hence) 1. Act.: To pack up baggage.—2. Mid.: συ-σκευάζομαι, 1. aor. (συν)-εσκεύασάμην, To pack up baggage for one's self.

συσκευασάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. mid. of συσκευάζω.

συ-σπουδάζω, f. -σπουδάσω, v. n. [for συν-σπουδάζω; fr. σύν, "together"; σπουδάζω, "to make haste"] ("To make haste together" with another; hence) To co-operate zealously, etc.

συ-στρατηγός, στρατηγού, m. [for συν-στράτηγος; fr. σύν, "with"; στρατηγός, "a general"] ("One who is a general with" another; hence) A fellow-general.

συ-στρατοπεδεύομαι, v. mid. [for συν-στρατοπεδεύομαι; fr. σύν, "together"; στρατοπεδεύομαι, "to encamp"] To encamp together with another.

σφάζω (Attic σφάττω), f. σφάζω, (p. ἱσφακα), 1. aor. ἱσφαξα, v. a. To slaughter, slay, kill [akin to Sans. root KSHAD, "to carve, slaughter"].

σφάξας, ἄσα, αν, P. 1. aor. of σφάζω.

σφόδρ-α, adv. [adverbial neut. plur. of σφοδρ-ός, "excessive"] Excessively, exceedingly, very greatly or much.

σχεδία, ίας, f. A raft, float. σχολ-ᾶζω, f. -ᾶσω, p. (ἐ-σχόλ)-ᾶκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-σχόλ)-ᾶσα, v. n. [σχολ-ή, "leisure"] To be at leisure; to have leisure or spare time.

σώ-ζω, f. -σω, p. (σί-σω)-κα, 1. aor. (ἑ-σω)-σα, v. a. [σῶ-ς, "safe"] 1. Act.: a. *To make safe; to save, deliver, etc.*—b. *To keep safe, preserve.*—2. Pass.: σῶ-ζομαι, p. (σί-σω)-σμαι, 1. aor. (ἑ-σώ)-θην, 1. f. -θήσομαι, *To be saved, etc.*—3. Mid.: σῶ-ζομαι, f. -σομαι, 1. aor. (ἑ-σω)-σάμην, *To save one's self; to get to or reach a place of safety; to get off safely.*

σώθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, P. 1. aor. pass. of σῶζω.

σωθήναι, 1. aor. inf. pass. of σῶζω.

Σωκράτης, εὖς ους, m. *Socrates*; one of the five Greek generals who were treacherously seized by Tissaphernes; see δ, 31.

σῶμα, ἄτος, n. *A body.*

σῶος, α, ον, adj. *Safe, in safety.*

σωτηρ-ία, ιας, f. [σωτήρ, "a preserver"] ("The thing pertaining to a σωτήρ"; hence) *Preservation, safety.*

σωτήρ-λος, ια, ιον, adj. [ιδ.] ("Pertaining to a σωτήρ") *Giving preservation, affording safety.*

τά-δε, nom. and acc. neut. plur. of ὁ-δε.

τάλ-αντον, ἄντον, n. ("That which bears or carries"; hence, "a balance" of a pair of scales; hence) *A weight of money; a talent*, worth 243l. 15s. of English money [root ταλ, akin to Sans. root तुल, "to bear"; whence also Lat. tol-lo].

τάμι-εύομαι, f. -εύσομαι, 1. aor. (ἑ-ταμι)-ευσάμην, v. mid. [ταμί-ας, "one who cuts up" in order to dispense, etc.; hence, "a distributer"; hence, "a manager"] *To manage, regulate, control, etc.*

Ταμῶς, ὦ, m. *Tamōs*; an Egyptian, a native of Memphis, who joined Cyrus, and had the command of his fleet. Upon the death of Cyrus Tamōs fled into Egypt, where he was put to death by Psammitichus.

τάξις, ιος, Attic εως, f. [for τάγ-σις; fr. ταγ, root of τάσ-σω, "to arrange"] ("An arranging"; hence) *Of soldiers: 1. A drawing up in order; the order or disposition of an army. — 2. Order, line, rank. — 3. A post, or place, in the line of an army.*

τάπεινός, ῆ, ὄν, adj. ("Low"; hence) *Humbled, submissive.*

ταράσσω (Attic ταράττω), f. ταράξω, 1. aor. ἐτάραξα, v. a. *To disturb, agitate*, whether physically or mentally.—Pass.: ταράσσομαι (Attic ταράττομαι), p. τετάραγμα, pluperf. ἐτεταράγμην, 1. aor. ἐταράχθην, 1. f. ταράχθίσομαι [akin to Sans. root त्रास, "to tremble"; in causative force, "to cause to tremble, to frighten"].

τάσ-σω (Attic τάττω), f. τάξω, p. τέταχα, v. a. [for τάγ-σω; fr. root ταγ] 1. Act.: a. *To arrange or set in order.*—b. *Of soldiers: To draw up in line or in order of battle.*—c. *To post, station.*—d. *To order, command, etc.*—e. *To appoint.*—2. Pass.: τάσσομαι (Attic τάττομαι), p. τεταγμαι, 1. aor. ἐτάχθην, f. ταχθήσομαι [akin to Sans. root तक्ष, in force of "to prepare, form"].

τάττω; v. τάσσω.

ταῦρος, ον, m. ("The great, or strong, animal") *A bull* [akin to Sans. sthur-a or sthul-a, "great, strong"; whence sthaur-in, "a strong horse"].

1. ταῦτα, nom. and acc. neut. plur. of οὗτος.

2. ταῦτά, contr. fr. τα αὐτά; see αὐτός.

ταύτη, adv. [adverbial fem. dat. sing. of οὗτος, "this"] *In this way or respect.*

τάφ-ρος, ρου, f. *A ditch, trench* [root ταφ, found in θάπτω, "to bury"; and so, literally, "a burying thing," i.e. a place in which to put the last remains of the dead; and hence, generally, as given above. The root ταφ itself appears to be akin to Sans. root DABH, or DAMBH—whence DAMBH-AYA, "to gather"; so that θάπτω seems to have originally implied "to gather, or collect," the ashes of a corpse, after its being burnt, for the purpose of depositing them in the cinerary urn, which was laid in a place dug in the ground, and thence to have passed into the general meaning of "to bury," or deposit in the grave, i.e. "the dug place"].

τάχ-ος, εος ους, n. [ταχ-ύς, "swift"] ("A being swift"; hence) *Swiftness, speed.*

ταχύ, adv. [adverbial neut. of ταχύς, "quick"] *Quickly, very soon.*

τέ, conj. And:—τέ . . . τέ (καί), both . . . and [like Lat. que, akin to Sans. cha, "and"].

τέθνηκα, perf. ind. of θνήσκω.

τεθυμωμένος, η, ου, P. perf. pass. of θυμώω.

τεθωρακισμένος, η, ου, P. perf. pass. of θωρακίζω.

τείχ-ος, εος ους, n. *A wall* [acc. to some akin to Sans. root TAKSH, "to prepare or form," and so "the thing prepared or formed";—acc. to others, akin to Sans. root DIH, "to smear," and so "the thing smeared or plastered"].

τελευτ-άω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (τε-τελεύτ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-τελ-

εύτ)-ησα, v. n. [τελευτ-ή, "an end"; hence, "death"] *To come to one's end; to die.*

τελ-εῦτή, εντής, f. [τελ-έω, "to finish"] ("A finishing"; hence, "an ending"; hence) *End of life, death.*

τέλ-ος, εος ους, n.: 1. *An end*;—in adverbial force, *at the end, at last*; 3, 26; 4, 13.—2. ("Highest station or office"; hence) Plur.: *Magistrates*, as holding the highest station or office in a state;—at 6, 14 applied to the Spartan Ephors.

τεσσαρ-ά-κον-τα (Attic τετταρ-), num. adj. indecl. *Forty* [τέσσαρ-ες, Attic τέτταρ-ες, "four"; (α) connecting vowel; κον-τα; see πενήκοντα; literally "provided with four tens"].

τεταγμένος, η, ου, P. perf. pass. of τάσσω.

τετρωμένος, η, ου, P. perf. pass. of τιτρώσκω.

τετταράκοντα; see τεσσαράκοντα.

τέτταρ-ες (Attic τέσσαρ-), α, num. adj. plur. *Four* [akin to Sans. *chatur*; cf. Lat. *quatuor*].

Τευθρανία, ας, f. *Teuthrania*; the name of a town and district in Mysia.

τήδε, fem. dat. sing. of ὅδε.

1. τι, neuter of τίς, indefinite.

2. τί, neuter of τίς, interrogative; used adverbially, *Why?* τῖδρα, ας, f. *A tiara*, or Persian covering for the head. The tiara worn by the Persian kings was stiff and upright (see 5, 23); that used by their subjects fell on the side of the head, like a loose cap [Persian word].

Τίγρης, ητος, m. *The Tigris* or *Tigris*; a river of Asia, which derived its name from its rapid current [Persian word = "an arrow"].

τί-θη-μι, f. θήσω, p. τέθεικα, 1. aor. ἔθηκα (found only in in-

dicative mood), 2. aor. ἔθην, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To put, place, etc.*—2. Mid.: τί-θε-μαι, f. θήσομαι, 1. aor. ἰθηκάμην, 2. aor. ἐθέμην.—As milit. t.t.: With ὅπλα: a. *To stack or pile arms.*—b. *To get under arms* [lengthened and strengthened from root θε, akin to Sans. root धृ, "to put"].

τιμᾶσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of τιμάω.

τίμ-δω (-δω), f. -ήσω, p. (τε-τίμ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-τίμ)-ησα, v. a. [τίμ-η, "honour"] *To hold in honour, respect, or regard; to honour, etc.*—Pass.: τίμ-δο-μαι (-δωμαι), p. (τε-τίμ)-ημαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-τίμ)-ήθην, f. -ηθήσομαι.

τίμ-ῆ, μῆς, f. [τί-ω, "to honour"] ("That which honours"; hence) 1. *Honour, esteem, respect.*—2. *Rank, dignity.*

τίμωρ-έω (-ω), f. -ήσω, p. (τε-τίμωρ)-ηκα, v. a. [τιμωρ-ός, "avenging"] 1. Act.: *To avenge.* 2. Pass.: τίμωρ-ομαι (-οθ-μαι), p. (τε-τίμωρ)-ημαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-τίμωρ)-ήθην, -ηθήσομαι, *To be visited with punishment, to be punished.*

τιμωρηθῆναι, 1. aor. inf. pass. of τιμωρέω.

τιμωρ-ία, ἰας, f. [τιμωρ-έω, "to avenge"] *Vengeance for any thing done wrong; punishment.*

1. τις, τι (Gen. τίνος), indefinite pron.: 1. *Some, any.*—As Subst.: a. Masc.: (a) Sing.: *Some one, any one.*—(b) Plur.: *Some persons, some.*—b. Neut.: *Something; anything.*—2. *A certain person or thing; some one or other.*—3. With adjectives, to make them less precise in their meaning: *ὅποιόν τι, What kind of thing soever, whatsoever kind of thing; 2, 2.*

2. τίς, τί (Gen. τίνος), interrog. pron. *Who? what?*—for τί in adverbial force, see 2. τί.—As

Subst.: *Who? what person?—what? what thing?*—at δ, 10 with ἄλλο τι ἂν supply γένοιτο.

Τισσαφέρνης, εὐς ους (Voc. Τισσαφέρνη, δ, ὅ), m. *Tissaphernes; a Persian noble, Satrap of Caria, whom Cyrus took with him under colour of friendship, but in reality through fear of leaving him behind.* Tissaphernes soon perceived that the preparations made by Cyrus were on too large a scale for his ostensible purpose. He therefore fled to the Persian court, and gave Artaxerxes such information, as led him to raise forces to resist his brother.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω, p. τέτρωκα, v. a. *To wound.*—Pass.: τιτρώσκομαι, p. τέτρωμαι, pluperf. ἑτετρώμην, 1. aor. ἐτρώθην, f. τρωθήσομαι.

τοί, enclitic particle: 1. *Therefore, accordingly.*—2. Used in strengthening an assertion, etc.: *Indeed, in truth, etc.*

τοιάδε; see τοιάσδε. τοίγαρ-οὖν, adv. [τοίγαρ, "therefore; wherefore," etc. strengthened by οὖν, "then indeed"] *Therefore indeed; wherefore indeed.*

τοί-νυν, adv. [τοί, "therefore"; enclitic νυν, used in "strengthening force"] 1. *Therefore, accordingly.*—2. *Indeed, verily, truly.*

τοιός-δε, τοιά-δε, τοιόν-δε, adj. [τοίος, "such"; enclitic δε, used in "strengthening force"] *Of such a kind, sort, or nature.*—As Subst.: τοιάδε, n. plur.: *Such things as these:—λέγειν τοιάδε, to speak such things as these which follow, i.e. to the following effect.*

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιούτε, Gen.: τοιούτου, τοιαύτης, τοιούτου; Dat.: τοιούτῳ, τοιαύτῃ, τοιούτῳ, etc., dem. pron. *Of such*

kind, nature, or quality; such.—As Subst.: τοιαῦτα, ὧν, n. plur. *Such, or such like, things.*

τολμ-άω (-ᾶ), f. -ήσω, p. (τε-τόλμ)-ηκα, v. n. [τόλμ-α, "daring, boldness"] With Inf.: *To have the daring, boldness, or courage to do, etc.; to dare to do, etc.*

τολμήσων, οὔσα, ον, P. fut. of τολμάω.

Τολμίδης, ου, m. *Tolmides; an officer in the army of the Ten Thousand.*

τοσαῦτα, τοσούτων; see τοσούτος.

τοσός-δε, τοσή-δε, τοσόν-δε, adv. [τόσος, "so many"; δε, enclitic particle, used in "strengthening force"] 1. *So many.*—2. *So few.*

τοσούτο; see τοσούτος, no. 4.

τοσ-ούτος, αὐτή, οὗτο, adj. [a strengthened form of τόσος, "so much"] 1. *So much, so great.*—2. *Of time: So long;—at 4, 26 τοσούτον χρόνον is the Acc. of "Duration of time" [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (1).—3. Of number: a. So many.*—As Subst.: τοσαῦτα, n. plur. *So many things; 5, 15; but 5, 18 τοσαῦτα is an adj.—b. So few.*—4. *Of amount: So much:—τοσ-ούτο, neut. sing. in adverbial force: Only so much, only thus much, thus far.*

τότε, adv. *At that time, then.*

τοῦνομα = τὸ ὄνομα.

1. τοῦτω, dat. sing. masc. and neut. of οὗτος.

2. τοῦτω, nom. dual. masc. of οὗτος; 6, 30.

τράγ-ημα, ἡμέας (mostly plur.), n. [τράγ, a root of τρώω, "to eat"] ("That which is eaten"; hence, with reference to the second course at an entertainment) Plur.: *Sweet-meats, dessert.*

τράχῦς, εἶα, ὅ, adj. ("Rough"; hence) In voice: *Harsh, unpleasant, etc.*

τρεῖς, τρία (Gen. τριῶν), num. adj. plur. *Three* [akin to Sans. *tri*, "three"].

τρέπω, f. τρέψω, p. τέτροφα and τέτραφα, 2. aor. ἐτρέπον, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To turn; to divert from a course, etc.*—2. Mid.: τρέπομαι, f. τρέβομαι, 1. aor. ἐτρέψαμην, 2. aor. ἐτραπόμην, *To turn or betake one's self.*

τρι-ᾶ-κον-τα, num. adj. indecl. *Thirty* [treis, tri-ᾶν, "three"; (ā) connecting vowel; κον-τα, see πενήκοντα; literally "provided with three tens"].

τρι-ᾶ-κόσ-ιοι, ιαι, ια, num. ordinal adj. plur. *Three hundred* [treis, tri-ᾶν, "three"; (ā) connecting vowel: κόσ-ιοι is probably fr. Sans. *śat-a*, "a hundred," with Greek plur. suffix *ιοι*, etc. (cf. Sans. *pañchaśatī*, "five hundred"), and so, literally, "pertaining to or consisting of three hundreds"].

τρί-τος, τη, τον, adj. [treis, tri-ᾶν, "three"] ("Provided with three"; hence) *Third:—τῇ τρίτῃ* (supply *ἡμέρῃ*), *on the third day; 3, 25; Dat. of Time [§ 106, (5)].*

τρόπ-ος, ου, m. [for τρέπ-ος; fr. τρέπω, "to turn"] ("A turning, turn"; hence) 1. *A way, manner, mode.*—2. *Disposition, character, temper, etc.*

τυ(γ)χ-ᾶνω, f. τεύξομαι, p. τετύχηκα, 1. aor. ἐτύχησα, 2. aor. ἐτύχον, v. a. and n. irreg.: 1. Act.: With Objective Gen.: *To get, obtain, meet with, etc.*—2. Neut.: a. *To chance, or happen.*—Impersonal: ἐτύχεν, *it happened, it chanced.*—b. Fold. by part. in concord with subject of verb: *To happen to be, etc.* [root *τυχ* or *τυκ* is prob. akin to Sans. root *TAK-SH*, "to make"].

τυρός, οὐ, m. *A cheese.*

τύχειν, 2. aor. inf. of τυγχάνω.

τύχ-η, ης, f. [τυχ, root of τυγχάνω, "to chance or happen"] ("That which chances," etc.; hence) *Chance, fortune, luck*, whether good or bad.

τυχών, οὖσα, ὄν, P. 2. aor. of τυγχάνω.

τῷ (enclitic) for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς.

ὕδατος, gen. sing. of ὕδωρ.

ὕδωρ, ἄτος, n. *Water* [akin to Sans. *udan*, "water"].

ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν, ὑμᾶς, plur. of σύ.

ὕμ-έτερος, ἑτέρα, ἑτερον, pron. poss. [ὕμ-εις, "ye, you"] ("Of, or belonging to, you") *Your, yours.*

ὕπ-άγω, f. -άξω, 2. aor. -ἡγάγον, v. a. [ὕπό, "by degrees"; ἄγω, "to lead"] 1. Act.: *To lead, or lead on, by degrees, little by little*, etc. — 2. Mid.: ὕπ-άγομαι, 2. aor. -ἡγάγόμεν, ("To lead on by degrees," etc., for one's self or one's own advantage; hence) a. *To insidiously induce, try craftily to persuade.* b. *To throw out as a suggestion*, so as to lead a person on to say, etc.

ὕπ-άρχω, f. ὑπάρξω, 1. aor. ὑπῆρξα, v. n. [ὕπ-ό, without force; ἄρχω, "to begin"] 1.: a. *To begin.*—b. Fold. by part. in concord with subject of verb: *To begin doing or to do.*—2. ("To come into being"; hence) a. *To be.*—b. With Dat. of person: *To be, or belong, to one*; i.e. the Dat. being changed into the Eng. Subject: *I, etc., have:—ὕπάρχει νῦν ἡμῖν, there is now to us, i.e., we now have* [§ 104, b]; cf. Primer, § 107, c.

ὕπάρχων, οὖσα, ὄν, P. pres.

of ὑπάρχω:—τοιούτων ὑπαρχόντων, Gen. Abs. [§ 118], δ, 24; cf. Primer, § 125.

ὕπέρ, prep.: 1. With Gen.: a. *Over, above.*—b. *Beyond, above, higher up than.*—2. With Acc.: *Beyond.*—3. In composition: a. *Above.*—b. *Beyond.*—c. *Over.*—d. *For* [akin to Sans. *upar-i*, "above"].

ὕπείσχετο, 3. pers. sing. 2. aor. ind. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὕπείσχομεν, 2. aor. ind. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὕπῃγγο, 3. sing. imperf. ind. mid. of ὑπάγω.

ὕπηρετ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. -ηκα, v. n. [ὕπηρέτης, "a servant"; see ὑπηρέτης] With Dat. [§ 102, (4)]; cf. Primer, § 106, (4): *To serve, assist, aid*, etc.

ὕπ-ηρέτης, ηρέτου, m. [lengthened fr. ὑπ-ερέτης; fr. ὑπό, "under"; ἐρέτης, "a rower"] ("An under-rower"; hence) 1. *A servant, attendant.*—2. *An assistant, aider*, etc.

ὕπ-ισχ-νέομαι (-νοῦμαι), f. (ὕπο)-σχῆσμαι, p. (ὕπ)-έσχηναι, 2. aor. (ὕπ)-εσχόμεν, v. mid. irreg. [ὕπό, "under"; ισχ-ω, a collateral form of εἶχ-ω, "to have" or "hold"] ("To have or hold one's self under" an obligation, etc.; hence) *To undertake, engage, promise.*

ὕπό (before an aspirated vowel ὕφ), prep.: 1. With Gen.: a. *Under, beneath.*—b. Of the agent: *By, through.*—c. Of the feelings, etc.: *Under the influence of, by, through.*—2. With Dat.: *Under.*—3. With Acc.: *Under* [akin to Sans. *upa*, "under"].

ὕπο-ζύγ-λον, λου, n. [ὕπό, "under"; ζύγ-ον, "a yoke"] ("That which is under the yoke"; hence) *A beast of draught, or burden; a draught-animal*;—at 2, 15 ὑποζύγια, plur. takes a verb in sing. [§ 82, a].

ὑπολάβων, οὔσα, ὄν, P.
2. aor. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήσομαι,
p. (ὑπ-)εἰλῆφα, 2. aor. (ὑπ-)εἰλάβ-
ον, v. a. [ὑπό, "from under";
λαμβάνω, "to take"] ("To take
from under or below"; hence,
"to take up, take on one's back";
hence) Of persons replying: *To
take up a person; to interrupt,
break in upon, a person.*

ὑπο-μαλακίζομαι, v. pass.
[ὑπό, "gradually"; μαλακίζο-
μαι, "to be softened"] ("To be
gradually softened" by coward-
ice, etc.; hence) *To become, or
grow, timid by degrees.*

ὑπομαλακίζόμενος, η, ον,
P. pres. of ὑπομαλακίζομαι.

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. -πέμψω, 1.
aor. (ὑπ-)έ-πεμψα, v. a. [ὑπό,
"in an under-hand manner";
πέμπω, "to send"] *To send in an
underhand manner; to send in-
sidiously, or as a spy.*

ὑποπέμψαιεν, 3. pers. plur.
1. aor. opt. of ὑποπέμπω.

ὑπο-οπτέω, f. -οπτέωσω,
1. aor. -ώπτευσα, v. a. [ὑπ-ό, "be-
neath"; οπτέω, "to see"]
("To see beneath"; hence) *To
suspect, surmise, etc.*

ὑποπτεύω, οὔσα, ὄν, P.
pres. of ὑποπτεύω.

ὑπο-στρέφω, f. -οστρέψω,
1. aor. (ὑπ-)έ-στρεψα, v. n. [ὑπό,
"from under"; στρέφω, "to
turn"] ("To turn from under";
hence, "to turn short round";
hence) *To baffle, elude;—at 1, 18
without nearer Object.*

ὑποστρέψας, ἄσα, αν, P.
1. aor. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποχ-ος, ον, adj. [for ὑπεχ-
ος; fr. ὑπέχ-ω, "to hold
under"] ("Held under"; hence)
With Dat. [§ 102, (4)]; cf. Pri-
mer, § 106, (4): *Subject to, under
the controul of.*

ὑποψία, ἰας, f. [=ὑπ-οψ-σία;
fr. ὑπ-ό, "secretly"; οψ-, root of

ὀπ-τομαι, "to look at"] ("A look-
ing at secretly or askance";
hence) *Mistrust, suspicion.*

ὑπώπτειον, imperf. ind. of
ὑποπτεύω.

ὑστεραί-α, ἄς, f. [ὑστεραί-
ος, "later, next"] *The next or
following day; the morrow.*

ὑστερ-ον, adv. [adverbial
neut. sing. of ὑστερος, "later"]
("At a later time"; hence) *After-
wards;—οὐ πολλῶ ὑστερον, not
much afterwards, shortly after-
wards.*

ὑστερος, α, ον, comp. adj.:
1. Of time: *Later, after.*—2.
Of order, place, etc.: *Coming
after or later;—οἱ ὑστεροί, those
coming later, i.e. the rear, 2, 17.*

ὑφ-οράω (-ορῶ), f. irreg.
ὑπ-όψομαι, v. a. [ὑπ-ό (see ὑπ-
ο), "secretly"; οράω, "to see
or look at"] ("To look at se-
cretly or askance"; hence) *To
suspect.*

ὑφορῶν, ῶσα, ῶν, contr. P.
pres. of ὑφοράω.

ὑψ-ος, εος ους, n. [ὑψ-ι, "on
high"] *Height;—at 4, 12 ὕψος
is the Acc. of the "Measure of
Space" [§ 99]; cf. Primer,
§ 102, (2).*

φαι-δ-ρός, ρά, ρόν, adj.
("Shining, beaming"; hence)
Of the countenance: *Beaming,
or radiant, with joy, etc.* [akin
to Sans. root BHĀ, "to shine";
(δ) is epenthetic; ρός, a suffix].

φαίην, pres. opt. of φημί.
φα(ί)ν-ω, f. φανῶ, p. πέ-
φαγκα, 1. aor. ἐφηνά, v. a. (In
causative force: "To make to
appear"; hence) 1. Act.: *To
bring to light, to show, show forth,
display.*—2. Pass.: φαίνομαι,
p. πέφασμαι, 1. aor. ἐφάνθην,
2. aor. ἐφάνην, 2. f. φανήσομαι;
a. *To be seen; to appear or be
visible.*—b. *To seem, appear.*—c.

Of plots, etc.: To be brought to light, to be manifest, etc.—d. With Inf.: To appear to be, etc.—e. Fold. by part. in concord with Subject of verb: To be, etc., evidently so and so; 5, 38, etc. [root φα.ν, i.e. φα strengthened by ν; akin to Sans. root BHĀ, "to appear"].

φάλαγξ, αγγος, f.: 1. A line, or order of battle; battle-array.—2. A phalanx, a compact body of Greek infantry.—3. A camp.

Φαλύνος, ου, m. Phalynus; a Greek herald sent by Tisaphernes to the Greek forces; after 1, 7.

φαν-ερός, ερά, ερόν, adj. [φαν, root of φα(ί)ν-ω, "to show"] ("That which is shown"; hence) 1. Clear, visible, manifest.—2. With εἰμί, etc., and part. in concord with Subject of verb=φαίνομαι, with part.; see φαίνομαι, no. 2, e: To be, etc., evidently so and so:—στεργων φανερός ἦν οὐδένα, (he was evidently loving no one, i.e.) he evidently loved no one, or it was evident that he loved no one. This mode of construction with φανερός, δῆλος, etc., was used by the Greeks instead of the impersonal construction.

φέρ-ω, f. οἶσω, p. ἐνήνοχα, 1. aor. ἤνεγκα, v. a. irreg.: 1. To bear, carry, convey.—2. To bear or endure:—βαρέως φέρειν (like the Lat. graviter ferre), To bear impatiently, to be deeply vexed at.—3. To carry off or away:—φέρειν καὶ ἀγειν; see ἀγω [in pres. and imperf., akin to Sans. root BHRI, "to bear, carry," etc.; the other parts of the verb are to be assigned respectively to the bases οι-ω and ἐνέκ-ω or ἐνέγκ-ω].

φ(ε)ύγ-ω, f. φεύξομαι, 2. aor. ἔφυγον, 2. perf. πέφ(ε)υγα, v. n. To flee, take to flight [akin to Sans. root BHUJ, "to bend": Pass. in reflexive force, "to in-

cline or bend one's self"; cf. Lat. fug-to; Eng. budge].

φεύγων, ονσα, ον, P. pres. of φεύγω.

φη-μι, f. -σω, 1. aor. (ἐ-φη)-σα, 2. aor. (ἐ-φη)-ν, v. a. and n. To say [root φη or φα, akin to Sans. root BHĀSH, "to speak, to speak to"].

φησ(ι)ν, 3. pers. sing. pres. ind. of φημί.

φθᾶ-νω, f. -σω (and φθῆ-σμαι), 1. aor. (ἐ-φθᾶ)-σα, v. a. To anticipate, be beforehand with;—at 5, 5 with ellipse of nearer Object.

φθάσαι, 1. aor. inf. of φθάνω.

1. φίλ-ια, ιας, f. [φίλ-ος, "a friend"] ("The quality of the φίλος"; hence) Friendship, amity.

2. φίλ-ια, ας; see φίλος.

φίλικ-ῶς, adv. [φίλικ-ος, "friendly"] ("After the manner of the φιλικός"; hence) In a friendly way, kindly.

φίλ-λος, ια, ιον, adj. [φίλ-ος, "a friend"] ("Of, or belonging to, a φίλος"; hence) 1. With Dat. [§ 102, (3)]; cf. Primer, § 106, (3): a. Friendly to, kindly disposed towards.—b. Favourable to, entertaining friendly sentiments towards.—2. Friendly as opposed to "hostile."—As Subst.: φίλ-ια, ας, f. A friendly country; 3, 27.

φίλ-ο-κίνδυν-ος, ον, adj. [φιλ-έω, "to love"; (ο) connecting vowel; κίνδυν-ος, "danger"] Loving, or fond of, danger.

φίλ-ο-πόλεμ-ος, ον, adj. [φιλ-έω, "to love"; (ο) connecting vowel; πόλεμ-ος, "war"] Loving, or fond of, war.

1. φίλ-ος, η, ον, adj. [φιλ-έω, "to love"] ("Beloved"; hence) On friendly terms, dear, etc.—As Subst.: φίλος, ου, m. One who loves or is loved; a friend.

2. φίλος, ον; see 1. φίλος.

φιλ-δ-σοφ-ος, ου, m. [φιλ-
τω, "to love"; (ο) connecting
vowel; σοφ-ος, "wise"] ("One
who loves to be wise"; hence)
A lover of wisdom, a philosopher.

φιλοφρον-έομαι (-οῦμαι),
f. -ήσομαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-φιλοφρον-)
ησάμην, v. mid. [φιλόφρων,
φιλόφρον-ος, "friendly minded"]
To be friendly minded or disposed.

φιλοφρονούμενος, η, ου,
contr. P. pres. of φιλοφρονέομαι.

φοβ-ερός, ερά, ερόν, adj.
[φόβ-ος, "fear"] ("Pertaining
to φόβ-ος"; hence) *Causing fear,
formidable, to be dreaded*;—at δ,
9 φοβερώτατος is predicated of
ἐρημία, an inanimate subject,
and is put in neut. gender. This
difference of gender, however,
never takes place in attributive
construction. 1537 (Comp. :
φοβερ-ώτερος); Sup. : φοβερ-
ωτάτος.

φοβερωτάτος, η, ου; see
φοβερός.

φοβ-έω (-ὤ), f. -ήσω, 1. aor.
(ἐφόβ-ησα, v. a. [φόβ-ος,
"fear," "fright"] 1. Act. : *To
frighten, terrify*.—2. Pass. : φοβ-
έομαι (-οῦμαι), p. (πε-φόβ-)
ημαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-φοβ-ήθην, f.
-ηθήσομαι, *To be terrified, etc.*—
3. Mid. φοβ-έομαι (-οῦμαι),
f. -ήσομαι, 1. aor. (ἐ-φοβ-ησάμην,
To fear for one's self, to fear.

φοβηθείς, είσα, έν, P. 1. aor.
pass. of φοβέω;—at δ, 5 with
Acc.

φόβ-ος, ου, m. *Fear, fright,
terror, etc.* [either for φέβ-ος; fr.
φέβ-ομαι, "to flee affrighted";—
or, like φέβομαι, to be considered
immediately akin to Sans. *dhāp-
aya*, "to terrify," a causative of
the root BHÍ, "to fear"].

φοβούμενος, η, ου, P. pres.
mid. contr. of φοβέω.

φοῖνιξ, ίκος, m. *A palm-tree,
palm.*

φράζω, f. φράσω, p. πέφρακα,

1. aor. ἐφράσα, 2. aor. πέφραδον,
v. a. : 1. *To speak, tell, declare,
intimate*.—2. With accessory
notion of ordering: *To enjoin,
etc.* [for φράδ-σω, fr. root φραδ,
akin probably to Sans. root
VAD, "to speak"].

φρον-έω (-ὤ), f. -ήσω, p.
(πε-φρόν-ηκα, v. n. and a. [for
φρεν-έω, fr. φρήν, φρεν-ός,
"mind"] 1. Neut. : ("To have
mind"; hence) *To possess under-
standing*.—2. Act. : ("To have
mind about"; hence) With Acc.
of thing: *To think of, devise,
understand, etc.*

φρον-ίμος, ιμον, adj. [φρον-
έω, "to understand"] *Under-
standing, thoughtful, discreet, pru-
dent.*

φροντίζω, f. φροντίσω, At-
tic φροντίω, p. πεφρόντικα, 1. aor.
ἐφρόντισα, v. a. and n. [for
φροντίδ-σω; fr. φροντίς, φροντίδ-
ος, "thought"] 1. Act. : With
Acc. of thing : ("To take thought
of or think about"; hence) *To
devise, contrive, etc.*—2. Neut. :
("To have thought"; hence)
To be thoughtful or anxious.

φύγ-άς, άδος, m. [φύγ, root
of φεύγω, "to flee"; "to flee from
one's country, to be an exile"]
*One who flees from his country, an
exile or banished person.*

φύγών, οῦσα, όν, P. 2. aor. of
φεύγω.

φύγωσι(ν), 3. pers. plur.
2. aor. subj. of φεύγω.

φύλακ-ή, ης, f. [φυλακ,
root of φυλάσσω, "to guard"]
1. *A guarding*.—2. *A watch or
guard of soldiers, etc.*

φύλάξω, fut. inf. of φυλάσ-
σω.

φύλάσσω (Attic φυλάτ-
τω), f. φυλάξω, p. πεφύλαχα,
1. aor. ἐφύλαξα, v. n. and a. : 1.
Neut. : *To guard or watch; to
keep guard or watch*.—2. Act. :
With cognate Acc. : *To watch* :—

φυλακὰς φυλάττειν, (*to watch watches, i.e. to keep watch, go on guard, etc.*)—Mid.: φυλάσσομαι (Attic φυλάττομαι), f. φυλάσσομαι, 1. aor. ἐφυλάξαμην: a. *To guard one's self, to be on one's guard, to take heed or care, to be cautious, etc.; so, only in participles.*—b. With Acc.: *To be on one's guard against.*

φύλαττόμενος, η, ον, P. pres. mid. of φυλάττω.

φύλάττω, φύλάττομαι; see φύλασσω.

Φύσκος, ου, m. *The Phryscus (now A'dhem); a river of Asia Minor.*

φωνή, ἡς, f. *The voice [probably fr. same root as φημί; see φημί].*

χαλεπός, ἡ, όν, adj.: 1. *Hard in character or disposition; harsh, severe*—τὸ χαλεπόν, *hardness of character, severity or harshness, etc.; see article ό.*—2. *Hard, difficult.*

χαρίζομαι, f. χαρίζομαι (late χαρίσσομαι), 1. aor. ἐχαρίσαμην, p. pass. in mid. force κεχαρίσμαι, v. mid. [for χαρίτσομαι; fr. χάρις, χάρις-ος, "a favour"] ("To show favour" to a person about something; hence) 1. With Acc. of thing and Dat. of person: *To give something freely to; to make one a present of.*—b. With Dat. of person and ὅτι with dependent clause: *To grant, or concede, to one that, etc., or to, etc.; to grant to one as a favour that, etc.*

χάρις, ἴτος (Acc. χάριτα and χάριν), f. [χαρ, root of χα(ί)ρ-ω, "to rejoice"] ("A rejoicing"; hence, "favour, kindness"; hence) *A sense of favour received; gratitude, thanks*—χάριν ἔχειν τινί, (*to have gratitude to one, i.e. to feel grateful or thank-*

ful to one, to entertain feelings of gratitude towards one.

χείρ, χειρός, f. *The hand [akin to Sans. root HRI, "to convey";—and so, literally, "the conveyer"].*

Χεῖρ-ι-σοφ-ός, ου, m. [χείρ, "hand"; (ι) connecting vowel; σοφ-ός, "clever, skilful"; "He that is skilful with his hand"] *Chetrisophus; one of the generals of the army of Cyrus.*

Χερρό-δ-νησος, νήσου, f. [χερρό-ος, "dry land," as opposed to water; (ο) connecting vowel; νήσος, "an island"] ("Dry-land-island"; hence) *A peninsula, especially (as at 6, 2) that of Thrace; the Thracian Chersonese.*

χερσί(ν), dat. plur. of χείρ. χόρτος, ου, m. ("The green thing"; hence) *Grass, provender for animals [akin to Sans. harit, "green"].*

χρᾶομαι (χρῶμαι), f. χρήσομαι, 1. aor. ἐχρησάμην, p. pass. in mid. force κέχρημαι, v. mid.: With Dat.: a. *To use, make use of, employ*—at 1, 14 supply αὐτοῖς after χρῆσθαι: in the same passage ἄλλο τι is the acc. of "Respect."—b. ("To use or employ one as," i.e.) *To prove, or find, a person or thing to be something.*

χρή, f. χρήσει, impers. verb [perhaps for χρᾶ; fr. χράω, "to deliver an oracle"] ("It," or "a deity, delivers an oracle"; hence) 1. *It is fated or necessary.*—2. With follg. Inf.: *It is meet, fit, right, expedient.*

χρήζω, f. χρήσω, v. n. [probably for χρεῖ-ζω; fr. χρεῖ-α, "need"] With Inf.: *To need, want, desire.*

χρή-μα, μᾶτος, n. [root χρη = χρα in κρά-ομαι, "to use"] ("That which is used"; hence)

Plur.: *Goods, effects, property, money, etc.*

χρῆναι, pres. inf. of *χρή*.

χρησάμενος, η, ον, P. 1. aor. of *χράομαι*.

χρήσθαι, pres. inf. of *χράομαι*.

χρήσιμος, ἴμη, ἴμον, adj. [*χρήσις*, "a using"] ("Of, or belonging to, *χρήσις*"; hence) *Useful, serviceable*;—at 5, 23 with Acc. of Respect [§ 98]; cf. Primer, § 100.

χρόνος, ον, m. *Time*;—at 4, 26 ὅσον χρόνον is the Acc. of "Duration of time" [§ 99]; cf. Primer, § 102, (1); so, πολλὸν χρόνον, *for a long time*; 5, 42.

χρώμενος, η, ον, contr. P. pres. of *χράομαι*.

χώρα, ας, f.: 1. *A place*.—2. *A land, country, etc.*

χωρ-έω (-ῶ), f. -ήσω, p. (κ-χωρ)-ηκα, 1. aor. (ἐ-χωρ)-ησα, v. n. [*χωρ-ος*, "a place"] ("To go to a place"; hence) *To advance, proceed*.

χωρ-ῖον, ῖον, n. (dim. only in form) *A place, spot*.

ψευδ-ής, ἐς, adj. [*ψεύδ-ομαι*, "to lie, to speak falsely"] Of things: *False, untrue*.—Subst.: *ψευδῆ*, ὧν, n. plur. *Falsehoods, untruths, lies*.

ψεύδω, f. ψεύσω, 1. aor. ἐψευσα, v. a.: 1. Act.: *To deceive*.—2. Pass.: *ψεύδομαι*, p. ἐψεύσμαι, 1. aor. ἐψεύσθην, f. ψευσθήσομαι, *To be deceived*;—at 2, 18 with Acc. of "Respect."—3. Mid.: *ψεύδομαι*, f. ψεύσομαι, 1. aor. ἐψεύσάμην: a. *To lie; to report or speak falsely*.—b. *To speak falsely about or concerning, to report falsely*.

ὦ, interj. *O!*

ὧς, adv. *In the way, so, thus, in the following manner*.

ὤκειτο, 3. pers. sing. imperf. ind. pass. of *οἰκέω*.

ὤκοδομημένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of *οἰκοδομέω*.

ὠμνῦτε, 2. pers. plur. imperf. ind. of *ὠμνῦμι*.

ὠμολογουν, imperf. ind. of *ὠμολογέω*.

ὠμός, ή, ὄν, adj. ("Raw, bloody"; hence) *Cruel, savage*.

ὠμοσα, 1. aor. ind. of *ὠμνῦμι*.

ὦν, οὔσα, ὄν, P. pres. of *εἰμί*.

ὠνέομαι (-οὔμαι), f. ὠνήσομαι, p. ὠνήμαι, v. mid. *To buy, purchase*.

ὠνούμενος, η, ον, contr. P. pres. of *ὠνέομαι*.

ὠόμην, imperf. ind. of *οἶομαι*.

ὠπις, ἰδος, f. *Ops*; a city on the banks of the Tigris.

ὠπισθοφυλάκουν, imperf. ind. of *ὠπισθοφυλάκεω*.

ὠπλισμένος, η, ον, P. perf. pass. of *ὠπλίζω*.

ὦρ-α, ας, f. *A season, usual time*.

ὦρ-αῖος, αῖα, αῖον, adj. [*ὦρ-α*, "a time, season"] ("Of, or belonging to, *ὦρα*"; hence)

Of persons: *In the prime (season) of life; young, youthful*.

1. ὥς, adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.: a. *As, like as, just as*.—b.

As if, like as if.—c. *In what way, or manner; how*.—d. With

Participles other than the future, to give the reason of the principal verb: *As, as if, by reason of*.

—e. With Part. fut., to mark a purpose or intention: *As if with the intention of doing, etc.*:—ὥς

πολεμήσοντες, *as if with the intention of waging war*; 3, 21.—

f. With Superl. words, to denote "the highest possible" degree:—

ὥς μάλιστα, (*as most, i.e.*) *as much as possible, in the highest possible degree*; see also *πλεῖστον*.

—g. With numerals: *About, much about*.—2. Conj.: a. *That*;

—with ind. or with opt. in oblique narrative, to denote a fact ; with inf. to denote, to indicate a result, consequence, or effect.—*b. So that.*—*c. That, in order that, to the end that.*

2. ὥς, demonstr. adv. *So, thus.*

3. ὥς, prep. gov. acc., which, in good authors, is that of a person, or of a thing personified : *To.*

ὥςθ' ; see ὥστε.

ὥς-περ, adv. [ὥς, "as"; περ,

enclitic particle, "indeed"] *As indeed, even as, just as.*

ὥς-τε (before an aspirated vowel ὥςθ'), adv. and conj.: 1. Adv.: *So as.*—2. Conj.: *So that*: a. With Indic. to represent a fact.—b. With Inf. to mark a result or effect.

ὥτινι, dat. sing. of ὅστις.

ὥφελον, 2. aor. ind. of ὀφείλω.

ὥχόμεν, imperf. ind. of οἴχομαι.

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